"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day and Sunday; brisk west winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 13.

VOL. LXII...NO. 20,174. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1913.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, Elsewhere TWO CENTS

HANDSHAKE ENDS BRYAN-CLARK FEUD

Friends Bring Secretary and Speaker Together at Luncheon —They Exchange Greetings.

BOTH ISSUE STATEMENTS

Clark Accepts Bryan's Explanation, but Says Nobody Can Correct "Injustice" Done at Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—William J. Bryan and Champ Clark made up to-day. The feud between these former friends ended in a handshake at a luncheon especially arranged to bring them together. Both Secretary Bryan and Speaker Clark gave out formal statements in which each promised to co-operate for the good of the country and the Democratic party.

The Bryan-Clark feud has existed since the National Convention at Baltimore last Summer, when Bryan deserted the Clark forces and declared for the nomination of Wilson on the ground that Clark's candidacy was supported by Murphy, Ryan, and Belmont, who were denounced by Col. Bryan as representing "the interests." Speaker Clark took his defeat to heart, and blamed Col. Bryan for it, asserting the charge was unjust that his candidatcy was tied up with the reactionary element.

Ira E. Bennett, editor of The Washington Post, was the host to-day at the luncheon arranged to bring the two men together. It was largely through the efforts of ex-Congressman Theodore A. Bell, who headed the California delegation to Baltimore, and Mr. Bennett, that Bryan and Clark buried the hatchet.

Besides Messrs. Bennett, Bell, Clark, and Bryan, there were present Vice President Marshall, Secretary Lane, Senators Kern and O'Gorman, Representative Crisp of Georgia, Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to the President; John E. Osborne, First Assistant Secretary of State; Dudley Field Malone, Third Assistant Secretary of State; Thomas F. Logan of Washington, and L. L. James of Alaska.

Agreed in Advance to Meet.

Both Col. Bryan and Speaker Clark consented to attend the function, knowing its purpose. Mr. Bryan was late in arriving, accompanied by Mr. Osborne.

The Secretary shook hands cordially with those nearest him, when he entered the ante-room where the guests had assembled. The eyes of all were on him as he approached Clark.

The Speaker and the Secretary extended their hands simultaneously.

"How are you, Mr. Speaker?" and "how do you do, Mr. Secretary?" or something like that were the greetings exchanged. There was nothing to indicate that either man was embarrassed. A few seconds later Mr. Bennett led the way to the dining room. The Vice President sat at Mr. Bennett's right and the Speaker at his left. Mr. Bryan sat next to the Vice President.

Those in charge of the affair said that Speaker Clark and Secretary Bryan exchanged jokes and had a good time.

Both Give Out Statements.

Secretary Bryan had prepared a short statement in explanation of the Baltimore incident, in wnich he said kind things of the Speaker. While the text gives the contrary expression, it is understood that it was written before the luncheon. The statement was submitted to Mr. Clark, who prepared a response, with the understanding that both should be made public. Here is Secretary Bryan's statement:

> My meeting with Mr. Clark has served to clear up a misunderstanding as to my exact position toward him at the Baltimore Convention. I have tried to make it clear to Mr. Clark that I have always regarded and do now regard him as a good, clean, progressive Democrat.
>
> If my language at Baltimore created any impression that I was charging Mr. Clark with being in sympathy with any of the reactionary forces, I am glad of the opportunity to correct any such misconstruction of my words or acts, for I did not intend to reflect upon either the personal or political integrity of the Speaker. It is my earnest wish that there may be cordial co-operation between the State Department and the Speaker in carrying out the policies of the Administration.

In his response Speaker Clark said:

> It is beyond the power of Col. Bryan or any one else to correct the injustice that was done to me at Baltimore. The loss of the Presidential nomination was a small thing as compared to the injury done to my reputation in the eyes of the world. But now that Col. Bryan in his public statement has done what he can to remove the injurious impressions that were created by his Baltimore speeches, I feel that we can all the better co-operate for the good of the Administration.
>
> I can only repeat, what I have publicly declared time and time again, that all personal or selfish considerations must give way to the duty that all Democrats owe to our party and to our country.

Bell First Broke the Ice.

To-day's reconciliation meeting was an immediate result of an effort of ex-Representative Bell to renew friendly relations with Secretary Bryan. Mr. Bell had been a close personal and political friend of Bryan and Clark. At the Denver Convention of 1908 he was elected temporary Chairman at the request of Bryan. At Baltimore, Bell, like Bryan, was under instructions from the voters of his State to support Clark's candidacy. When Bryan deserted Clark and announced from the platform that he would cast his vote for Wilson Bell refused to follow him and stood by Clark until the last. Since then Bell and Bryan have had no communication with each other, the latter having asserted that Bell was a tool of "the interests."

Mr. Bell came here last week to ask Bryan about the basis of his accusation. On Monday he went to the State Department and saw the Secretary, and by mistake walked into his private office and found himself face to face with the man with whom he had quarreled.

Both men were astonished and embarrassed at the sudden meeting, but Mr. Bell lost no time in explaining that he had come there to have it out. Secretary Bryan admitted that he had based his suspicion of Mr. Bell's connection with "the interests" on a letter he had written in which he had spoken highly of Judson Harmon of Ohio in connection with his candidacy for the Presidential nomination. Mr. Bell said he had written the letter, and asserted that the Secretary was mistaken in thinking that the Governor was a tool of the Money Trust.

As a result of an hour's conversation Bryan and Bell parted friends, Col. Bryan acknowledging that he had done his former friend an injustice.

It was not part of the purpose of Mr. Bennett and Mr. Bell that Bryan and Clark should be brought together for a conference to-day. That is left for the future.

SAFE DIPHTHERIA SERUM.

Behring Mixes Toxin with Anti-toxin for Better Cure.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, April 18.—Prof. Behring gave an account to-day before the Medical Congress in Wiesbaden of a new antidote to diphtheria, which consists of a mixture of diphtheria toxin with anti-toxin. In contrast to the old Behring serum, the new mixture is said to be completely harmless. It also is more lasting in effect.

The professor said he was ready to supply hospitals with his new serum, but he was anxious that accurate observations be made of the effects. He added that if the hospital experiments should be as successful as the first tests it would be possible to protect many persons from infection in times of diphtheria epidemic.

A doctor of Marburg University said to-day he had inoculated a child with the serum, and then had transferred the serum to another person, which was the first case wherein immunity against infection had been obtained by means of human serum.

ANOTHER CULEBRA SLIDE.

Sluicing Will Now Be Resorted to at Top of Gold Hill.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, April 18.—Another big slide caused damage in the Culebra Cut this morning. The engineers are now preparing to use three hydraulic monitors in the cut as a final effort to repair the damage. Sluicing operations will be undertaken on top of Gold Hill to force back the earth and relieve the pressure at the top.

The plans provide for moving 2,000,000 cubic yards of earth in May. Water will be supplied by damming the Ovesto River, which drains four miles of watershed. Two hundred men have been put to work. It is expected that the sluicing will start in June.

POLK VERSUS CHURCHILL.

Collectorship Fight Seems to Have Narrowed Down to Two.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The selection of a Collector of Customs for the Port of New York still hangs fire on account of the attitude of Senator O'Gorman, who has asked President Wilson to choose any one of six New Yorkers named by Mr. O'Gorman, and that of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, who is urging the President to appoint Frank Lyon Polk.

The field seems to have narrowed down to Mr. Polk and Thomas W. Churchill, President of the Board of Education of New York City, whose name is on Senator O'Gorman's list. It was said to-day that the indications were that President Wilson would make a very thorough inquiry into the qualifications of the men named by Senator O'Gorman before making up his mind what to do. It is believed that this means that the President is balancing the comparative merits of Mr. Churchill and Mr. Polk.

MRS. VAN VALKENBURG SUES

She Now Charges Desertion in Formal Action for Divorce.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, April 18.—Mrs. Nevada Van Valkenburg of New York to-day filed formal suit for divorce against Philip Van Valkenburg, alleging desertion. The papers were recorded at Putnam, and the action will come up in the Superior Court there in June.

Mrs. Van Valkenburg made her home in Pomfret, Conn., for several months, but is now in Paris. Her Attorneys, Brooks & Brooks, say she will return in time for the court proceeding.

Several weeks ago Mrs. Van Valkenburg filed suit, alleging a statutory offense, and retaining other counsel. She has changed counsel and withdrawn her former suit. She says her husband deserted her at the St. Regis Hotel, New York, in 1910.

Mrs. Van Valkenburg has been married three times. Her first husband, Lee Agnew, an inventor, was divorced by her. Her second husband, William Hayes Chapman, died in 1908. Then she married Mr. Van Valkenburg, who was 73 years old.

TAKES SUITOR FOR STRIKER.

Spreckels Captures Man at His Back Door in Yonkers.

Special to The New York Times.

YONKERS, N. Y., April 18.—When Louis Spreckels, Superintendent of the Federal Sugar Refinery, looked through the back window of his home at 16 Phillips Place to-night he saw a stranger pacing up and down. There being a strike of laborers at the refinery, Mrs. Spreckels became nervous and Mr. Spreckels went out to investigate. With pistol in hand he ordered the man to follow him, and while he held him a prisoner on the porch, Mrs. Spreckels called Police Headquarters on the telephone.

The automobile patrol was rushed to the house. Chief Wolff heard that the strikers were bombarding Mr. Spreckels's home, and, hailing a passing automobile, he, too, sped up to Phillips Place.

The Superintendent's prisoner said his name was Adolph Schmitz of 64 Jackson Street, and that he was looking for his sweetheart. It was the first time he ever had gone to call on her, and he said he thought he had followed her directions carefully. When he gave Chief Wolff the girl's name and address the Chief found out that he was telling the truth, but that he should have gone to Shonnard Terrace and not to Phillips Place. The Chief had a talk with the girl, and she corroborated Schmitz's story. Schmitz therefore was not arrested.

MAILED CANDY POISONS SIX.

Sent to Postmaster, Who, with Daughter, Is Critically Ill.

Special to The New York Times.

YORK, Penn., April 18.—Six persons were poisoned by candy received to-day by mail by Postmaster F. M. Altland of Dillsburg. The Postmaster and his daughter, Catharine, are in a critical condition, while two Rural Free Delivery carriers, Bailey Sphor and Robert Smith, and two schoolchildren, Helen Spohr and Maud Klugh, are seriously ill.

The candy was mailed in Harrisburg by some one supposed to be an enemy of Altland.

TOKIO OUTBURSTS HALT LAND BILLS

California Legislators, Impressed by Violent Protests, Hope to Get Wilson's Advice.

HE WON'T INTERFERE YET

Count Okuma Says Christianity Alone Can Avert Trouble—Tokio to Ask Naturalization Rights.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., April 18.—Impressed by the violence of the popular agitation in Japan against the proposed anti-alien land legislation by this State, the leaders of the Senate to-day caused further action on the pending measures to be deferred until next week. Moreover, it was said to-day, some word is expected from Washington regarding the protest of the Japanese Government against possible infringement of the treaty rights of Japanese citizens in this State.

Reports of the strong feeling in Tokio caused much comment in the legislative chambers to-day, and the inquiries as to the effect of the proposed bills upon other alien interests in California led to the belief that President Wilson might find it expedient to state his views or suggest some course that would relieve the situation.

"If the position taken by the Japanese is what cable dispatches say," said one of the Senate leaders, "it seems inevitable that some word must come from Washington soon, without waiting for the passage of a particular bill by the Legislature."

A poll of the Senate to-day showed an overwhelming majority in favor of some anti-alien bill, but only a handful of Senators indicated a wish to include in its provisions foreigners or foreign corporations controlled by persons eligible to citizenship. The campaign in behalf of European investments in the State, it was stated, was being reflected in the change of opinion in this regard.

According to Senator Thompson, who tute in the Senate, the only bill acceptadrafted the original committee substible to the Japanese would be one placing all aliens on a par. A poll of the House shows that such a law could not be passed in that body.

In case no word comes from Washington it is thought certain here that a bill directed almost solely against the Japanese will be passed, with clauses exempting all European corporations. Only seven members of the Senate have declared themselves against such a bill.

Senators Birdsall and Thompson, Administration leaders and co-authors of the amended Senate bill, admitted that they regarded the situation as serious, while Senator Sanford, Democrat, called the Japanese agitation "just the usual bluff."

There was a brisk exchange of remarks in the Senate to-day when this message, addressed to Lieut. Gov. Wallace, was received from Tokio:

> Methodist missionaries urge defeat anti-Japanese legislation. Situation serious. (Signed) HARRIS.

Senator Thompson moved the message be printed in the journal, but Senator Sanford protested, saying:

"I move that this Senate send a message to Mr. Harris telling him to attend to his own business. California can attend to hers without advice from Japan or elsewhere."

Senator Thompson replied:

"There is but one man on this floor who would demean himself by making such a motion."

Eventually Sanford withdrew his motion and the message was ordered printed.

Scores of telegrams, presenting arguments for and against the bills, were received to-day. Many Chambers of Commerce throughout the State have wired objections to the bills.

On the other hand, letters received from the farmers in the districts, where the Japanese have settled, say that the clauses, permitting leases to run four or five years, make the bills worthless. They ask for a one-year lease provision.

JAPAN TO ENACT LAND LAW.

Hopes Thurs to Force United States to Permit Naturalization.

TOKIO, April 18.—While the Japanese Government regards the present anti-Japanese movement in California as dangerous, it is at the same time in an anomalous position, owing to the unwillingness of the Federal Government at Washington to intervene and the impossibility of introducing counter-measures here.

Should the California Legislature pass the anti-alien bill Japan will issue an imperial ordinance, enforcing the Japanese Foreign Land Ownership bill of 1910, and will apply to the Government at Washington for permission for the Japanese to become naturalized citizens of the United States.

This bill permits foreigners to own land in Japan under certain restrictions, chief among which is that the countries from which the foreigners come grant a similar privilege to Japanese subjects.

During the mass meeting of protest, held here last night, Deputy Matsumura urged the dispatch of a Japanese fleet to California as a first step toward establishing Japan on an equal footing in the United States.

M. Miyake, an editor of the Japan Times, said that Japan deprecated the constant visits here of American peace apostles, when their own country was in urgent need of the principles of justice and humanity.

Other orators insisted that the questions between Japan and America should be settled now once and for all. Otherwise their constant recurrence would lead at last to the arbitrament of war.

During the gathering the singing of war songs aroused the feelings of members of the lower classes who were present.

Anonymous writers in the newspapers outline plans for the seizure of the Philippines and Hawaii, and, at the same time denounce the Japanese Government's submissive attitude. It is said that the changed conditions in Japan make it impossible for the Government to restrain the newspapers and the lower classes.

On the other hand, Government circles are showing a friendly spirit. Hamilton Wright Mable of New York, Dr. Peabody, and John L. Mott, Secretary of the International Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, were guests to-day at a luncheon given by Baron Noboaki Makino, the Foreign Minister, at which some of the most prominent Japanese and Americans were present. A cordial feeling prevailed.

After the luncheon Messrs. Mable, Peabody, and Mott and several representative Japanese Christians and Americans met at the residence of Count Okuma, former Premier. Count Okuma in a speech said that diplomacy, the

Continued on Page 2.

A Cause of Cancer Found At Last
One of the most important stories of medical discovery that has been told for many a day. Be sure to read it IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES.

STIR UP WAR TALK TO MAKE BUSINESS

Socialist Says German Contractors Aid French in Anti-German Scares.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, April 18.—Amazing allegations in regard to the underlying cause of anti-German agitations in France were made at the close of to-night's session of the Reichstag, when the Socialist leader Liebknecht delivered a strong indictment of the methods of German armor-plate manufacturers and agents.

"I am not merely making assertions; I hold proofs," he declared.

The Socialist journal Vorwärts had already exposed a secret ring among private navy contractors for preventing free competition and dividing profits.

Herr Liebknecht asserted that not only did the Deutsche Munitions- und Waffenfabrik of Berlin employ emissaries to provide the French Chauvinist press with material for agitation against Germany and thus provoke international discord, but the Krupps also employed secret agents to corrupt German officers and officials of the Prussian War Office in order to obtain early information of forthcoming contracts and also an insight into the offers of competing firms.

Herr Liebknecht went so far as to name the French papers which had been provided with anti-German material by the agents of the Munitionsfabrik, and added that the whole matter had been communicated by him to the War Minister (Gen. von Hoeringen) some time ago; also that, as a result of his information, prominent persons in Essen (the seat of the Krupp works) had been arrested and that inquiries had proved his information to be correct.

When the War Minister rose to reply the House was absolutely still. He said he regretted that Herr Liebknecht had mentioned the Essen affair before the inquiry had been closed. He thought that the whole affair had been exaggerated. It was true that one of the Krupp officials had succeeded in bribing Sergeants and others to disclose certain information, which was not, however, what was technically described as military secrets. He could not say how far the Krupp firm itself had been concerned in the action of its official. He begged the house to reserve judgment until the inquiry had been concluded. He denied the charge that the War Ministry favored private firms and reduced the work in Government factories. In peace times enough work could not be given private firms to maintain them, so they were obliged to seek foreign orders. Nevertheless, in war time Germany would be unable to dispense with them.

As for the accusations of stirring up strife, it would be as just to accuse the German firms of provoking the Balkan war. (Loud shouts and tumult on the Left made the Minister's words inaudible.)

It is probable that Herr Liebknecht will be invited by the Munitions-Fabrik to repeat his charges outside the precincts of the Reichstag; but it is obvious that they will cause furious discussion for many days. It is stated that Herr Liebknecht's accusation against the Munitions-Fabrik amounts to a charge of high treason.

BIG TRAFFIC IN BABIES.

Chicago Doctors Tell of Demand for Hospital Waifs.

CHICAGO, April 18.—The State Legislative Committee, which is investigating charity institutions and maternity homes, turned its attention to graft among doctors and the traffic in babies, and has brought about some amazing disclosures.

Dr. F. W. Briney, head of a sanitarium and Superintendent of a Sunday school, startled the legislators today with an assertion that the demand for "orphan babies" was three times as great as the supply.

"We have a yearly contract for advertising in two Chicago papers, in which we offer babies for adoption," he said, "but the real purpose of these advertisements is to solicit the patronage of expectant mothers. We make contracts with friendless patients before their babies are born. They work for us as nurses and their babies are fed on artificial food."

Dr. Charles S. Wood, head of another maternity institution, submitted a form of contract, by which friendless mothers signed away all right to their children. It also was shown that doctors were paid for recommending maternity institutions.

ONE JAILED AT A TIME.

Court Sentences Guilty Partners Successively to Save Business.

So that imprisonment for the undervaluation of imports should not ruin a business, Judge Mayer sentenced two partners to serve terms of imprisonment in the Minneola, L. I., jail successively. The defendants were John B. Dewsnap and Constantine M. Zeppos, olive oil importers of 3 Cedar Street. They pleaded guilty yesterday to a series of undervaluations between 1904 and 1907, amounting to $15,000.

As they had settled the Government's claim by the payment of $6,000, Judge Mayer sent Dewsnap to jail for fifteen days first, and ordered that Zeppos should serve a like term as soon as his partner was released.

MISS DODGE FLED TO ESCAPE SUITOR

Said She Was an American and Wouldn't Wed Briton Her Mother Favored.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, April 18.—Miss Lucy Dodge, daughter of Mrs. Lionel Guest, who disappeared in this city in the week before last and was found by the police, sailed from England last Wednesday in the steamship Oceanic, it became known to-day, with her aunt, Miss Bigelow, daughter of John Bigelow, formerly Minister to France from the United States. Miss Dodge is on her way to take up a residence in New York in the old Bigelow home, 21 Gramercy Park.

When the girl disappeared her family, although it notified Scotland Yard, was not worried about her safety. It was explained that she left home with the idea of making her own way in the world. Detectives traced her to a boarding house in Shaftesbury Avenue in the heart of the theatrical district of London. It was stated that it was her ambition to have a career.

The correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES learned to-day that an intimate friend of Miss Dodge received a letter from the girl prior to her sailing, in which she gave as her real reason for disappearing that her mother wished her to be married to an English society man; that she considered herself an American girl and therefore refused to obey, and that she had words with her mother in consequence. Miss Dodge also said that life in London with the Guests meant a perpetual "social whirl." She explained that she returned to her home on account of the publicity her parents gave to her disappearance, but only on condition that she be permitted to depart from England immediately. Miss Dodge told her friend that she compromised with Mr. and Mrs. Guest to the extent of going to the United States under the chaperonage of her aunt. She also told the friend in her letter:

"I didn't mind a couple of months in society occasionally, provided the remainder of the year could be passed on a little island like the one I knew so well in the St. Lawrence River."

The letter from Miss Dodge to her friend continued:

"I don't intend to cause further mystery, now that I have obtained my own way, but I don't intend to be very much in New York society, either. I desire to be of some use in the world."

The young woman's friend told THE TIMES correspondent she knew Miss Dodge had no ambition to go on the stage. She said she believed Miss Dodge was interested in settlement work and in writing and that she would not be surprised if the girl entered those fields of endeavor.

PLAY PIRATE FINED $500.

Leniency for Byers on Giving Information Involving Others.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 18.—Alexander Byers, who bears the reputation of being "the country's best play pirate," pleaded guilty before Federal Judge Carpenter to-day of selling a play under false pretences, and was fined $500.

Originally there were fifteen Federal indictments against Byers, but when he agreed to turn over his books and papers to the Government and assist it in trapping other play pirates, twelve of the indictments were dismissed, demurrers to two were sustained, and only the fifteenth was held against him. It is understood that the knowledge thus gained by the Government will be used in putting out of business a number of play pirates, who for years have been fattening on the illegal sale of theatrical pieces.

The charge to which Byers pleaded guilty was that on Aug. 26, 1910, he sold a copy of the play "Baby Mine" to M. Stillman of Vancouver, B. C., assuring the latter that the sale gave him production rights. The play had been written and copyrighted previously by Margaret M. Selwyn, who retained all her rights and interests in the piece. She alone had the right to produce it.

This case is the first to be tried under the amended copyright laws.

WAYMAN HELD $20,000 FEES.

Chicago Attorney Who Ended His Life Claimed Proceeds of Office.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 18.—Speculation as to the causes which impelled former State's Attorney John E. W. Wayman to take his life yesterday has directed attention to Mr. Wayman's accounts with Cook County as State's Attorney. At the office of the County Controller it was asserted that the former prosecutor held more than $20,000 in fees, representing a part of the earnings of his office for the years 1911 and 1912.

There was no secret about this. Mr. Wayman admitted having the money, and said he would keep it until the courts decided whether it was his property or the property of the county. The question of his right to the money is pending in the courts. These fees, which were collected in criminal cases, are also claimed by the city, by the School Board, and by other branches of the municipal government.

Inquiry by the Coroner into the death of Mr. Wayman was postponed until April 24.

Order MALT BREAKFAST FOOD from your grocer to-day. Delicious, pure, economical. 50 breakfasts for 15 cents.—Adv.

ANGRY BANKER SLAPS CONGRESSMAN SIMS

Glover, Whom He Attacked in Debate, Retorts in Street and Knocks Off His Hat.

MAY ANSWER TO THE HOUSE

Assaults for Remarks Made on the Floor Are Punishable for Contempt.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Thetus W. Sims, Representative in Congress from the Eighth District of Tennessee, was assaulted in Farragut Square to-day by Charles C. Glover, President of the Riggs National Bank, one of the most prominent men in Washington financial and social circles. The assault was the outcome of criticism directed at Mr. Glover by Mr. Sims on the floor of the House of Representatives in connection with Mr. Glover's efforts to sell to the government a large tract of land adjoining Rock Creek Park, in this city.

The affair occurred near Mr. Glover's town house in Farragut Square. Representative Sims and Mr. Glover never had been introduced, but each recognized the other when they met in the square. Mr. Glover taxed Mr. Sims with having attacked him unfairly on the floor of the House, and in the conversation that followed Mr. Glover swung his right—open or shut, accounts differ as to this—on Mr. Sims's face, jarring him so that his hat fell off. Then they were separated.

The occurrence was described in this way by Mr. Sims:

"I was walking downtown this morning about 9:30 o'clock, through Farragut Square, when a man approached me from behind and got my attention by jostling me, or in some other manner. He said, 'Don't you know me?'

"I haven't seen Mr. Glover in years, and at first I did not recognize him. Then I said, 'Why, yes, this is Mr. Glover.' He said, 'What did you make that speech on the floor of the House attacking me for?' I replied, 'I did not attack you; I was merely defending myself from your attack.'

"He said, 'Well, you have got to apologize to me.'

"I said, 'Well, I am willing to apologize to you for any misstatements I have made, but I think I said nothing that was not warranted by the facts.'

"Glover did not act like a man who was very angry, and I was not much excited.

"Then he burst into profanity and swung with his right hand, hitting me in the left side of the face. My hat was knocked off, either by myself or by him. I stooped down to pick it up and another gentleman ran between us. Glover then went down the sidewalk ahead of me. I remarked finally that I did not want to have anything more to do with him. I think he was trying to get into a street brawl, and he did not succeed."

This is Mr. Glover's account:

"As I was leaving my town house this morning on my way to my bank, I saw Sims waddling across Farragut Square. I crossed over to where he stood and said: 'This is Mr. Sims, I believe?' He replied: 'And this is Mr. Glover.'

"I looked him squarely in the face and said, 'I want to tell you to your face that you are a contemptible liar, yes, a miserable, contemptible liar. Furthermore, I mean to show you just what I think of you.'

"With that I struck Sims a blow squarely on the jaw with the open palm of my hand. He reeled back and cried: 'I need protection, I need protection.'

"'Yes,' I said to him, 'you do need protection, damn you.'

"With that I hit him again as hard as I could. By that time two other persons who were passing, rushed up and urged me to go no further. I walked calmly again across the street and entered my automobile."

About four years ago Representative Sims criticised the efforts that were being made to extend Rock Creek Park to the acquisition of adjoining lands. He contended that men of prominence here who were engaged in real estate speculation had purchased property adjacent to the park with the idea of selling it to the Government at a large profit.

In the last Congress Mr. Sims renewed the subject, and alleged that Mr. Glover, in his efforts to extend the park system of Washington, was actuated by selfish purposes. Mr. Glover issued a reply that covered a page of each of the Washington newspapers. He said his only purpose in advocating the Rock Creek Park extension was to beautify Washington.

While Representative Sims said he would not bring the assault case to the attention of the House, some members of Congress insisted that it should not pass unnoticed, and Mr. Glover may be cited to appear before the bar of the House on a charge of contempt. There are several precedents establishing the right of the House to punish persons who have committed assaults on its members for remarks made on the floor. Persons have been committed to jail for such offenses.

BOY KILLED BY AUTO.

Thrown Violently Against the Curb —Chauffeur Gives Bond.

While 6-year-old Anthony Holis of 297 Kent Avenue, Williamsburg, was playing in Bedford Avenue under the Williamsburg Bridge late yesterday afternoon, he became confused in dodging two automobiles and ran directly in front of one. He was thrown against the curb with such force that his head and arms and legs were broken, and he died instantly.

The car belonged to E. D. Teller of 25 Claremont Avenue, Manhattan, and Mr. and Mrs. Teller were in it at the time of the accident. When their chauffeur, Paul Moran of 475 West Fifty-seventh Street, was arrested on a homicide charge Mr. Teller furnished the $2,000 bond for his release.

BRIDLE A WOMAN'S TONGUE?

Magistrate Says It Can't Be Done and Refuses to Try It.

Morris J. Klein of 548 Union Avenue, the Bronx, asked Magistrate Murphy in the Morrisania Court yesterday to give him a summons for a woman neighbor, whose name he did not know, but whose windows were close to the windows of his apartment. Klein said that the woman was in the habit of calling across the court and using language which disturbed the neighborhood.

"You ask me to stop a woman's tongue," said Magistrate Murphy, "but no way has ever been devised to keep a woman from talking, and I am sure that none will ever be found. I will have to refuse your request, as the contract is much too large for me."

Klein was then advised to go to the Supreme Court and get an injunction.

SAYS IT'S ASTOR MESSAGE.

Tramp Steamer Captain Finds Board Floating Near Titanic's Grave.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 18.—A small board, which he says bears a message scratched in the wood and signed "John J. Astor," was brought to this port to-day by Capt. J. Willis of the British tramp steamer Longscar.

Capt. Willis says he saw this board floating on the Atlantic as his steamship was driving through the waters at about the latitude and longitude where the Titanic sank. According to his statement, he has telegraphed Mrs. Madeleine Force Astor, widow of the Colonel, informing her of the alleged message, the nature of which he does not disclose.

MRS. COOKE ASKS DIVORCE.

Action Against Eloping Clergyman Returnable Early in May.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, April 18.—Mrs. Marinda Clarke Cooke filed to-day her formal application for divorce from Jere Knode Cooke, the Episcopalian clergyman who eloped with Floretta Whaley from Hempstead, L. I., in April, 1907. The action is returnable to the Superior Court the first Tuesday in May.

Mrs. Cooke asks to be allowed to resume her maiden name, Marinda Clarke.

OHIO GERRYMANDER PASSES

Six Democratic and One Republican Congressman to Go.

COLUMBUS, April 18.—The Congressional Gerrymander bill, dividing the State into twenty-two Congressional districts, passed both houses of the Legislature to-day, and probably will be signed by Gov. Cox to-morrow. Several Democratic Representatives will be legislated out of office by it.

Those who probably will lose their seats are Stanley Bowdle, J. D. Post, W. G. Sharp, E. R. Bathrick, W. B. Francis, and either Robert Crosser or Robert Bulkley, Democrats, and Frank B. Willis, Republican.

TRUTH AT LAST, BEELZEBUB!

Bible Scribes Meant "Flies," Not "Lies," Says Prof. Haupt.

PHILADELPHIA, April 18.—In an address to the Philosophical Society to-day Prof. Paul Haupt of Johns Hopkins University said there was no Scriptural foundation for the idea of a final day of judgment.

"The Book of Zachariah, which Jews as well as Christians give as authority for the description of the last judgment," he said, "refers merely to a municipal plan for municipal improvements laid out by the Maccabees. The poetic and fanciful language of the biblical scribes has been misinterpreted."

The speaker also said that Beelzebub had been described by the ancients as "the father of flies, not lies, as the modern horror of those germ-carrying insects was shared in biblical times."

PLUMBER NO ASTRONOMER.

Applicant for City Job Can't Understand One of the Questions.

How much astronomy should an applicant for a place as assistant engineer in the Bureau of Public Buildings and Offices know? That question was asked yesterday by an employe of the department who took a civil service examination for the higher office. The reason he wanted to know was because he had to fill in on the examination papers an answer to the question: "Explain and give an application of the theory of the right ascension."

The duties of the office consist principally of examining the plumbing in the public bath houses.

"What I would like to know," said the applicant, "is, What has plumbing to do with astronomy?"

TO RAISE MILE OF CENTS.

Church Society Has Estimated the Number as 84,480.

Special to The New York Times.

SUMMIT, N. J., April 18.—"How many cents to a mile?" is a question which the young people of St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Church of Summit are asking, and they are to give a practical demonstration by collecting the required number for the church building fund.

When they have enough to make a mile they will tell the people of Summit how many it takes. Meantime those who have measured the diameter of the copper coins have arrived at the answer—84,480.

ANGRY OVER COTTRELL.

Possible Postmaster at Princeton Related to the Democratic Chairman

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 18.—Princeton Democrats are provoked over the probable appointment of William H. Cottrell, the Republican whom Wilson is said to favor, as Postmaster. Cottrell is a brother-in-law of Joseph S. Hoff, Democratic County Chairman. The protesting Democrats say that Hoff has really recommended him, though there were many other candidates from his own party for the job.

FIRE IN MARTHA WASHINGTON

Employes Put It Out Before Firemen Arrive—Small Loss.

A small fire on the eleventh floor of the Martha Washington Hotel in East Twenty-ninth Street yesterday afternoon caused some excitement among the guests. Little damage was done, however, as Engineer Bennett and Head Porter Maher, who were summoned to the rooms by a telephone message, managed to put out the blaze with chemical extinguishers. When the firemen arrived they found that there was nothing for them to do.

The blaze burned briskly for a few minutes, and the flames could be seen shooting from the window of the apartment. The hotel management withheld the name of the occupant and announced that the cause of the fire was not known. The damage was placed at $300. There had been no panic, it was said, as maids were sent to all rooms with the message that there was no danger.

USHER'S GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH Tones the System; Improves the Digestion.—Adv.

SPEEDY CONVICTION IN FIRST GRAFT CASE

Robinson, Found Guilty of Extortion, Hears Verdict Without Show of Emotion.

ANOTHER "LOYALTY" FUND

Sweeney Aid Believed to be Assured of Annuity for Not Betraying System.

After fifty-two minutes of deliberation the jury in the case of Patrolman Thomas F. Robinson, charged with bribery and extortion in Harlem, returned a verdict of guilty on the count of extortion yesterday afternoon before Justice Seabury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court. Robinson is the first of the alleged graft collectors for ex-Police Inspector Sweeney to be convicted by a jury.

Members of the District Attorney's staff, admitting that they had seen hundreds of defendants' cases hopelessly fought in the criminal courts, said after the conviction that they had never seen a man who took his conviction with less emotion. Robinson, six feet tall and looking every inch a policeman, stood at the bar and faced the jury with composure. When George S. Snyder, the foreman of the jury, spoke the words "Guilty as charged in the indictment" there was not even as much as a gulp in the defendant's throat. There was no cynical smile, either. Robinson appeared just as if his expectations had been realized and as if he were perfectly satisfied.

Usually in criminal trials in which a defendant is found guilty a reaction from the bravado and recalcitrant attitude expressed during the trial is noticeable when the court clerk asks for the convicted man's pedigree. There was no reaction in Robinson's case, however. The policeman responded to the ten or twelve questions asked him in a clear, loud voice. The court attendant who tried to assist him by repeating the answers for him was not needed. Robinson's behavior was so unusual, in fact, that Justice Seabury and members of the jury leaned toward him to observe him carefully.

Robinson Not a Witness.

Robinson's voice, in fact, had not been heard during the short trial. It had been expected that the prisoner would go on the stand in his own defense, and there was general disappointment when his lawyers rested their case after calling only three witnesses.

"Why should we place Robinson on the stand?" said one of his lawyers during one of the intermissions. "He knows he will be convicted. If this case is won at all it must be won on appeal, away from all prejudices and anti-police atmosphere."

The real reason why Robinson was not put on the stand, however, and why he took his conviction so stoically is probably deeper seated. An explanation gained free circulation throughout the Criminal Court Building yesterday and was concurred in by members of the District Attorney's staff. It is believed that Robinson, because of his loyalty to the "boss" whom he represented when he extorted $40 from Luigi Tancredi, a restaurateur, on Sept. 3, last, has been assured of a life annuity by agents of the police graft system. One of Robinson's own lawyers, it became known, practically admitted as much before the trial was half over. In vain did District Attorney Whitman try to get a plea of guilty from the patrolman after the trial had proceeded. Robinson chose to stand pat, for it was only by doing this, it was thought, that he could carry out his part of the contract and get the reward for his silence.

How the Jury Stood.

Despite the fact that the atmosphere of the case spelled guilt and conviction for Robinson from the very beginning of the trial, it was learned later that two men in the jury were not at all in favor of voting for conviction when the case was first put into their hands.

The point at stake concerned the testimony of Tancredi's Italian waiter, known as "Spaghetti" Nigro. The State had shown, through Tancredi, that the $40 had passed to Robinson on Sept. 3. Tancredi was able to fix this date by referring to the stubs in his check book, explaining that he had paid Robinson the same day when he had drawn the money out of his bank. That proof could not be counteracted. Then Nigro, the waiter, who admitted that he could neither read nor write, and who was not conversant with English, testified through an interpreter that he had seen the money passed on the evening of Sept. 3, thus corroborating Tancredi. The defense showed that Nigro was unable to fix any other dates regarding Tancredi's transactions.

The case went into the jury's hands at 1:03 o'clock, after Justice Seabury had charged that the verdict be based only on the count in the indictment charging extortion. The jury first of all voted to go out for luncheon and it was 2:35 o'clock before the jury returned to the Criminal Court building.

It was between 2:45 and 3:37 o'clock that the deliberations took place. Not one of the jurors, it was said, expressed the least doubt about the prisoner's guilty connections with graft collection, and an oral ballot showed that only two were in doubt as to his guilt on the specific transaction of which he was accused.

Get Court's Ruling Again.

A second oral ballot showed that one man refused to vote unless he could hear the Court's ruling involving some parts of the Italian waiter's testimony. This necessitated a return to the jury box for instructions, and Justice Seabury analyzed the waiter's testimony briefly. The juryman who had been in doubt, on the return of the jury to the adjoining room, admitted that he had found enough in the testimony to warrant a change of mind. Then the first and only formal ballot was taken. It was for conviction.

All the arguments in the summing up of both sides were deduced from the testimony taken on Thursday. Yesterday's testimony, in fact, consisted merely of the statements of a character witness, a neighbor of

reputation in Harlem. It was conceded that the defense might be able to produce other witnesses who would further testify to the general good reputation of Robinson. The elimination of other character witnesses and the fact that the defense did not place the prisoner himself on the stand probably shortened the trial by half a day.

"If any money was paid to Robinson," said Harry Kopp, of counsel for Robinson, as the opening sentence of his summing up to the jury, "it was paid for protection and that would not constitute extortion."

Mr. Kopp drew a close distinction between "protection" money and money extorted for other purposes. The point was purely technical, of course, and did not indicate that the lawyer himself was much impressed with Robinson's honesty.

District Attorney Whitman was not in court, and Mr. Moss replied to Mr. Kopp's argument. He carried the jury over the whole case and made a dramatic appeal for a verdict of guilty. He denounced ex-Inspector Sweeney and referred to the graft situation as a "malignant tumor on the body politic." Neither Sweeney nor any of the other former Harlem Inspectors was in court.

Sentence was deferred, on application of counsel, until next Friday morning, and Robinson, after a brief stay in the Sheriff's room, where he bade farewell to some friends, was taken to his cell in the Tombs. Robinson can receive from seven to fifteen years on the extortion charge.

ABSOLVES POLICE SERGEANT.

Appellate Division Revokes Suspension and Remits Fine of F. B. Pitts.

Policemen of rank cannot be held personally responsible for the delinquencies of their immediate subordinates under a decision of the Appellate Division handed down yesterday. The decision, given on a writ of certiorari, revoked a suspension and a fine of five days' pay against Sergt. Floyd B. Pitts of the Eldridge Street Station, who was in immediate charge of four patrolmen found off post by Chief Inspector Schmittberger.

The Chief Inspector had testified on Pitts's trial that "if an officer is strict with his men and vigilant he can enforce good patrol duty, so that the men will not take as great chances as they would under a man who would visit them only once and would not return for a long time." In fining Pitts the Trial Commissioner observed that "it was not for failing to patrol or for failing to do anything except to exert a proper discipline over these men and keep them on their posts." In upsetting the judgment against Pitts and ordering his fine remitted and his record cleared, the court said:

"We hesitate to interfere with the discipline of the Police Department, but we are of the opinion that, in view of the concession of the Deputy Commissioner, there was no suggestion that this Sergeant was not faithfully patrolling his post, the finding that Pitts was guilty of neglect of duty is utterly unsupported by any evidence. Such a rule as is here attempted to be invoked would require a Sergeant to be upon every portion of every post in an extended precinct at every moment during his tour of duty."

Pitts, it appears, had failed to report any of the four patrolman found off post by Inspector Schmittberger.

Hartigan Gets Sing Sing Job.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, N. Y., April 18.—Ex-Policeman John J. Hartigan, the Sweeney graft messenger, now serving his sentence in Sing Sing, was put to work to-day. He received a job in the prison as shipping clerk in the printing department.

RECORD FOR MAGISTRATE.

Deciding 264 Cases a Working Day in Essex Market Court.

When Magistrate Campbell adjourned the Essex Market Court at 4:10 yesterday afternoon, he had established a new record for one day in that always busy court. He had disposed of 264 cases, and during the day fully 700 persons were before him at the rail.

The total fines paid amounted to $210, of which $98 went to the Board of Health for violations of the sanitary code, particularly in the matter of garbage handling, and $112 to the city direct for violations of corporation ordinances.

From 9 o'clock until noon one passing the court house was reminded of the Metropolitan Opera House at 7:30 of an evening when Caruso sings, so long was the line of defendants, complainants, and witnesses that stretched from the door of the building.

The steadily increasing business at Essex Market, which, in the last eight weeks has been emphasized, has shown the pressing need for the new court house which is to be built near Second Avenue and Second Street.

BACK FROM WHITE NILE.

Arthur Curtis James and Party Cruised and Shot Lions.

Arthur Curtis James, former Commodore of the New York Yacht Club, arrived yesterday on the Mauretania with his wife and a party of friends, who had accompanied him on a cruise to the Levant and Egypt in his auxiliary yacht the Aloha. The party took the yacht as far as Port Sudan on the Red Sea and then went by train to Berber, where they chartered a dahabeah and went up the White Nile as far as Khartoum, where Francis L. Slade, one of Mr. James's guests, shot a lion in the presence of the entire party.

On the return journey on the Aloha they passed close to the Turkish and Greek warships firing on each other in the Ionian Sea, but did not tarry. The party left the yacht at Cannes and came overland through France and on to Liverpool via Calais-Dover to catch the Mauretania. James Gaffney, fireman, of Liverpool, died on board on Monday and was buried at sea.

The Mauretania brought over 375 first, 398 second, and 1,106 steerage passengers. She made the trip from Daunt's Rock in 4 days 23 hours 30 minutes, at an average speed of 24.49 knots.

COLONEL MOURNS BISHOP.

Roosevelt Sends Telegram of Condolence to Mrs. W. B. Derrick.

Mrs. William B. Derrick, widow of Bishop Derrick, who died Tuesday at his home in Flushing, received yesterday the following telegram from Col. Theodore Roosevelt:

Pray accept my deepest and sincerest sympathy. I respected and valued your husband. He was a fine and useful citizen. I grieve for his death.

The ex-President and the late Bishop were friends for years. Recently the Bishop's sympathies were with ex-President Taft. He was a staunch Republi[illegible]

SIFTS FRIEDMANN'S RIGHT TO TAKE PAY

Secretary of the Treasury Uncertain Whether Physician Is Violating Law.

REMEDY NOT YET APPROVED

Tuberculosis Vaccine Perhaps Must Be Prepared in a Licensed Labor. tory.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The right of Dr. F. F. Friedmann to treat patients for pay with the remedy which he asserts is a cure for tuberculosis is being investigated by the Solicitor of the Treasury at the direction of Secretary McAdoo, to determine whether the Federal Public Health laws are being violated.

The act of July 1, 1902, provides that no person shall "send, carry or bring for sale, barter or exchange, from any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, into any State, Territory or the District of Columbia, or from any foreign country into the United States, or from the United States into any foreign country, any virus, therapeutic serum, toxin, anti-toxin, or analogous products applicable to the prevention and cure of the diseases of man, unless such product has been propagated and prepared at an establishment holding an unsuspended and unrevoked license issued by the Secretary of the Treasury."

The penalty for violation of that section is a fine not exceeding $500 or a maximum imprisonment of a year, or both.

Officials of the Treasury are reticent regarding the situation. They realize, it is said, that if Dr. Friedmann has a cure for tuberculosis it is one of the great discoveries of the age and the Government quickly will recognize it when assured of its efficacy. It is pointed out, however, that the German physician has not supplied the Government with adequate means of passing judgment quickly on his remedy, and in the meantime all the precautions imposed by the public health laws must be observed.

PROVIDENCE, April 18.—Dr. Friedmann delayed to-day his departure for New York where, it is supposed, he is to give a second treatment to patients who were inoculated with his anti-tuberculosis vaccine at his earlier clinics.

The bacteriologist had announced that he would leave Providence this morning, but he decided to remain here for the remainder of the day to treat private patients.

NO NEW FRIEDMANN CASES.

Government Doctors Limit Tests to Those Already Treated.

Dr. Friedmann and his assistant, Dr. M. A. Sturm, arrived here at 10 o'clock last night. The German physician was met by his secretary, Charles De Vidal-Hundt, and the three rode in a taxicab to the Ansonia. There Dr. Friedmann, who was very nervous, told newspaper men he would see them in ten minutes, but they waited half an hour. The desk clerk said Dr. Friedmann had not taken a room, but had gone to the apartment of a person he was not at liberty to mention.

From the Secreaary it was learned that the Government physicians here had determined not to have Dr. Friedmann treat any new cases for them; that they were of the opinion the ninety cases now under their observation would supply sufficient data from which to draw conclusions. The Government physicians will be content if Dr. Friedmann from to-day on will examine the cases already treated under their observation and make the necessary injections. The doctor will pass to-day in making visits to the hospitals in which he has treated patients.

"It will not be a long time until the vaccine is in the hands of a number of physicians," said Dr. Sturm.

A promoter said yesterday that a syndicate he was forming had offered to Dr. Friedmann $250,000 for his serum, but that the physician could not be pinned to a statement as to his intention.

OPINION RECORD TO HOLMES

Writes More and Shorter Decisions Than Any Other Justice.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Justice Holmes is the ready opinion writer of the Supreme Court, for so far this term he has delivered 32 opinions, more than any other Justice. He is only one short of as many opinions to his credit as have been delivered by Justices Hughes, Van Devanter and Lamar combined. As a rule, however, he writes shorter opinions than the other Justices.

Justice Day has delivered 26 opinions, Chief Justice White 25, Justice McKenna 24, Lurton 20, Pitney 17, Lamar 14, Van Devanter 10, and Hughes 9.

WILSON TAKES GERMAN BID.

Orders Panama Canal Cranes Abroad Under Long-Ignored Law.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—President Wilson put into effect to-day a law that had become a dead letter. He approved the award of a contract for the construction of two floating cranes for use in the Panama Canal to the Deutschen Maschinenfabrik Aktiengezellschaft of Duisburg, Germany. Those cranes are of the largest type in the world. A Cleveland firm was the only American concern to bid on the contract.

The reason for awarding the contract to the German firm was that its figures were $600,000 lower than those bid by the American firm, and in an act passed by Congress it was privided that in making purchases of material and equipment for use in constructing the Canal. American articles should be used, unless in the judgment of the President bids or tenders should appear to be extortionate or unreasonable.

The large difference between the German and American bids seemed to President Wilson to constitute the exception described in the act. The contract price for the two cranes is $837,500 and the time of delivery 580 days, or 100 days less than the American firm asked. The cranes will be completed and delivered before the completion of the canal. They are of the revolving type. They can be used separately or together. Each produces its own electric power and will be capable of lifting 300 tons.

They will equal in height an eighteen-story building, and each will have a boom with an outreach of eighty-two feet, and will be able to revolve with its load and take up or deposit its load anywhere in the radius of its circle, without moving the floating pontoon on which the crane is erected. The pontoons will be 150 feet long by eighty-eight wide and sixteen deep, of steel plate. There are no such cranes in use in this country.

JANES ASKED TO RESIGN.

State Department Putting Into Effect New Arbitration Policy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Secretary Bryan has asked for the resignation of Henry L. Janes as the American member of the Arbitration Commission adjusting the controversy between the Government of Ecuador and the Guayaquil & Quito Railroad, an American enterprise. Mr. Bryan said: "Mr. Janes did not and could not meet the requirements of the contract which provided for arbitration."

Mr. Janes was named by Mr. Taft as the American arbitrator at the instance of the railroad. This was in accordance with the usual practice. But now a new policy has been adopted. President Wilson and Secretary Bryan believe that an arbitrator representing this Government should be selected by the Government and not by any concern pecuniarily interested.

Mr. Janes, as chief assistant of the Latin-American Division of the State Department, had handled the railroad controversy, and had been consulted by President Norman of the railroad company. The President and Secretary Bryan, it is said, felt that Mr. Janes had come to sustain relations to the railroad company which, while they did not reflect on his character or conduct, incapacitated him from acting as an arbitrator.

3,407 WIRELESS LICENSES

Issued in Four Months, and 1,185 Are to Amateurs.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—In the first four months of the operation of the act to regulate radio communication, which took effect on Dec. 13, 1912, the Department of Commerce, through the Bureau of Navigation, has issued 3,407 licenses to wireless operators and stations in the United States. The first-grade commercial operators' licenses number 1,279, second grade 186, while 1,185 amateurs have been licensed. Eight operators' licenses of the experiment and instruction grade have been issued.

Thus far forty-six American ship stations and eighteen coast stations have been licensed. All told, 685 amateur stations have been licensed. The wireless apparatus on ocean passenger steamers has been inspected before about 1,500 sailings from the United States in the four months.

MAY SEE U. P. COUNSEL.

McReynolds, in New York, Expected to Consider Dissolution Puzzle.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Attorney General McReynolds went to New York to-night to remain until Monday. It is expected that while there he will further discuss with the New York attorneys of the Union Pacific Railway the question of applying to the courts for an extension of the three-month limit allowed by the Supreme Court for the dissolution of the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific merger.

It is thought the railroad will make the appeal to the Supreme Court next week.

AGREE ON POUGHKEEPSIE JOB

Split Dutchess County Democrats Choose Butts for Postmastership.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—A settlement of the differences which have divided the Democrats of Dutchess County into two factions over the Poughkeepsie Postmaster ship seems to be indicated in a joint request made to Senator O'Gorman by the leaders of the factions that he further the selection of Ralph Butts for the place.

The request was presented orally to Mr. O'Gorman yesterday by Charles Perkins, State Democratic Committeeman from Dutchess County, who told the Senator that the nomination of Mr. Butts was supported by Assistant Secretary Roosevelt of the Navy and ex-Mayor John K. Sague.

LIGHT FOR PAUL REVERE.

Old North Church Tower Shines in Commemoration of His Ride.

BOSTON, April 18.—Miss Pauline Revere hung a lantern in the belfry tower of the Old North Church to-night, not as a warning of an enemy's approach, but in observance of the midnight ride of her famous ancestor, 138 years ago.

Miss Revere, who is only 14 years old, took part in exercises held at the historic church in celebration of the eve of the battle of Lexington. Longfellow's poem, "Paul Revere's Ride," was recited by Prof. Charles T. Copeland of Harvard, and Bishop William H. Lawrence spoke on the significance of a peaceful Patriot's Day.

MRS. STORY CHOSEN AS HEAD OF D. A. R.

Final Ballot Yields 600 Votes for New York Candidate to 449 for Mrs. Horton.

MRS. BRYAN HAD WITHDRAWN

Three Ballots, One a Day, Necessary to Decide—Mrs. Story to Live in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Mrs. William Cumming Story of New York City was elected President General of the Daughters of the American Revolution this afternoon on the third ballot after a turbulent and prolonged contest. The vote was 600 for Mrs. Story to 449 for Mrs. John Miller Horton, the administration candidate. The result, which was reached after three days' balloting in a triangular fight, was received with tremendous applause by the delegates and visitors, although it had been discounted earlier in the afternoon when it became known that Mrs. Charles B. Bryan of Tennessee had thrown her support to the Story ticket.

Seven Vice Presidents General also were elected on this ballot—Mrs. Thomas Kite of Ohio, Mrs. Rhett Goode of Alabama, Mrs. John Swift of California, Mrs. Allen P. Perley of Pennsylvania, Mrs. Ben F. Gray, Jr., of Missouri, Miss Harriet I. Lake of Iowa, and Mrs. John Lee Dinwiddie of Indiana. Three Vice Presidents General were elected on the first ballot.

The result of the third ballot was announced about 5:30 o'clock, and Mrs. Story was escorted to the platform. She was greeted by Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, the retiring President General, and began her speech. She urged all the new general officers to do their utmost to bring peace between the factions that have waged almost continuous warfare for the last five years.

Mrs. Story introduced Mrs. Charles B. Bryan, who pledged support to the incoming administration. She was followed by the new general officers, and all pledged their support to Mrs. Story, who it is understood, will take up her residence in Washington next Autumn to remain throughout her term of office.

The election resulted in a partial victory for the old administration, as more than half of the general officers and all of the new Vice Presidents General are known as supporters of Mrs. Scott. The latter was elected Honorary President General, an honor held by only five former presiding officers of the society.

The Congress will adjourn to-morrow.

Mrs. William Cumming Story for ten years has taken a prominent part in the affairs of the Daughters of the American Revolution. She was elected Regent of the New York State Chapter on April 22, 1908, after a factional struggle. In 1909 and again in 1911 she made an unsuccessful run for President General. In the 1909 congress she was championed by Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks. She failed of election by eight votes.

Mrs. Story formerly was President of the Federation of Women's Clubs. She lives at 119 East Nineteenth Street.

TOBACCO HEARING SET.

Judge Mayer Consents to Preside at Trust Inquiry on May 15.

A Federal Judge has been found to hear argument on the demurrers interposed by the American Tobacco Company and the United Cigar Stores Company to the "bill in the nature of a review" of the Tobacco Trust filed in January, 1912, by Otto S. Jonas and retail tobacco dealers of this city.

This bill would bring up the question of the validity of the settlement of the Tobacco Trust case, and objection was made against Circuit Judges Lacombe, Ward, Coxe, and Noyes, who signed the decree dissolving the trust, passing upon it. It seemed that the argument would have to be postponed till the end of June, when one of the District Judges would be hearing the motion calendar in the Federal Court, but now at the request of counsel Judge Mayer has consented to hear argument on May 15.

In the bill Jonas asks that the Circuit Court's decree may be set aside on the ground that it is not in accord with the mandate of the Supreme Court. He set forth that as a competitor of the United Cigar Stores Company he had been obliged to purchase supplies of the Metropolitan Tobacco Company, a subsidiary of the Trust, and had been discriminated against, and had seen his business destroyed.

FOR SAILORS WHO ARE DRUNK

Miss de Peyster Adds Fountains to Specially Fitted Rooms.

Miss Augusto Morris de Peyster, Secretary of the Seamen's Benefit Society, has equipped twelve rooms on the fifth floor of the Seamen's Institute to care for sailors who get intoxicated in this port. The beds in the rooms are only a few inches above the floor, which is carpeted with mattresses to save the man who falls out of bed.

Miss de Peyster sent a check for $400 last night to Miss Irene Lane, Secretary of the Institute for the erection of two marble drinking fountains, one in the big lobby on the ground floor, and the other within easy walking distance of a dozen rooms five stories above. Both fountains are to be operated by the pushing of a pedal. The one on the fifth floor is always to be filled with ice water with which the mariner can sooth his burning throat on the "morning after."

Miss de Peyster has called her twelve rooms "The Longboat," taking the name from an old English couplet of the seas which runs:

What shall we do with the drunken sailor?
Put him in the longboat and make him bail 'er.

Miss De Rystie said she believed in helping people as one found them rather than as they ought to be, and thinks that the sailors will go instinctively to the institute and thereby save their health and what remains of their wages.

R. C. Ogden Re-elected.

RICHMOND, Va., April 18.—Robert C. Ogden of New York was re-elected President of the Conference for Education in the South at the closing session to-night, despite his telegram urging that he be retired to the ranks of the organization. Walter H. Page, the new Ambassador to Great Britain, declined to serve again as Vice President, and Frank R. Chambers of New York was elected to succeed him.

$564,080 MORE FOR PEACE.

Carnegie Endowment Trustees Appropriate That Sum for the Year.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The Board of Trustees of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace at its annual meeting here to-day adopted a resolution declaring that it was "not the policy of the Endowment to substitute its action for the interest and activity of any other organization in the cause of peace," and that whenever it should appear that the allotment of money by the Endowment to any other organization constituted an undue proportion of the income of such organization the allotment should be gradually reduced.

The board decided to appropriate $564,080 to carry on the work of the Endowment during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914. Senator Elihu Root of New York, President of the Endowment, was in the chair. Among the other Trustees present were Joseph H. Choate, Charlemagne Tower, Nicholas Murray Butler, Cleveland H. Dodge, Charles W. Eliot, Austin G. Fox, Robert A. Franks, George W. Perkins, and Henry S. Pritchett.

CANE FROM HISTORIC SHIP.

Made from Timber of Alliance and Loaned to Continental Hall.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—To the collection of Revolutionary relics in Continental Memorial Hall is to be added a walking stick made from one of the timbers of John Paul Jones's famous old ship, the Alliance.

The stick will be loaned to the collection by Miss Marion H. Brazier of Boston. It was once the property of Capt. U. Shillaber, who carried it on three voyages around the world on sailing ships. He willed it to his brother, who left it to Mrs. Emma S. Clement of Newton, Mass. The cane was acquired by the John Paul Jones Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution last year.

SEEKING NAVAL SPONSORS.

Wanted: Female Relatives of Ericsson, Cushing, and O'Brien.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Information concerning living female descendants of three naval heroes—Capt. John Ericsson, Lieut. William Cushing, and Capt. Jeremiah O'Brien—whose names are to be given to new torpedo-boat destroyers, is being sought by Secretary Daniels, who is about to name sponsors for the new vessels. The Secretary today issued an appeal to the public for information.

Capt. Ericsson built the Monitor of civil war fame; Lieut. Cushing destroyed the ram Albemarle in the civil war, and Capt. O'Brien did much to establish the fame of the first American Navy in the Revolutionary War.

SUSPEND BROOKLYN LAWYER

Appellate Division Disbars C. J. McCafferty for Nine Months.

Charles J. McCafferty, a Brooklyn lawyer, with offices at 371 Fulton Street, and formerly an Assistant Corporation Counsel, was suspended from practice for six months yesterday by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, sitting in Brooklyn, on charges made against him by the Grievance Committee of the Brooklyn Bar Association.

Two clients of McCafferty accused him of misappropriating funds sent to him. James P. Muldoon of Brighton, Mass., one of the complainants, sent money to the lawyer in December, 1909, to be used in paying taxes on a house in Conselyea Street, Brooklyn, belonging to the estate of Mary E. Dawson. Muldoon said he sent the attorney money for the next year's taxes. He found that the 1908 taxes were paid for two years afterward, and the 1909 taxes were paid twenty-one months after he sent the lawyer the money for that purpose.

Another client, H. Endel of 264 Smith Street, Brooklyn, said he sent McCafferty $5 as a retainer to bring an action for him to recover $34.65. The suit was never brought.

McCafferty lives at 547 Argyle Road, Flatbush. He has been an attorney since 1896.

DISMISSES DALY'S APPEAL.

Appellate Division Relief to Brooklyn Water Contractor.

The Appellate Division dismissed yesterday Michael J. Dady's appeal from an order of Supreme Court Justice Delany, which dismissed his $28,632 suit against the city. Dady was contractor for the remodeling and extending of the Massepequa plant of the Brooklyn water supply system. He made a claim for extra compensation because Water Commissioner O'Brien in 1906 and 1907 compelled him to pump several million gallons of water into the Brooklyn mains while the work was under suspension on account of unfavorable weather.

CHARLTON'S LAWYER MAKES LAST APPEAL

Federal Supreme Court Is Told Italy Violated Treaty, Hence He Cannot Be Extradited.

KNOX'S ACTION UNLAWFUL

Refusal of New Jersey Court to Free Him on Habeas Corpus Held to be Warranted.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—A final appeal was made to-day in the Supreme Court of the United States by Porter Charlton, the American youth, charged with the murder of his wife on their honeymoon at Lake Como, Italy, on June 7, 1910, in an effort to block the demand of the Italian Government that he be returned to that country for trial and possible punishment. No decision was rendered to-day.

Charlton has been held a prisoner in Hudson County, N. J., ever since he stepped off the steamer from Italy, just after his wife's body had been found in the waters of Lake Como, the New Jersey authorities holding him pending final disposition of Italy's request for his extradition. The case came before the court on an appeal from the refusal of the New Jersey court to release him on habeas corpus proceedings, after the State Department had granted extradition.

Questions by the court directed the opposing attorneys to a consideration of whether the court had the right to go behind the action of Secretary Knox in granting extradition.

R. Floyd Clarke, attorney for Charlton, told the court that the Italian Government had for thirty years interpreted the extradition treaty of 1868 to mean that it was not required to surrender subjects for trial in the United States. This refusal, he contended, was a breach of the treaty, and destroyed the obligation resting upon the other country to perform its part under the treaty.

The treaty having been violated, he added, it was not now in force, so as to justify the United States turning Charlton over to Italy.

"Congress had the right to act in regard to this breach; but any attempt of the Executive to act is an attempt to exercise an arbitrary discretion, which, under our Constitution, is forbidden him," asserted Mr. Clarke, who held that the court had the power to go behind the Secretary's order.

Pierre P. Garven, attorney for the Italian Government, took the position that Charlton's attorney was seeking to have the court declare a treaty was not in existence, which the Executive branch of the Government said was in existence, and under which it was acting.

SCHULTZ SENT TO TOMBS.

Four Indictments Against Him for Robbing Employer, William Scheer.

Henry J. Schultz of 1,219 Madison Avenue, who was arrested for the theft of $140 from William Scheer, a manufacturing jeweler of 452 Fifth Avenue, pleaded not guilty yesterday and was remanded to the Tombs in default of $15,000 bail.

Schultz had been out on $2,500 bail pending the action of the Grand Jury, and expected that he would only have to answer to one indictment instead of four. The investigation of the Grand Jury showed that while employed as a bookkeeper by Mr. Scheer he made false entries and padded his accounts. It is said his peculations amount to $40,000

CLAIMS ZEIGLER ADOPTION.

Sister of Heir Contends That Abrogation Was Not Legal.

The petition of Florence Louise Brandt Ziegler, who was adopted by the late William Ziegler and Mrs. E. Matilda Ziegler in 1896 in the Supreme Court, and who brought proceedings to abrogate her adoption in 1902, to have abrogation set aside in order that she might have an interest in Ziegler's $6,463,899 estate, came up yesterday before Surrogate Cohalan and was adjourned by consent until April 25, 1913.

The grounds upon which the petitioner alleges the illegality of the abrogation are that her mother, Anna H. B. Haney of East Orange, N. J., was not cited to appear and that the Surrogate had no jurisdiction in the proceedings. Miss Ziegler is an own sister of the younger William Ziegler, who inherited the larger part of his foster father's estate.

TOKIO OUTBURSTS HALT LAND BILLS

Continued from Page 1.

courts, and commercial men were helpless, and that only the influence of Christianity remained. Otherwise, he declared, war was impending.

John L. Mott, in reply, agreed that the influence of Christianity now was superlative.

Dispatches were sent by the meeting to President Wilson and others imploring them to use all their influence on Christians and thoughtful people to avoid a calamity.

WILSON WATCHFUL AND CALM.

Hopes to Prevent Treaty Violation by Californians.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—President Wilson kept in close touch to-day with the situation in Japan and California over the proposed alien land legislation. He told his callers that the Federal Government must refrain from interference with California while legislating and could not make its attitude known to inquiring nations until the bills were passed. He added, however, that if any impression had gained ground in Japan that the Administration here was indifferent to the developments in California, such a view was unjustified.

In the meantime, the President said that every effort was being made to keep in communication informally with the California Legislature. It is unlikely that the President will communicate his views directly or take any step that will interfere with the legislative process, but he hopes through members of Congress here to prevent any obvious violation of treaty obligations. Should treaty rights be violated, he hopes that Japan will withhold judgment until the American courts have dealt with the question.

Officials here regard the popular outbursts in Tokio as unwarranted at this time, as the Federal Government intends to give Japanese residents every protection that is granted to foreigners under the favored nation principle of its treaties.

Diplomatic circles here are alive to the situation and some prominent embassies and legations have been ordered to keep their governments advised of every action. Protests from Italy, which it is believed might be followed by more from other nations, as to the proposed California restrictions on aliens, excited comment among the diplomats, but attention was most frequently drawn to the alliances between Japan and the great powers, which might be affected in case of a breach between Japan and the United States.

Because of the intimation from Tokio that with a demand for naturalization rights for Japanese would come a promulgation of the land ownership law, the text of that law is attracting much atention here. The law says in part:

Foreigners, domiciled or resident in Japan, and foreign juridicial persons registered therein, shall enjoy the right of ownership in land, provided always that in the countries to which they belong such right is extended to Japanese subjects and Japanese juridicial persons; and provided further, in cases of foreign juridicial persons, that they shall obtain permission from the Minister for Home Affairs for the acquisition of such ownership.

The foregoing provisions shall be applicable only to foreigners and foreign juridicial persons belonging to the countries to be designated by imperial ordinance.

President Wilson's selection of George W. Guthrie to be Ambassador to Japan is taken with a measure of relief by those most interested in the situation. Mr. Guthrie will probably be nominated soon and on his way to Tokio.

HIS SUICIDE A HOAX.

Rubinstein Was Supposed to Have Jumped from Ferryboat.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., April 18.—The friends of Emanuel Rubinstein, once well known in the advertising business in this part of New Jersey, learned tonight that Rubinstein was not dead, as they supposed, but was stopping at a private sanitarium in Westport, Conn. He had not killed himself by jumping from a ferryboat into the Hudson two months ago, as they had heard, and the suicide note he sent at that time to his mother's house in Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn, was part of a carefully planned hoax, it was said.

Rubinstein's hat and umbrella were found on the ferryboat that was crossing the river in the noon fog on Feb. 27. Several women screamed at the time and said they had seen him jump into the river, but the body was never found.

To-night his father-in-law, ex-Councilman Kevict, announced that his son-in-law had thrown a large bundle overboard and slipped away in the excitement that followed. He said the motive for the deception could be found in a court order issued last December directing Rubinstein to pay $25 a month alimony to his wife, who was Miss Hazel Kevict.

TWINE STRIKERS CALMER.

Willing to Resume Work While Mediation Board Deliberates.

AUBURN, April 18.—Negotiations between the International Harvester Company and the State Board of Mediation and Arbitration, regarding the cordage strike, were adjourned for a week, after the statements of the employers and the strikers were heard today. John Williams, Labor Commissioner, left here for Albany to-night. Meanwhile the Harvester Company continues to hold in abeyance its plan to remove its mill to Europe.

At a mass meeting to-day the strike leaders said that when the efforts at mediation had assumed definite form the men would be willing to return to work, pending adjustment of their grievances.

MR. TOSCANINI'S CONCERT.

Respects Last Sunday's Programme at Metropolitan Opera House.

The concert which Mr. Toscanini gave at the Metropolitan Opera House on Sunday evening was repeated yesterday afternoon. The programme included Wagner's "Faust" overtunr, Richard Strauss's rondo, "Till Eulenspiegel," and Beethoven's ninth symphony.

Mr. Toscanini made one change in his reading of the symphony that was distinctly for the better: he had the adagio movement followed immediately by the crashing discord that ushers in the presto—what Wagner called the fanfare of terror—without a pause, such as was made in the first performance. The efect is deeply impressive and obviously carries out the spirit of the music and the profound intention that underlies the use of the chorus in the last movement.

The audience completely filled the theatre.

A. W. PEZET'S PLAY GIVEN.

Performed for Charity in Washington Yesterday Afternoon.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The President and Mrs. Wilson received the Children of the American Revolution at the White House this afternoon.

This evening Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Alfred Wilson of Franklin, Penn., occupied a box at the National Theatre.

The Misses Wilson attended a dance at the Washington Barracks. This was preceded by a dinner party at the home of Commandant William J. Barden, where Miss Eleanor Wilson was the guest of honor. At the dance Mrs. Garrison, wife of the Secretary of War, assisted Mrs. Barden in the reception of the guests.

Mrs. Marshall, wife of the Vice President, and Mrs. Bryan were guests at a large luncheon to-day, with Mrs. John A. Logan as hostess.

The Swiss Minister and Mme. Ritter entertained a breakfast company to day complimentary to Prof. Edmond Privat of the University of Geneva.

The Minister of Peru and Mme. Pezel were hosts this evening at a dinner in honor of the Russian Ambassador and Mme. Bakhmetieff. The dinner was followed by a dance given in compliment to the members of the cast in the presentation of Alfonzo Washington Pezet's new play at the Columbia Theatre this afternoon.

This afternoon's performance of "The Remaking of the Raleighs" by an all-society cast was in aid of a local charity, but arrangements have already been completed for its professional presentation in New York next Autumn, with Miss Mabel Taliaferro as the star. This character, Constance Raleigh, was taken this afternoon by Miss Elizabeth Noyes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore W. Noyes of this city. The cast included, in addition to the star, Miss E. Howrey, A. Robert Elmer, Eugene A. Red, A. Washington Pezet, Mrs. Ethel L. Lee, and Mrs. Robert Hinckley.

This was followed by Bernard Shaw's "How He Lied to Her Husband," with Miss Miriam Crosby, Alfonzo Pezet, and W. Graydon Stetson in the cast.

Rowland Buckstone Improving.

Rowland Buckstone, the actor, who was removed from the Players' Club on Thursday night to Bellevue Hospital and placed in the psychopathic ward, suffering from mental depression, was said at the hospital last night to be improving, and, according to Dr. Thornton, will be able to leave the institution in four or five days. He had several friends visit him during the day, and seemed in more cheerful spirits. The recent death of his wife, it was said, was due to his breakdown.

Princeton Crew Picked.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 18.—The final seating of the Tiger crew for the triangular regatta to be held on the Charles River on May 10 with Harvard and Pennsylvania was announced here this evening by Coach J. Duncan Spaeth. There are five veteran men in the boat, with the novices at stroke, 4 and 3. In Putnam at stroke, it is thought the Princeton has an exceptionally good man. It is his first year in the 'Varsity bow, as he is only a sophomore, but from his form in practice spins on the lake he has done surprisingly well.

The 'Varsity eight with coach, two substitutes, Dr. Spaeth, Boatman John Fitzpatrick, and the managers will probably leave Princeton on May 6 or 7, so as to have time enough to take several practice sprints on the Charles River to get used to the water and current. The boating follows:

Bow, Curtis; No. 2, Pyne, 3, Chester, 4, Bashinsky; 5, Briggs; 6, North; 7, Capt. Bauch; stroke, Putnam; coxswain, Congleton; substitutes, Bunzel, and I. Swart.

MRS. STOKES ASSAILS TRADE PROTOCOLS

Says Withdrawal of the Right to Strike Will Be Dangerous to Labor.

MR. COHEN REPLIES TO HER

Says Socialism Lacks Confidence When It Prefers Violence to a Resort to Reason.

The protocol between employers and employes in the garment industry was attacked last night by Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes, at the dinner of the Intercollegiate Socialist Society, in Kalil's restaurant at 16 Park Place. The speakers discussed "The Class Struggle and Recent Labor Disturbances in New York."

Miss Gertrude Barnum, Miss Rose Schneiderman, organizer of the White Goods Workers, and Miss Elizabeth Dutcher of the Women's Trade Union League, praised the protocol.

Mrs. Stokes said that the agreement which was introduced two years ago to settle the cloak and suit strike reminded her of a plank in the Progressive Party's platform. This platform, she said, after setting forth a string of reforms that would have been of benefit to labor, added this clause: "Under a Progressive Government dividends will be more secure."

In the protocol, she pointed out, there was a board to settle disputes, but there was also a clause setting forth that workers must stay at work pending a settlement of labor disputes.

"I want to emphasize the right to strike," continued Mrs. Stokes. "If we withdraw that right for a week, it is a dangerous precedent. They say they will allow union men to talk to those in the shops. Will they let Ettor or other radicals; men who think and who get to the bottom of things and to fundamental truths, go into the shops and talk to the workers?"

Julius Henry Cohen, who drew up the garment trade protocols, said that Mrs. Stokes's remarks were a pathetic confession of lack of confidence in Socialism. True Socialism, he said, was willing to go into the court of reason rather than resort to violence.

TOUSSAINTS SEPARATED.

Trouble Due to Husband's Inability to Support His Wife, Court Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., April 18.—"There is no hope of a reconciliation between these two and the trouble is largely due to the defendant's lack of means and inability to support the plaintiff in the style she was accustomed to before her marriage," said Justice Tompkins in this place to-day in granting a separation to Mrs. Elsie T. Toussaint of New York City in her action against Alfred B. Toussaint, a real estate broker of Dobbs Ferry, who has offices at 400 Columbus Avenue in New York.

Mrs. Toussaint said she quit her home in Dobbs Ferry when her husband refused to pay the bills for maintaining the home there. She alleged that he owed "the butcher, the baker, and candlestick-maker." His income from the real estate business was sufficient, she asserted, to maintain the place, but Toussaint said it was not.

Mrs. Toussaint obtained the custody of her child, but the court did not allow her any alimony. The $50 a month alimony allowed pending a settlement of the action was discontinued by the court.

CHASE THIEF FIVE BLOCKS.

Women Hurt in Pursuing Man Who Tried to Rob a Pawnshop.

Hundreds of shoppers in Broadway, Williamsburg, yesterday afternoon joined in chasing a youth who smashed the window of the pawnshop of Solomon Tietelbaum, at 1,266 Broadway, with a large stone, and stole a diamond scarfpin worth $150. The young man ran for five blocks before he was caught.

Several women in the throng were injured by being crushed against the elevated pillars and telegraph poles. The thief was finally caught by men in the crowd who turned him over to Policeman Sherman of the Ralph Avenue Police Station. The prisoner told the police he was Charles Carlin, 19 years old, of 211 Pulaski Street, and that he had attempted the crime because he was starving and unable to find work.

NEW ALLIGATOR POOL.

Tenants Take Possession in Central Park—Animal Cribs Gone.

With the recent rains rushing the growth of new grass and with the appearance of fresh buds, Central Park came close to having a Spring opening yesterday when the new alligator pool was taken possessio nof by its tenants. It is shaped like a big sea shell, and hedged with reeds and water plants. It lies close to the Arsenal, and it seemed to arouse considerable saurian satisfaction.

The

THE TIMES'S DAILY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

POPE'S PHYSICIANS ARE OPTIMISTIC

He Passes a Third Day Without Fever and His Condition Improves.

RESTLESS AGAIN AT NIGHT

Prof. Marchiafava Says He Has Never Doubted His Recovery—Interested in Affairs.

LATEST BULLETINS FROM THE POPE'S BEDSIDE.

By Marconi Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ROME, Saturday, April 19, 2:15 A. M.—The Pope is resting quietly and taking nourishment passively. His distressing vomiting has almost stopped.

3:20 A. M.—As the night proceeds Pope Pius is showing signs of rather disquieting weakness. Brandy is administered frequently in very small quantities.

4:10 A. M.—The Pontiff is wakeful but tranquil at this hour. His lips are moving, evidently in prayer. There is only one attendant present, as he insisted that all others retire.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ROME, April 18.—The newspapers, although acknowledging that the Pope is much better, still maintain that he may die at any moment. This attitude is induced by the extreme precautions taken by Cardinal Merry del Val to keep his true state a profound secret.

Such precautions as doubling the guards and forbidding them to speak and the refusal to allow any one but the physicians in the sickroom were to be expected; but the Cardinal has gone still further. Those inside the Vatican Palace come outside to find out how the Pope is. His attendants are sworn to silence, the doctors implored to be discreet, and his sisters kept in ignorance of his condition, being merely told that he is better and that he has no fever. Even Cardinals who have a right to know, when they ask, are referred to the bulletins and are unable to extract anything further.

The question is asked: "Why all this trouble, if the Pontiff is getting well?" The answer is: "Because he is not."

Dr. Starr, who is still here after having been called to attend Morgan, thinks that the Pontiff is suffering from kidney trouble and arterio-sclerosis; so that the absence of fever noted in the bulletins means very little, as he may die, just the same.

However, he has passed a comfortable day, and his strength at least has not decreased, although he has not gained. Altogether his condition seems to be about the same as it was yesterday.

ROME, April 18.—The consoling news that emanated from the Vatican tonight was that the Pope had passed three days without fever; that his general condition was favorable, and that if his progress continued for two days more his Holiness would be considered convalescent and the bulletins of the physicians discontinued.

Although this information came from the physicians in attendance upon the Pope and was confirmed by Cardinal Merry del Val, the Papal Secretary of State, it did not prevent persons of pessimistic tendencies from continuing to shake their heads dubiously and invent further ailments for the Pontiff. Tonight they declared he was suffering from patchy pneumonia and senile consumption.

This evening's bulletin, issued over the signatures of the Pope's physicians, read:

To-day also was passed without fever. The temperature of the Pontiff to-night is 99.1. The amelioration continues.
(Signed) MARCHIAFAVA.
AMICI.

When Dr. Amici visited the Pope shortly before midnight he found his temperature at 97.2. He said that the condition of the patient was satisfactory, and that he was finding great relief from his cough by taking a soothing liquor of ammonia flavored with anise seed.

After Dr. Amici's visit the Pope went to sleep. His breathing was audible in the room on account of his catarrh.

Dr. Marchiafava's Diagnosis.

Prof. Ettore Marchiafava, the Pope's chief physician, was asked to-night concerning the condition of his patient. In writing he replied as follows:

"The Holy Father has suffered from influenza with a slight affection of the trachea and larger bronchial tubes. Broncho-pneumonia has never even been suspected. I have never doubted his recovery sooner or later. His general condition always has been of the best. His heart and pulse are strong and normal, and the sensorial nerves intact."

It must be added, however, that although all Prof. Marchiafava says in his statement may be perfectly true, another affection exists which is not in an acute stage now, but is always liable to recur. This is a gouty kidney.

The Pope's Interest in Affairs.

The better condition of the Pope is shown by his increasing interest in affairs. To-day he insisted on conveying his last instructions to Cardinal Ferrata, who will leave here to-morrow for Malta to preside at the Eucharistic Congress. He also desired to know what arrangements had been made concerning the Pontifical mass which he should celebrate in St. Peter's on Pentecost Sunday, three weeks away. This day is intended to be a great one in the festivities of the Constantine jubilee, and it was with great difficulty that the Pope was induced to postpone the ceremony to November at the end of the jubilee.

Cardinal Merry del Val to-day received in the name of the Pope about 2,000 Polish and Italian pilgrims, who were under the leadership of seven Bishops. The Cardinal assured them that the Pope was making good progress, and that the symptoms of bronchial affection were decreasing, while the strength of the Pontiff was returning.

SCOTT DIARY "WONDERFUL."

Tells Complete Story of Pole Trip, but Wife Alone Has Read It.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 18.—Mr. Bruce, brother of Lady Scott, who arrived at Plymouth to-day from New Zealand, said that Capt. Scott's diary was only glanced through, for the purpose of getting the message which was sent home, and was then handed intact to Lady Scott. She alone had read it. It was likely, he said, that in due course the whole diary would be made public.

"I am told," he added, "that the diary is a wonderful document."

So far as Mr. Bruce knew, the diary was fully written up. It did not end abruptly, but concluded in a natural way.

There was no ground for the belief, he said, that Petty Officer Evans developed insanity on the return journey. In all the records found there was no mention by Capt. Scott or other members of the party of anything justifying such a report.

The "astonishing failure of Evans" referred to by Capt. Scott had to do with the sailor's physical capabilities. He was a big, stalwart, good-hearted, loyal fellow, and was looked on as the strong man of the party.

Discussing the fateful journey back from the pole, Mr. Bruce said that there was no reason to imagine that the party lost their way and so were delayed.

There was some truth in the report that a set of instruments was lost, but that had nothing to do with the disaster, as Capt. Scott's party were fully provided with the instruments required. It was the party which was sent back under Commander Evans that had to do with the lost instruments.

Mr. Bruce was unable to tell the exact date of Capt. Scott's death, but from the records he heard of it was apparent that Capt. Scott lived two days after his companions died.

BULGARS ACCEPT TERMS.

Agree to Powers' Proposals—Reported Clash with Servians.

SOFIA, April 18.—Premier Güchoff today informed the Sobranje that the Bulgarian Government had accepted the terms of the last note of the great powers containing proposals for ending the war in Southeastern Europe. The Premier said Bulgaria's acceptance contained reservations, but that these would not hinder the conclusion of peace.

VIENNA, April 18.—A dispatch to a newspaper here reports that Bulgarian volunteers have attacked a Servian transport train between Kumanovo and Egripalanka. It says sharp fighting ensued, in which eighty Servian soldiers were killed or wounded. The Servians fled, leaving the transport wagons full of arms and ammunition in the hands of the Bulgarians. The losses of the Bulgarians are unknown.

LONDON, April 18.—A Central News dispatch from Salonika says the Seventh Division of the Bulgarian Army is reported to have received orders to march against Monastir, which is now held by the Servian troops.

The Servian commander is said to be concentrating three divisions of troops at Veles, twenty-three miles to the southeast of Uskub, against the threatened Bulgarian attempts to dispossess the Servians of the territory they captured during the war.

The Greeks in the same way are taking all the needful military measures for the retention of Salonika.

CETTINJE, April 18.—King Nicholas, it is understood, is preparing a proclamation explaining to his subjects that, as the Servian troops have been withdrawn, he finds himself compelled to abandon the siege of Scutari.

BUCHAREST, April 18.—What at first was supposed to have been an attempt to assassinate Take Jonesco, Minister of the Interior, in Parliament to-day turned out to have been a demonstration by a student to draw attention to the grievances of Rumanians in Macedonia.

During the sitting of the Chamber a student named Hanciu arose and, drawing a revolver from his pocket, fired a blank shot in the direction of M. Jonesco. The Minister was not injured, but the shot created considerable excitement in the chamber. Hanciu was arrested.

HITS THE NEWSPAPERS.

Despite Their Faults, Though, Mr. Irwin Thinks They Do Good.

Will Irwin, magazine writer and lecturer, spoke in Cooper Union last night. His subject was the newspapers, and his audience was large and appreciative. The advertised subject of Mr. Irwin was "Insurgency in Journalism," but that was hardly a description of his talk.

Mr. Irwin was frank in his expression of opinion concerning the present management of newspapers in a great many cities and towns of the United States. He deplored what he termed was the tendency of the business office of newspapers to overshadow in influence the editorial departments, and also the great power of the advertisers in newspapers in shaping the policies of many of the papers of this country.

"The power of the press," said Mr. Irwin, "is the power of news, and for good or bad the news columns are twenty times more powerful than are the editorial columns."

Mr. Irwin said that in the old days the readers of newspapers paid for them. To-day, he said, as a general rule it was the advertisers who paid for them. The average was $5 for advertising to $1 for subscriptions.

"The advertiser or advertisers," he observed, "can if he is or they are strong enough almost always force any policy he or they want on any newspaper."

Recently he said a large newspaper in Chicago demanded and received $25,000 worth of advertising for the suppression of a piece of news of importance. He thought the power of advertising was daily shoving the newspapers closer to capitalism.

Mr. Irwin then admitted that newspapers, despite their many faults, did much good.

Italian Royalty at German Wedding.

BERLIN, April 18.—The King and Queen of Italy have definitely decided to attend the wedding of Princess Victoria Luise, daughter of the German Emperor and Empress, to Prince Ernst August of Cumberland, which is to take place in Berlin on May 24. The announcement is made on the authority of a dispatch from Rome to The Tageblatt.

Wreaths for Harris on Atlantic.

Benno Neuberger, an importer of this city, President of the Hebrew Infant Asylum, arriving on the Cunard liner Mauretania yesterday, threw overboard two floral wreaths when the liner was in the longitude of the Titanic disaster of a year ago in memory of Henry B. Harris. One was from the widow, and the other wreath was from the asylum.

MARTIN' WIRES FROM SWITZERLAND

"Cease Inquiries; All Well; Writing," Message to Friend in London Reads.

NOT CREDITED BY FAMILY

Detective Burns Withdraws from Case, Which, He Declares, "Is No Longer a Mystery."

LONDON, April 18.—A friend here of Joseph Wilberforce Martin, the Memphis (Tenn.) cotton dealer, missing since April 3, to-night received this telegram from Vevey, Switzerland:

Cease inquiries. All well. Writing.
J. W. MARTIN.

W. J. Burns, the American detective, announced that information he had received from his New York office had satisfied him that Martin was alive and well. He would not say where his information led him to belive Martin was, but declared the missing man was not in London, adding:

"My information compels me to withdraw from the case, which is no longer a mystery. Martin is not in any physical danger."

MEMPHIS, April 18.—Relatives here of J. W. Martin asserted to-night that they still were without information as to the whereabouts of the missing cotton merchant, and expressed doubt as to the authenticity of a dispatch received in London purporting to be from Martin.

"If my brother is alive and in Switzerland, as the telegram would indicate," said Fontaine Martin, "I cannot conceive why some one of the family here has not had word from him. I doubt very much the genuineness of the telegram received in London."

Mr. Martin declared he knew nothing of the withdrawal from the search of Detective W. J. Burns.

"If the detective has located my brother, he has not informed us," Mr. Martin said.

A race for a stake of $25,000 involved in the failure of the Martin-Phillips Company, of which Joseph W. Martin is President, was won to-day by W. H. Rossell of the Fourth National Bank of New York, in competition with a representative of the Union and Planter's Bank of Memphis. Agents of both institutions were sent to Forest City, Ark., forty miles from Memphis, to attach property in which Martin is interested, and the New Yorker beat the Memphian by several minutes reports declare.

Despite the fact that J. T. Speers, warehouseman, declares that cotton receipts given as collateral for loans in many cases are forgeries, Attorney General Estes has made no move toward criminal prosecution.

Mrs. Nina D. Martin was said to be near death to-night. Joseph W. Martin was her favorite son. It is said that her death would cause a division of a $2,000,000 estate and have an important bearing on the affairs of the Martin-Phillips Company.

OCEAN BURIAL FOR TWO.

Mother and Child Die Within 24 Hours on Steamship Bremen.

When the German steamship Wittekind arrived in Quarantine last night from Bremen, with some 2,000 steerage passengers, the doctors reported two deaths on board on the voyage.

On April 9, Eva Stall, 9 years old, one of a family of six children, died of meningitis and was buried the same night at sea. The shock of her daughter's death was too great for the mother, Mrs. Katherine Stall, and on the next day she died of heart disease and was buried twenty-four hours after her child. John Stall, the father, and the other five children arrived on the steamer last night.

SHARKEY KNOCKED OUT.

Foul Kick Ended His Saloon Fight with Yellows the Newsboy.

Tom Sharkey, former heavyweight champion, who now runs a saloon at 144 East Fourteenth Street, took the count early yesterday morning for the first time since he quit the prize ring. The hero of many battles, including those with Fitzsimmons, Corbett, and Jeffries, went down on a foul in his own saloon delivered by "Yellow, the Newsboy," who is rated in the featherweight class. "Yellow" also holds title to the name of George Davis, and lives in West 101st Street. He tips the scales at 120 stripped. Sharkey admitted 225 pounds.

A number of Sharkey's friends, including "Yellow" gathered in the back room after the official closing hour yesterday morning to hear the ex-pugilist tell of his ring experiences. As time wore on Sharkey became more and more emphatic and banged on the table to drive home a point.

"I can lick any man between Fourteenth Street and the Battery," he exclaimed.

Everybody was surprised to hear "Yellow" sniff contemptuously.

"You, you couldn't lick a baby; you're a has been," he retorted.

That is how the trouble started, according to the story picked up by the police. The room was quickly cleared and the men faced each other. The referee shouted "Go to it," and the battle was on.

The ex-champion chased the boy about the room for a few minutes trying to land a light punch and be done. Then Davis suddenly turned on him, planted his right foot solidly in the big man's abdomen. The former world's champion sank gasping into a chair as the cry of "foul" was raised by his friends. He couldn't rise.

Patrolmen Lawlor and Lillis of the Fifth Street Station heard of the "knockout" and made an investigation. Sharkey wouldn't make a complaint.

OWED MONEY TO MUSICAS.

Franz Feltman, a Commission Merchant, Goes Into Bankruptcy.

Franz Feltmann, a member of the firm of Hirzel, Feltmann & Co., steamship aegnts and commission mechants at 17 Battey Place and 11 Boadway, has filed a petition in bankuptcy with liabilities of $317,447 nd nominal assets of $197,084. Of the liabilities $48,203 ae on drafts of A. Musica & Sons, the firm which swindled banks on both sides of the Atlantic out of thousands of dollars.

Feltmann's assets consist of outstanding accounts of $180,219, cash on hand $3,352, cash in banks in London $7, draft and checks $435, an automobile valued at $1,500, office furniture $3,700, goods in warehouse $75, shares of stock $1,000, life insurance surrender value $3,950, and claims of $1,446 and two memberships in the New York Produce Exchange.

Of the liabilities $239,222 are unsecured and $20,876 are secured. The business was started in 1889 by Henry Feltmann and Charles Hirzel, who are dead. Franz Feltmann became a partner in 1902 and became sole proprietor in 1909. He was the agent of the Pierce Line until Oct. 1, 1912. Pierce Brothers are his largest creditors. He has creditors in Naples, Italy, and Ecuador.

NANCY POLICE PUNISHED.

Discharged and Transferred for Failure to Protect Germans.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, April 18.—Emile Ogier's report of the Nancy incident, which was received by the Ministry of the Interior to-day, led the Government to take the following disciplinary measures:

The two policemen on duty at the Nancy station, who should have given better protection to the German travelers, have been dismissed, and a scheme for the reorganization of the service of surveillance at Nancy station is to be instituted without delay. The Central Police Commissary at Nancy and the special Police Commissary of the station have been transferred to other posts. M. Bonnet, Prefect of the Meurthe and Moselle department, in which Nancy is situated, has been transferred to another post for neglecting to inform the Minister of the Interior immediately of the incident.

M. Ogier's report seems to prove beyond reasonable doubt that, if the Germans were treated to hisses, hostile cries, and uncomplimentary epithets, they certainly were not struck or spat upon, as has been alleged. The story that they were forced to kneel before French officers is disproved by the simple fact that there were no officers in the station. One or two non-commissioned officers passed through the station at the time of the demonstration, but it is satisfactorily established that they were in no way concerned, nor were any students mixed up in the affair at the station, which was the only place where anything serious occurred.

In fact, it seems pretty clear that the manifestants were chiefly of the Apache or loafer class.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs will communicate the report to the German Embassy, together with a note of the disciplinary measures taken. There will be no discussion of the affair by the respective Governments, for the German Ambassador merely asked for information.

CAMBRIDGE COACH STRICKEN

Etherington-Smith Ill from Peritonitis Contracted in Operation.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, April 18.—R. B. Etherington-Smith, F. R. C. S., a Cambridge oarsman and rowing coach, who is also a distinguished surgeon on the staff of St. Bartholomew's Hospital, is lying very seriously ill in that institution, suffering from pneumococcal peritonitis. An urgent operation has been performed. Mr. Etherington-Smith operated a few days ago on a patient affected with gangrene of the lung, and it is thought possible that in doing so he became infected.

MORPHIA KILLS NOVELIST.

Hungarian Writer Dies from Overdose in London Hotel.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, April 18.—The death of a Hungarian novelist, Richard von Arkovy, aged 33 years, who was found dead in bed at the Carlton Hotel, was investigated to-day by the Coroner.

It was shown that he suffered from insomnia and had been in the habit of taking morphia. He appeared to have died from an overdose, and the jury's verdict was death from misadventure.

The evidence also showed that the deceased frequented gambling houses.

UNHURT IN AUTO UPSET.

Carlos Renkart and Chauffeur Unscratched After Accident in France.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, April 18.—Carlos Renkart of New York, agent for Hotchkiss automobiles in France, had a narrow escape from death at Arras to-day when the automobile in which he was traveling with a chauffeur turned turtle. Both men were found unscratched under the car, although the vehicle was wrecked.

TO AID MARRIED TEACHERS.

Women Want Rule Against Them Rescinded in This City.

The problem of the married woman and her work was discussed at a meeting of the Committee on the Civic Service of Women at the home of Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, 6 East Sixty-sixth Street yesterday afternoon.

The speakers were Mrs. Inez Haynes Gilmore, Mrs. Beatrice Forbes Robertson Hale, Mrs. Jessica Finch Cosgrove, Edwin E. Slosson, Prof. Henry R. Linville, Prof. Montague of Columbia, and others. Miss Grace Strachan, who was not on the list of speakers, made a protest against having married teachers in the schools.

The rule which a resolution adopted yesterday said should be rescinded forbids the admission of a woman as a teacher in the public schools unless her husband is chronically ill, is mentally incapacitated or unless she has been deserted by him for three years. In speaking of leave of absence not being granted to a married teacher when her children are born Mrs. Hale said:

"This is preventing teachers from marrying and having children. It is a loss to the community as it is the most intelligent who should be encouraged to perpetuate the race. In France a woman teacher gets a year's leave of absence with pay when her children are born, and married women are preferred as teachers.

AN INVOLUNTARY PASSENGER

White Star Line Official Brought Here from Queenstown.

John Moylan, an official in the passenger department of the White Star Line, was an unvoluntary passenger on the White Star liner Adriatic, which arrived from Liverpool last night.

Mr. Moylan, who was spending a week at Queenstown, went off in the tender on Friday to the Adriatic to see some friends away. He was in the cabin talking and did not hear the warning for visitors to go on board the tender. When he came out on deck Daunt's Rock was close at hand and the Adriatic was going full speed toward New York. Purser Palmer, with the aid of the ship's baber, managed to fit Mr. Moylan out for the trip.

SUFFRAGISTS SEIZE LONDON LANDMARK

Two Militants Defy Police from the Top of the Fire Monument.

HOLD IT FOR AN HOUR

While Billingsgate Makes Holiday as They Wave Flags and Scatter Literature.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 18.—For an hour and a half this morning two suffragettes had London at their feet. They ascended to the caged gallery at the top of the famous Monument on Fish Street Hill, barricaded the door at the head of the stairs, and hoisted their flag, and for a time, until the barricades were broken down, held the gallery as a citadel from which they shrieked defiance of man-made laws and bombarded Billingsgate with "Votes for Women" leaflets.

It was the greatest height of absurdity to which the suffragette movement has yet risen. The two women paid the threepences demanded of all visitors to the Monument. Both were so dowdy and harmless of appearance that their somewhat bulky figures provoked no suspicion on the part of the guardians.

They climbed the 345 steps to the top and engaged in friendly conversation with the official accompanying them. When, however, he walked with another visitor to the top of the steps, the door suddenly banged behind him, knocking him head over heels down several steps. He thought it was the wind, but when he looked through the little wicket window in the door he realized that he had fallen a victim to the suffragettes.

They Barricade the Door.

The two harmless dowdy-looking women were now wearing expressions of fierce determination. Their former bulkiness was explained, for they produced from the recesses of their clothing a number of iron rods which they fixed against the rail of the gallery so as to jam the door. The rods were made of jointed lengths like those of a fishing rod, with screw adjustments.

The Warder remonstrated with them through the wicket. The younger woman said that they were sorry to cause inconvenience to him, but "the cause" was dearer to them than their lives. They intended to protest against man-made laws by remaining where they were until they were removed by force, even if they had to stay there all night.

The door being now securely fastened, the women proceeded with their propaganda. The horrified guardian was able to see through the aperture that they were attaching streamers to the railings displaying the suffragette flag, and scattering leaflets. He could now hear through the aperture the great voice of Billingsgate joyously hailing the adventure.

By means of the telephone he summoned assistance, and soon three policemen were by his side. Then ensued for more than an hour a contest between the brute strength of man and the ingenuity of cunning woman. In the end, with the aid of a twelve-pound sledgehammer, brute force triumphed, and the barricade was forced, but meantime the cause of the suffragettes had been advanced by the most joyous popular festival seen in London for a long time.

A Holiday for Billingsgate.

Not often does any touch of romance come into the hard lives of the fish porters of Billingsgate. When it does they seize it eagerly. Not many minutes after the women had captured the Monument a crowd of many thousands gathered to see the fun. A great shout went up as the purple, white, and green suffragette flag was broken out above another flag with the inscription, "Victory or Death!" Several streamers were displayed, and then showers of leaflets began to flutter down on Billingsgate and showers of billingsgate began to ascend. Every van was turned into a grand stand. The police assembled to keep the crowd away from the entrance door at the base of the column, for it was evident that the crowd would require some regulating when the women came within reach of them. Many of them had provided themselves with pieces of shopworn fish for argumentative purposes.

When at length the door was forced and the women were brought down stairs and an attempt was made to bring them to the street it was found necessary to bring a considerable reinforcement to restrain the enthusiasm of the crowd. At the first sight of the two dowdy, now anxious-looking women in the doorway a wild rush was made toward them, and bouquets of stale fish began to be thrown.

The women were hastily taken back into the Monument until more police arrived, and soon after half past 12 the two women got away in safety to the Monument station, close by, where they were released.

The Monument, as it is always called, though it is by no means the only notable column in London, was erected in 1671-1677 to commemorate the great fire of London, which in 1666 destroyed 13,200 houses. The iron cage at the top was added to put a stop to the suicides which had become so numerous as to embarrass the authorities. The Monument is 202 feet in height, and overlooks the famous fish market of Billingsgate.

"GEN." DRUMMOND REMANDED.

She Must Answer a Charge of Inciting Suffragettes to Riot.

LONDON, April 18.—Two militant suffragettes now undergoing terms of imprisonment have been identified as the two women who were seen on bicycles in the vicinity of the mansion of Lady Amy White, widow of Field Marshal Sir George White, at Englefield Green, Surrey, when it was burned to the ground on March 20. At that time large quantities of suffrage literature were found in the grounds.

"General" Mrs. Flora Drummond, the militant suffragette leader, and George Lansbury, a former Socialist member of Parliament, appeared at Bow Street Police Court to-day to answer summonses under the Statute of Edward III., charging them with inciting to crime and misdemeanor. They were remanded until April 26 on giving an undertaking not to participate in any meetings in the interval.

It is stated on apparently good authority that the Government has at length determined on drastic repression of the militant suffragettes. The Women's Social and Political Union, their central organization, it is said, will be declared an illegal body; the headquarters are to be closed and the funds attached.

ABERDEEN, April 18.—The railway station here had a narrow escape from being burned down last night. A canister of gunpowder, oil-soaked rags, and a burning candle, the customary weapons of the suffragette "arson squads," were discovered on the timely appearance of the patrol now guarding the building, as all of the larger railroad stations are now guarded.

TORPEDO HYDROAEROPLANE

Brazil to Test New Device, Invented by an Electrician.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

RIO DE JANEIRO, April 18.—The Navy Department of Brazil will soon commence practical tests of a new aerial invention, the work of an electrical engineer, Torcuato Lamaro, consisting of a torpedo float attached to a hydroaeroplane.

Satisfactory results are said to have been obtained by the inventor in his preliminary experiments. Those who have witnessed the tests say it will prove as successful as its inventor claims, and revolutionize warfare.

CAT GIVES BLOOD POISONING

Dr. G. B. Balch Bitten in the Hand, but Is Recovering.

Dr. Galusha B. Balch, 74 years old, of 136 Yonkers Avenue, who founded the Yonkers Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Children and the Yonkers Historical and Preservation Society, was bitten by a cat on last Wednesday morning and suffered blood-poisoning. He is recuperating on his farm at Richmond, Mass.

Dr. Balch had been annoyed for some time by homeless cats. When he found one in his parlor on Wednesday and tried to drive it away, the animal sprang at him and sank its teeth into his left hand.

The doctor paid no attention to the bite until Saturday, when the hand began to swell and crimson streaks appeared on his left fore arm. The next day his daughter, Mrs. B. Holmes, Superintendent of the Yonkers Contagious Disease Hospital, and herself a physician, came home and found that her father was suffering from blood-poisoning. Dr. Louis V. Waldron treated him and took the customary precautions against tetanus.

The cat was removed by the Caretaker for Animals and is being kept under surveillance.

WOMAN ACCUSES PHYSICIAN.

Dr. H. B. Adler Arrested on Her Ante-Mortem Statement.

Just before Mrs. Lily Weineger of 778 East 118th Street died in Harlem Hospital last evening she made a statement on the strength of which Coroner Feinberg ordered the arrest of Dr. H. B. Adler on a malpractice charge.

Dr. Adler was arrested at his home, 55 West 113th Street, by Detectives Dukeshire, Thompson, and Kerr. He protested his innocence with great vehemence, and shortly after he had been locked in a cell at the East 126th Street Station he collapsed completely and had to be taken to Harlem Hospital, where he remained last night a prisoner.

Mrs. Weineger leaves a husband and four children. She was 28 years old.

COMPROMISE TALK IN BELGIAN STRIKE

Strikers Hold Their Own and Government Is More Conciliatory.

STATE RAILWAY HARD HIT

It Has Cancelled 175 Freight Trains Per Day—Printers Will Go Out To-day.

BRUSSELS, April 18.—While it is yet premature to hope for an early settlement of the great strike that is now paralyzing the economic life of Belgium, efforts made to-day by M. Hyman, the Liberal leader in the Chamber of Deputies, to conciliate those opposed to granting manhood suffrage to workingmen appear to have been not altogether in vain. After considerable discussion of the question the Chamber adjourned to-day until next Tuesday, on motion of the Premier, to consider the situation.

During this interval the various parties will carefully examine the motion of the Liberal Deputy, M. Masson, which embodies the elements of a compromise. After the Chamber adjourned the Socialist members drew up a manifesto explaining the situation. This document says:

"Will it be war, or will it be peace? We do not know; but the strike now in progress was indispensable to enforce a hearing of our claims."

The impression produced by the speech in the Chamber of M. Woeste, the Clerical leader, who yesterday emphatically opposed any concessions by the majority to those demanding manhood suffrage, led to an increase in the number of strikers to-day, notably in Brussels; but this increase was apparently offset by returns to work elsewhere. The official estimates of the number of men out range between 312,000 and 350,000.

The incidents of the strike of 1893 are being repeated in all centres without the slightest departure from the remarkable discipline then maintained. The State railway has been badly hit. In addition to losing 70,000 workmen's daily commutation fares, it has been obliged to cancel 175 freight trains running daily between the industrial centres and Antwerp. There also are indications that the management of the railroad is getting uneasy about the employes, and a second and stringent general order was issued to-day prohibiting them from holding or attending meetings.

Cessation of work by the printers tomorrow will bring home to residents of the Belgian capital the effects of the strike far more forcibly than the crippling of industry in other parts of the country has done. The majority of the fifteen daily papers issued here will be unable to publish, while the others will appear in reduced form.

ANTWERP, April 18.—The steamers Lake Michigan and Goldenfels, due to leave this port to-day, were delayed, as they were unable to complete their loading, owing to the strike. The number of strikers to-day in this city reached 20,000, an increase of 2,000 since yesterday.

Stefansson Sails for Home To-day.

LONDON, April 18.—Vilhjalmar Stefansson, the arctic explorer, will sail tomorrow from Southampton for New York, where he will spend three weeks before starting on his four-year expedition to the arctic in search of a new continent.

Snake Venom Killed Hagenbeck.

HAMBURG, Germany, April 18.—Slowly working snake venom was the cause of the death of Karl Hagenbeck, the animal collector, according to the physician who attended him. He was bitten years ago, and the venom eventually affected his liver.

FEARED HIS FORMER RECORD

Sullivan Says He Ran from Police, Though Innocent.

Thomas Sullivan, known in the criminal world as "Jack Gormley," testified in his own defense yesterday in his trial for robbing a flat in Astoria on June 4, 1912. Sullivan, who was a friend of "Big Jack" Zelig, the gunman, who was involved in the Rosenthal murder and who was killed after the gambler was slain, testified yesterday that the reason he ran away when he saw that the police were pursuing him on the day of the burglary in Astoria was because he felt that with his previous record as a criminal he had no chance of defending himself against any charge they might bring against him.

Sullivan's testimony followed that of his wife, who stood by him loyally. She said that her name was Mrs. Mary Gormley, and that she had been married twelve years. Her husband's name was John Gormley, she asserted, and not Thomas Sullivan. According to the police and the indictment the prisoner's real name was Sullivan.

Other witnesses testified to seeing Sullivan quit the building where the robbery occurred. The case will go to the jury this morning.

WISE DROPS TRUST SUIT.

Last Cases Against American Steel and Wire Company Dismissed.

District Attorney Wise has entered a nolle prosequi in the last of the cases under the Sherman law against the American Steel and Wire Company. On June 29, 1911, indictments were found by the Federal Grand Jury against eighty-three individuals and thirty-five companies beside the American Steel and Wire Company, among the individual defendants being Frank J. Gould and Herbert L. Satterlee, son-in-law of the late J. Pierpont Morgan. Nearly all the defendants entered pleas of nolo contendere, and submitted to fines.

On the advice of Herbert C. Smyth of Wellman, Gooch & Smyth, however, four of the defendants, Henry Leschen, President, and John A. Leschen, Vice President of A. Leschen & Sons Rope Company, Wellston, Mo., and John Broderick, President, and Joseph D. Bascom, Secretary of the Broderick & Bascom Rope Company of St. Louis, refused to enter a similar plea and prepared to fight the suit.

LINEMAN HUNG ON A WIRE.

Lost His Footing While Stringing Cables in Light Shaft.

While at work on the seventh floor of a new building in course of construction on the southwest corner of 125th Street and Seventh Avenue, last night, William Tuttle, a lineman employed by the New York Telephone Company, stringing cables in the airshaft, lost his footing and fell to the fifth floor, where his foot caught in some wiring and he hung suspended for several minutes until pulled from his perilous position by other workmen.

In falling his head struck the side of the shaft, rendering him unconscious. A hurry call was sent to Harlem Hospital and Dr. O'Brien found Tuttle suffering from concussion of the brain and a broken right arm. He was taken to the hospital, where it was said his condition was serious.

Sentenced for White Slavery.

Luigi Marrone, a silk weaver, was sentenced yesterday in the Federal District Court by Judge Martin to two and a half years' imprisonment at Atlanta for bringing a girl named La Santia from Passaic, N. J., to this city for immoral purposes.

Steamer Wells City's Whisky Cargo.

The British freighter Wells City which arrived on Wednesday with a cargo of Irish whisky, stout and ginger ale, brought 2,500 cases of the whisky—about 24,000 quarts—not 1,250,000 quarts as an item in Thursday's TIMES erroneously stated.

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue

IMPORTANT SALE TO-DAY (SATURDAY)

English Sack Suits

FOR YOUNG MEN, 32 TO 40 CHEST

Soft Roll Front, Natural Shoulders.

A new three or four button English model made without canvas front or padding on shoulders; strictly hand-tailored; pin or pencil striped cassimere, shepherd check velour, navy blue serge and the newest English fabrics.

18.50 Regular Price, $27.50

London "Toga" Overcoats

FOR YOUNG MEN, 32 TO 40 CHEST.

Made in London Expressly for Franklin Simon & Co.

New Chesterfield or Raglan models, made of exclusive English fabrics in all the newest colorings.

29.50 Regular Price, $45.00

Young Men's Silk and Linen Shirts

Sizes 12½ to 15½

Negligee shirts of silk and linen mixture in colored novelty stripes; also with all white in self-figured designs, laundered neckband or collar attached; French cuffs.

1.50 Regular Price, $3.50

SEPARATE ENTRANCE

Young Men's Clothing and Furnishings

8 and 10 West 38th Street, Store Floor

Connecting with our Fifth Avenue Store.

FIFTH AVE., 37th and 38th Sts.

Are You the Man?

¶ We are looking for a man who is looking for a tailor who knows his business.

¶ We are more than mere tailors—we are dispensers of clothes-satisfaction to those who have been disappointed elsewhere.

¶ Saks clothes have cured many a man of a rooted belief that style and fit are confined to those dandiacal gentlemen of the fashion plates, who are all contour and collar.

¶ If it be a light weight coat you want, put yourself in our hands, and we will show you a range of fabrics and models unmatched in the Island of Manhattan.

¶ In suits, you may keep trying on different models and fabrics all day long and yet not exhaust the infinite variety here assembled for your selection.

¶ And as for the workmanship, the fit, the finish and the style, you may take our word for it that these are not the fictitious imaginings of ink superinduced by the high cost of newspaper space, but stubborn facts that have made Saks clothes the premier productions of the tailor's art.

Men's Coats . . $17.50 to $38
Men's Suits . . $17.50 to $45

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

CHOOSE 4½% AND SAFETY

The expense and loss of time often attached to making investments reduce materially their earning capacity.

Our Tax Exempt Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates yield 4½% income clear, and, what is also important, you can invest without expense any amount, at any time.

No investor has ever lost a dollar

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
Capital & Surplus, $9,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

STATE NAUTICAL SCHOOL.

Sulzer Signs Bill and Hits at Port and Starboard Order.

ALBANY, April 18.—In approving the bill providing for State maintenance of a nautical school, Gov. Sulzer fired a verbal salute to the American flag and a shot at the Navy Department for abandoning the old sea terms of "starboard" and "port." This, the Governor said, was ridiculous.

"The time is at hand," said he, "to place the American flag again where it was before the civil war, on every sea and in every port. We must have more ships; they must be manned by and owned by Americans. It is a deplorable fact that our once great and powerful deep-sea fleet has vanished, and that an everincreasing fleet of foreign vessels throngs our ports and monopolizes the carrying of more than nine-tenths of our import and export commerce."

The bill carries an appropriation of $100,000 for the expenses of the school for the first year.

WORK FOR WOMEN DOCTORS

Reform Suggested by Talcott Williams Becomes a Law.

ALBANY, April 18.—Gov. Sulzer today signed the Tudor bill, which provides that where women are required to undergo physical examinations in obtaining employment the examinations shall be made by women physicians. In approving the measure the Governor said:

"This bill will remedy an intolerable condition, and is a just and proper recognition of the right of women employes to obtain employment without being subjected to unnecessary embarrassment. It merely gives to women the same rights and privileges accorded to men, and is a step toward equality of opportunity without regard to sex."

The measure was recommended to the Governor by Talcott Williams.

BILL TO CUT SINKING FUND.

Sulzer Proposes Act to Transfer $12,400,000 Accumulation.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 18.—Gov. Sulzer has prepared a bill to transfer to the general fund about $12,400,000 which has accumulated in the sinking fund created to pay off bonds for roads, the barge canal, and the acquisition of Palisades Park.

The accumulations of the last eight years have increased the sinking fund far beyond the amount necessary to cover the State's outstanding obligations. The rapid increase in the value of real estate and personal property has caused this.

The Governor's bill is one result of the work of his Commission of Inquiry.

CANALS TO BE OPEN IN MAY.

State to Take Charge of Lock Work and Push It.

ALBANY, April 18.—In order to push the canal construction work the State Canal Board has decided to take possession of the plant and machinery used in building the lock at Vischer Ferry and put more men on the work. The company which has the contract will receive 15 per cent. of the total amount expended on this work until it is completed.

The board's action followed a conference between Gov. Sulzer and representatives of various shipping associations, who feared the canals would not be opened until late in June. The board now expects to open the system to navigation before the end of May.

MISS MORGAN SENDS PLEA.

Urges $500,000 Appropriation for Bedford Reformatory.

ALBANY, April 18.—Boards of managers of various State institutions have been invited to confer with Gov. Sulzer next Wednesday on proposed appropriations for the institutions. The Governor's Committee of Inquiry recommended a policy of retrenchment and economy for some of these.

Miss Anne Morgan, daughter of the late J. Pierpont Morgan, sent a telegram to the Governor to-day urging him to approve a $500,000 appropriation for the Bedford Reformatory.

Higher Wages for Canal Laborers.

ALBANY, April 18.—At the suggestion of the Governor, Duncan W. Peck, Superintendent of Public Works, has increased the wages of laborers employed on the State canals from $1.76 to $2 a day.

FOES OF TAMMANY RALLY TO SULZER

Anti-Organization Clans Respond to Call and Indorse Direct Primary Bill.

NAME COMMITTEE OF 100

New Measure Embodies Governor's Suggestions in Electoral Reform Message.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 18.—Gov. Sulzer's campaign for a State-wide direct primary was enthusiastically indorsed today at a meeting attended by up-State Democratic committeemen and editors, those who hold office under the Sulzer administration, and Democrats who are not altogether in harmony with their party organizations at home.

Charles N. Beiger, who has been defeated in primary fights in the Oswego district, presented the report of the committee appointed last week to draft a bill embodying the suggestions the Governor made in his special message on electoral reform. There was only once voice against the bill, that of William Lusgarten, who said that if his suggestions for majority candidate were rejected the progressive Democracy would have nothing to do with the measure. The bill was approved after two hours of discussion, and the Governor expressed his pleasure, saying: "The people are about to come into their own." A committee of 100 was appointed to aid in the passage of the Governor's bill.

"Just what is this committee to do?" William G. Rice of Albany asked.

"The purpose of this committee is to help pass this bill," Gov. Sulzer replied.

"Is the committee for the bill?" Col. Rice asked.

"Every man of it," said Mr. Sulzer.

"If this committee, with my aid and the agencies I expect to put to work, cannot secure the passage of this bill between now and Dec. 31 I don't know anything about politics."

Charles F. Murphy was not represented at the conference. In fact, no Tammany leader was present, and there was a notable absence of Democratic leaders from Kings, Erie, and other counties where the Democratic vote is large and leaders are in sympathy with Tammany. W. H. Kelly, committeeman from Onondaga, the organization leader of that district, was present, as was his opponent, Melville Z. Havens. Joseph J. Murphy of Troy did not attend, but he was represented by John P. Kelly, Rensselaer County Committee Chairman.

The Legislature was represented by Senator Boylan, Assemblyman Kerrigan, Patrie and Jude. Among the officeholders in attendance were W. W. Farley, Excise Commissioner; John D. Moore and George E. Van Kennen, Conservation Commissioners; M. H. Hoover of Lockport, an employe of the Conservation Commission; W. Barry Murphy, State Fair Commissioner; Jerry F. O'Connor, Deputy Attorney General, and Deputies Walsh and Harris of the State Controller's office.

The Governor expressed gratification at the large attendance, saying he would not forget that those present had responded to his call.

Canon William S. Chase of Brooklyn said that the question of direct primaries involved the greatest moral issue of the day.

"When Mr. Barnes and Mr. Wadsworth defeated the Hughes Direct Primary measure," said Canon Chase, "they misrepresented the membership of the Republican party, and the whole party was punished for it. If you will fight this battle for the people to the bitter end, Governor, no matter what the threats of evil which the bosses may bring against you, I assure you of the support of the vast body of the clergy and the churches of this great commonwealth. This is the greatest moral reform of the age. It will destroy the political protection given to murderers, thieves and keepers of resorts of vice, who get their power by paying graft."

Mr. Lustgarten said the Governor's bill permitted a minority candidate to stand as the candidate of the party. He said direct primaries would be a farce unless it was provided that the successful candidate should have a majority of the votes of his party in the primary.

Daniel J. Dugan, State Committeeman, who is opposing Patrick E. McCabe, the Albany lieutenant of Charles F. Murphy, said the Governor's bill achieved the fundamental principle of equal opportunity. H. P. Warner of Ontario County said he was a convert to Democracy. He ran for Congress once as a Republican and was beaten by one vote. He said the people wanted him, but the bosses didn't. He congratulated the Governor upon devising the bill.

Here are some of the important features of the Governor's primary bill, which will be introduced Monday night:

All party candidates for public offices, except town, village, and school district offices, to be nominated by the enrolled party voters at the official party primary.

A State Committee of 150 members and a County Committee for each county, one from each election district.

Designation of party candidates to be by petition only.

The Massachusetts form of ballot for the primary, except that names shall be placed by lot.

The number of enrolled voters required to sign a designating petition to be 1 per cent. of the party vote cast for Governor. For State offices the number need not exceed 3,000, and may be made up of 50 from each of twenty counties.

The primary district to be identical with the election district.

The use of party funds at primary elections prohibited.

On the committee of 100 to aid in the passage of the bill are thirteen State Committeemen and twenty-nine County Committee Chairmen. The State Committeemen are George W. Batten, Niagara; Henry T. Burgard, Erie; William A. Buckley, Monroe; William H. Kelly, Onondaga; Edward E. Perkins, Dutchess; John H. Burke, Saratoga; Jerry F. O'Connor, Oneida; Charles F. Rattigan, Cayuga; E. E. Rigney, Ontario; Daniel Sheehan, Chemung; Joseph Schwarzenbach, Steuben; Thomas J. Cummings, Chautauqua, and Warner M. Sweet, Allegany.

Mr. Lustgarten was named on the tentative committee, but after his attack upon the plurality feature of the bill he was displaced by John J. Hopper of New York.

DOUGLAS NOT HEARD FROM.

Greene Company Awaits Word from Men Reported Held in Mexico.

No information could be obtained at the office of the Greene-Cananea Copper Company, 42 Broadway, yesterday regarding the whereabouts of the company's President, J. S. Douglas, and his secretary, S. W. Applewhite, who, it was reported in a dispatch from El Paso, Texas, on Thursday, were being held for ransom in Mexico. The report said that the two men had been captured either by insurgent State troops or striking miners of Cananea, an American mining and smelter centre below the Arizona border.

An official of the company said yesterday that he did not place much faith in the story of the kidnapping, although he admitted that he had not heard from either of the men for some time. The official explained that this might be because the telegraph service in that district had been in very bad shape recently.

"We sent a wire to Naco, Ariz., where our plant is, for information, and we expect an answer to-morrow," said the official.

BOSTON HOTEL ASSIGNS.

The Westminster, Built Too High, Was Shorn of Its Top Story.

BOSTON, April 18.—Charles A. Gleason, proprietor of the Hotel Westminster, the construction of which several years ago resulted in much litigation and legislation, made an assignment today for the benefit of his creditors. The fixtures, furniture and supplies of the hotel are included in the assignment.

When it became known that the promoters planned to erect a hotel in Copley Square more than 100 feet high there was a storm of protest, in consequence of which the Legislature adopted a measure limiting the height of buildings on the square to ninety feet. The architects of the Westminster modified their plans, but when it was completed the hotel towered ninety-six feet above the sidewalk. Suit was brought against the owners, who were compelled finally to remove the top story.

ATTACK FITZGERALD'S VOTE.

Sullivan Men See the Bowery Blush for His Support of Stilwell.

State Senator John C. Fitzgerald, leader of the Third Assembly District which takes in part of the Bowery, was denounced last night at a meeting of the followers of Patrick Sullivan, at their club, 259 Bowery, for voting to acquit Senator Stilwell.

It was the first regular meeting of the Sullivanites, who are fighting to make Patrick Sullivan leader of the district over which "Big Tim," his brother, ruled so long. There were about 600 Sullivanites present, and Senator Fitzgerald was bitterly attacked by half a dozen speakers. Patrick Sullivan said he was not fighting for the leadership for itself, but because he did not want Fitzgerald, who, he said, did not properly represent his constituents, to get it.

"Fitzgerald's action in voting for the acquittal of Senator Stilwell was enough to bring the blush of shame to the cheeks of every one on the Bowery," said Dr. George L. Muth.

FAIL TO ROB SAFE.

Burglars Blow Outer Door, Then Fly, Leaving Tools.

The branch office of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company on the second floor of the Royal Building at Broadway and Ninety-fifth Street was entered early yesterday morning by burglars, who used an electric drill and dynamite in tearing the outer door from the safe, which they dragged to the centre of the room.

Before they could attack the inner door, and so reach the $1,000 in money and the valuable papers kept in the safe, they were frightened away, and left in such haste that their tools were found on the office floor when the attempt was discovered at 8 o'clock yesterday morning.

MINERALS IN SILKS CAUSE THE CRACKING

Manufacturer Says Women Should Know When Goods Are Adulterated.

WOULD HAVE LEGAL LABEL

Tin-Weighted Silk Fragile—Consumer, Says P. A. Tooley, Should Know Trade Secrets.

Manufacturers of dress silks, who contend that weighting these fabrics with tin or other mineral substances in the process of dyeing, does not lessen their resistance to wear, have little justification for their position, according to the opinion expressed yesterday by P. A. Toohey of Belding Brothers & Company, manufacturers of silks, when questioned in regard to the controversy arising from the recent charge of W. D. Haywood, the I. W. W. leader, that some of the silk makers "doctored" their products to the extent of six parts tin to one part silk.

"While it has been known in trade circles for many years that silks have been weighted in the process of dyeing, it is not generally known to the consumer," said Mr. Toohey, "and this fact has been largely responsible for the wonder expressed by the average women when she has found her new silk gown cracking along the seams when worn a few times or left in the fold for any length of time. Manufacturers who say that this weighting does not injure the fabric have little grounds for their contention. And yet, the real danger to the future of the domestic industry and the pocketbook of the consumer does not lie in this adulteration or defense of it but in the lack of legislation requiring all adulterated silks to be labeled as such in the selvage or other conspicuous places.

"The whole basis of adulteration is deception. When the jobber or the retailer buys silk from the manufacturer with the specification, for instance, that it be a twenty-ounce dye for the purpose of disposing of it at a certain figure, he knows that he is going to get an adulterated silk. Gold articles cannot be offered for sale unless they contain approximately 40 per cent. of the pure metal. Yet silks are sold every business day that contain only 25 per cent. of the pure fibre, the remaining 75 per cent. being made up of tin or other adulterating materials. There will probably always be a class of women to whom adulterated silks are necessary from the point of view that these women can afford no other, and should not be denied the chance of being as well arrayed, until the seams break, as their more fortunate sisters. It is not in catering to this class of women that the injustice lies, but in the misrepresentation that adulterated silks sold to them and to women able to pay higher prices are pure silks. In justice to all, legislation should be made for the manufacturer of pure-dye silks, who has to compete with adulterated goods. At present he is placed at a great disadvantage when trying to obtain the prices his goods are honestly worth."

Regarding the actual process of adulteration, Mr. Toohey went on:

"Raw silk is of an animal nature, and consequently requires considerable preparation before it is available for use. It is first submitted to a boiling-off process, which removes the gum and other impurities. In this cleansing process a pound of raw silk will lose on the average about four ounces. When dyed without the use of adulterants this lost weight is legitimately regained by the coloring matter absorbed. When it is treated, however, in the dye bath with dissolved tin and other weight producers, twelve ounces of silk frequently come out weighing as much as sixty or seventy. In more extreme cases the silk has been weighted up to eighty ounces.

"Silk doctored to such a degree is naturally worthless. When it is exposed to the air the liquid tin absorbed by the fibre in the dye bath crystallizes, and when the fabric is subjected to any unusual strain the crystallized particles cut the fibre and ruin the cloth.

According to another trade authority, the presence of perspiration is fatal to tin-weighted silks, as will be seen by the rotting at the armholes and by the discolored spots that sometimes occur, and which are tender. This is due to the salt present in the perspiration. Within the limits of commercial prudence there is much to justify loading, he asserted, but there is nothing to justify misrepresentation regarding it. To test for weighting he said:

"If one wishes to tell if silk has been weighted let him or her cut a small strip and burn it. Pure silk crisps up like the hair of the head when burnt, but weighted silk leaves an ash in the semblance of the fabric. The more the silk is weighted, the greater is the body of this ash."

Dies of Joy Over Great-Grandchild.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., April 18.—Mrs. Matilda Whitman, 75 years old, widow of John Whitman of Nyack, died suddenly to-day at the home of her granddaughter, Mrs. John A. W. Donaldson, in Grand Avenue, Ridgefield Park. Only yesterday she became a great-grandmother, and it is thought the happy event brought on a fatal heart attack.

IN NEW JERSEY.

BAYONNE.—The three daughters of Jacob Herman for the past month have been working in Herman Brothers' factory to aid their father in his fight against strikers. Miss Mollie Herman, the oldest of the trio, is 19 years old; Dora is 17, and Rose is 16.

HACKENSACK.—Extensive improvements are to be made to the ferry between Edgewater and West 130th Street, New York. A contract has been awarded to the Stillman-Deehanty-Ferris Company of New York, which calls for the expenditure of $130,000. It is intended to rebuild and extend one of the slips on the Edgewater shore and construct a second slip on the New York side.

WEST ORANGE.—Automatic fire sprinklers saved the Essex County Country Club. A fire started in one of the clothes rooms, but before attaches of the club discovered it it had been almost extinguished by the fire sprinklers. The water did damage amounting to $500.

TRENTON.—Robbers made a bungling job of an attempt to raid the Lawrenceville Post Office. Two men succeeded in forcing open the outer doors of the safe, but after an explosion, which could be heard for blocks, the inner doors remained intact. Michael Fleming, a watchman at the Lawrenceville School, heard the explosion and hastened toward the Post Office just in time to see the men making their escape.

TRENTON.—Joseph Marino and William H. Schultz of Newark were barred from taking the State Board of Pharmacy examinations to-day by President George H. White because they were tardy in surrendering a newspaper and book in their possession.

TENANTS

When that building is finished which as yet is only in a formative stage in your mind, Mr. Property Owner, you will be mighty careful in selecting your tenants.

Every applicant for space will first have to satisfy you as to his ability to live up to the conditions in the lease.

Which prompts us to observe, that you cannot afford to be any less vigilant in selecting a contractor who is competent to live up to the terms of a contract.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"

Sales Like These Are Reasons Why

MAIN BUILDING

Another "Scoop" for The Big Store!

Men's $3.50 & $4 "Regal" $1.98 Low Shoes, at

Only Enough for One Day's Selling, Therefore, If You Are at All Interested, Come Today—and EARLY Please!

Everybody who is at all familiar with the famous makes of shoes is aware that the "Regal" system of inspection is a scrupulous one.

Shoes bearing even the minutest flaws are set aside and stamped "Sub-Standard Regal," which is another term for "Factory Rejects."

The Regal Company permits us to state, however, on its own authority, that in most cases the imperfections are so slight that they can scarcely be detected except by experts, and that in no case do these flaws ever affect the wearing quality of the shoes

For All Practical Purposes This Footwear Is as Desirable as Any That Can Be Purchased at Full Prices!

We warn you that the quantity of Regal shoes is limited, but to round out the size assortments we have added more than 2,500 pairs of $3.50 and $4 shoes of another celebrated trade-marked make for men—one that shares prominence with the Regal make.

You can choose from this spring and summer's most fashionable lasts in patent leather, tan calf and dull calf.

Not every size in each style, but every size and every width in the whole collection. You will also find in this great offering about 300 pairs of "Sub-Standard Regal" high shoes in practically all sizes.

These shoes will be arranged on special tables for quick and easy selection. Extra salespeople in attendance.

(Second Floor, MAIN Building.)

MAIN BUILDING

A $34,000 Stock of Suits and Overcoats

The least you save on any garment today is $5—on many as much as $15. Absolutely the Choicest Fashions, Fabrics and Tailoring Produced in Ready-to-Wear Clothing by the Leading Makers of New York, Rochester and Baltimore.

There are so many specials in today's sale that we could not list and describe them all in a full-page advertisement. Therefore this brief, summarized detail:

Suits *Values to $20, at* **$12.75**

Youths' and young men's fancy blue, silk-lined suits; also stunning Norfolks in several shades of gray and brown in exclusive patterns, and men's suits in hundreds of patterns and colors, including plain gray, and a big variety of blue, all-wool serges.

$25 Silk-Lined Suits and Spring Overcoats, $15.75

Yes, and you will find it a task to match many of these garments even at $25. All sizes for men and young men. The assortments include gray and blue serges, gray and nattiest mixtures, also the new shades in tan, brown and blue, all-wool serges. Norfolk styles included.

"R. B. Fashion Clothes" Suits

Striking new models of this famous make of ready-to-wear clothing shown for the first time today. At least 20 styles, including Norfolks. Grades not to be duplicated under $25 to $30; here, today, at... **$20**

(Second Floor, MAIN Building.)

Scores of Other Important Timely Sales Are Scheduled in Both of Our Big Buildings for Today. The Economies Are Very Exceptional.

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GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.
Sixth Avenue — J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. — 18th to 19th Streets

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

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NONE BETTER MADE

No scarcity of 'cheap' hats—but the man who respects his head wants style and quality. He finds both in a Young.

Derbies and Soft Hats, $3 and $4.

Broadway, near Dey St.
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Broadway, near 28th St.
Broadway, near 36th St.
Broadway, near Beaver St.
Nassau St., near Liberty.
Woolworth Building, Broadway, near Park Place.
Only Brooklyn Store, 371 Fulton St., Opp. City Hall.

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By Stephen French Whitman

Second Edition

"Strangely fascinating tale." —*Outlook.*

"It is a book that will fascinate many." —*Phila. Press.*

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"The hero is one of the most interesting creations that American fiction has evolved in a long time. The problem that he presents goes down into some of the profoundest depths of human nature, and his solution of it is distinctly of the twentieth century." —*New York Times.*

$1.35 net; by mail, $1.45

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Illustrated by Howard Chandler Christy

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By John Fox, Jr.,
Author of
"The Trail of the Lonesome Pine"

The Heart of the Hills

First Edition 100,000 Copies.

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"By long odds the author's strongest book." —*Boston Globe.*

"Fascinating and gripping romance." —*Chicago Record-Herald.*

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Illustrated. $1.35 *net; by mail,* $1.46

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Small Women's and Misses' Sizes. Values $55 to $75.

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The place is the most beautiful thing of its kind you've ever seen. Whatever is served to you is the best to be had. You dine in an atmosphere that is kept pure by a perfect ventilator system.

The entertainment is of the same high class as everything else about the place, and if you have not been here already, there's a pleasant surprise waiting for you.

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AT $15.00

Afternoon Frocks and semi-evening costumes, delightfully fashioned of silk charmeuse, in all the leading Spring and Summer shades. Have waist and tunic of silk marquisette, finely tucked, and crushed girdle, shadow lace cuffs and lace lingerie collar. Skirt is side slit. In every way they are up to the minute. Worth considerably more than our price. All sizes for Women and Misses.

The Bloomingdale Dress Salons are showing all the new models in Summer dresses, frocks and costumes that received their inspiration from Paris. The prices begin at $25.00 and range gradually up to $115.00.

FREE Our Year Book, 360 pages, cloth bound. Present this adv. at Book Dept. Also a pamphlet on our method of Cold Storage For Furs. T. 19

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BARBER HAD INCOME FROM J. J. ALBRIGHT

Asphalt King Turned Over, in 1903, Many Interests for $12,000 a Year.

CRIPPLED IN VENEZUELA

Change to Gasoline in His Auto Business Also Hurt Him, but He Protected Latter Interests.

Amzi Lorenzo Barber, the asphalt king and pioneer automobile manufacturer, who upon his death at Ardsley Towers on April 17, 1909, was reputed many times a millionaire, was for six years previous to his death the recipient of an annuity of $12,000 a year from John J. Albright of Buffalo, according to affidavits attached to the appraisal of his estate, filed yesterday in the New York County Surrogates' office. The annuity was given under an agreement dated March 14, 1903, by which Barber surrendered to Albright his ownership of the Lorena Company, with a capitalization of $500,000; the Dobbs Ferry Land and Improvement Company of a like capitalization, and Barber's equity in the turbine yacht Lorena, which he then was having built in England.

When the agreement was signed Barber had found himself to be at a financial crisis, due to his two enterprises, the asphalt and the automobile industries. The Locomobile Company of America, which he had founded in 1898, had been putting steam-driven cars on the market, and had been successful until the gasoline type of engine became popular, when the changes in the manufacturing plant interfered with the profits of the company. During the period of this depression in the automobile trade the National Asphalt Company, a combine, of which Barber was President and to which he had contributed three subsidiary companies, became involved in the turbulent politics of Venezuela, where were situated the principal sources of the asphalt supply.

The New York and Bermudez Company, a part of the Asphalt Trust, was credited by the State Department at Washington with having negotiated in 1901 the Matos revolt against President Castro of Venezuela, who it was said had not been liberal enough with his concessions toward the company. According to evidence taken at a trial of the company Gen. Gilbert M. Furman, the filibuster, was employed to engineer the revolt, and $145,000 was supplied for arms and ammunition. Before the revolt had been crushed 12,000 lives had been lost in eighteen months. President Castro put a fine of $5,000,000 upon the New York and Bermudez Company, and the company went into the hands of a receiver pending the settlement of this claim.

In the meantime Barber had resigned from the trust, and when the receiver for the New York and Bermudez Company endeavored to find a market for the output of asphalt Barber organized the A. L. Barber Asphalt Company to take up the production. When the former company's affairs were settled with the reduction of the fine to $60,000, the A. L. Barber Company lost its supply of asphalt. In the meantime Barber had become interested in the development of his hobby, the turbine engine. He was having built in England, largely as an experiment, the turbine yacht Lorena, practically the first sea-going vessel thus equipped.

In the financial crash the yacht on which Barber had spent $200,000 of a total cost of $300,000, and on which there was a lien of $150,000, was surrendered to Albright. Later it was sold to George J. Gould, who renamed it the Atalanta.

In the agreement with John J. Albright, who was associated with Joseph G. Robin and H. H. Westinghouse in the development of the Niagara, Lockport & Ontario Power Company, Barber said that he was financially involved to the extent of $105,000 in promissory notes, $221,000 in mortgages on the property of the Lorena and the Dobbs Ferry companies, $150,000 mortgages on his residence in Washington, D. C., the Belmont, and many other debts. In order to keep afloat the Locomobile Company of America he surrendered the Lorena Company and the Dobbs Ferry Land and Improvement Company to Albright and $250,000 mortgages of the Locomobile Company on the agreement that Albright should endorse $300,000 worth of the company's commercial paper, pay him $12,000 a year annuity and permit him to manage the automobile concern.

It was agreed that upon his death, after his executors had paid up his accounts with Albright, the latter should return all the securities that he held at the time, though if necessary he could dispose of them as he saw fit before Barber's death. So well did Barber retrieve his fortunes through the active management of the Locomobile Company that at his death, upon the executors paying Albright a debt of $120,339.14, the latter surrendered securities appraised in the proceedings before Appraiser Solomon Goldenkranz at $1,125,024, among which were included 5,000 shares of the Lorena Company, valued at $802,020; 3,000 shares of the Dobbs Ferry Land and Improvement Company, valued at $445,500, and 225 shares of the Ardsley Casino Company, $1,237,50.

The schedules attached to the appraisal showed that Barber at the time of his death held no stock in asphalt companies incorporated in New York. His entire personal estate was given as $1,350,000. The debts against the estate which were allowed in the proceedings were $151,925.11. Among the debts which were not considered as holding upon the estate were: Marcus Beebe, in re Rubber Tire Company, $2,473,700; A. L. Barber Asphalt Company, $32,011; W. H. Collbran, account of lease, $100,000, and Town Topics Publishing Company, $1,500, which was described as being for an article.

By the terms of the will Mrs. Irene Dick of Oberlin, Ohio, a sister, received $10,000, and another sister, Mrs. Emma Maitland, $5,000. Mrs. Lorena Langdon Davis, his eldest daughter whom he described as having been baptized as Hattie, was bequeathed a one-sixth part of the estate as principal and the income of one-third. The same portion passed to both Mrs. Bertha Langdon Vance, a daughter, and to his son, Le Droit Barber.

WHITE WAY HURTS HIS EYES.

Too Much Light for New Yorker Who Has Been Away 40 Years.

Bernard McCabe, who left his relatives in Morton Street forty years ago and went to California to seek his fortune, returned yesterday, and the first glimpse of the city which he left when a young man in 1873, dazed him. He returned by way of the Grand Central Station, and did remember the Grand Union Hotel, because of what happened to him there many years ago.

"You see, I was something of a greenhorn in those days," he said, "and one day I asked a street-car driver to recommend a lunch place.

"'Well, if you want your money's worth, there's a nice little place over there,' and he directed me to the lunchroom of the Grand Union. I had luncheon, put down a quarter and started to walk out. The lunchman called me back and said I owed a dollar, and he proved it by the bill of fare. I laid for that car man, but when he saw me he whipped up the horses, and I couldn't catch him.

In old Greenwich village he found that there had been little change during his absence, but all his old friends and his relatives too had disappeared. Inquiries at 44 Morton Street, where he had left relatives when he departed, brought no trace of them. Patrick Burns, who has lived on Morton Street for twenty years, said a relative of McCabe had made inquiries about him six months ago, and he had directed the visitor to the Rev. John A. Grogan, assistant rector of St. Joseph's Church at 59 Sixth Avenue. The priest remembered such a visitor, but could not remember his name or what information he sought of McCabe.

McCabe says he will keep up the search, for he believes some one must remember him and his relatives.

"These lights hurt my eyes," McCabe complained as he gazed on the White Way last night.

SEES END OF BALKAN CRISIS.

New Austrian Ambassador Says Trouble There Will Soon Be History

The Balkan troubles will soon be history, according to Constantin Dumba, the new Ambassador to the United States from Austria-Hungary, who arrived yesterday morning on the Mauretania. He said that since Russia had taken the Austrian view of the disposition of Scutari, the political atmosphere had cleared rapidly. This is Ambassador Dumba's first visit to the United States, and he is an eager sightseer.

"It is magnificent," he said when asked what he thought of New York. "As for Fifth Avenue, it would be difficult to find any street like it in the world. The ease with which the heavy traffic is handled there also impresses me."

Of President Wilson the Ambassador said:

"He is much admired by us, especially for his inaugural address. President Wilson is a new departure; a man full of new ideas, as his inaugural speech demonstrated. That was a very admirable address, and his advocacy of new labor legislation that will protect the unskilled workmen is indeed to be admired. My country is very much interested in such legislation here, because there are in this country hundreds of thousands of unskilled workmen from Austria-Hungary."

Ambassador Dumba will probably go to Washington to-day and present his credentials to President Wilson on Monday. Mrs. Dumba, he said, would join him in Washington toward the end of May.

ESTEY UPRIGHT, Style 33

Mahogany or polished American Walnut, $360—10% discount for cash; or $10 down, $2.50 per week. Other excellent pianos as low as $275. Players, $425. Your old Piano traded in. All sold on handy terms.

ESTEY

—the SUPREME instrument that has been favored for generations the world over—always by people understanding what a piano really should be.

ESTEY COMPANY

ESTEY BUILDING

23 WEST FORTY-SECOND

"Keep my name out of the paper," said the magnate to the reporters--and they did, just as if they thought he meant it. "The Omitted Name" in the May American Magazine . . .

JUDGE BROWN LEFT A $750,000 ESTATE

Fourteen Charitable and Educational Institutions Named Among Beneficiaries.

HE ENDOWS A MAGAZINE

It Is to be Devoted Exclusively to Color Plates of United States Plants—Fortune to Family.

Fourteen charitable and educational institutions are legatees under the will of Addison Brown, for twenty years Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. Judge Brown died on April 9 at his home, 45 West Eighty-ninth Street, leaving an estate valued at $750,000 personalty.

Harvard University and Amherst College, at both of which Judge Brown was a student, and Bradford Academy, at Bradford, Mass., get bequests for scholarships and prize funds. Harvard gets $10,000, of which $7,500 is to be devoted for a scholarship bearing the testator's name, and the remainder is to constitute a prize fund in the Dane Law School for essays on subjects of Maritime or Private International Law. Amherst receives $5,000 for a scholarship, and Bradford Academy the same amount for scholarships and prizes.

To the New York Botanical Garden, of which he was one of the founders, Judge Brown bequeathed 200 shares of United States Steel preferred, valued at $21,750. The income from this is to be applied to the founding and publication of a high class magazine, bearing Judge Brown's name, and to be devoted exclusively to illustration by colored plates of the plants of the United States and its territories, and other plants flowering in the Botanical Garden or its conservatories. The study of botany had been one of Judge Brown's chief diversions, and in 1895-1898 he collaborated with Dr. N. L. Britton in the publication of "Illustrated Flora of the United States and Canada" in three volumes, with nearly 4,000 illustrations.

All of the bequests to charity are made contingent upon there being a remainder after the payment of legacies in the clauses in the first part of the will. These organizations are beneficiaries of $500 each. The Children's Aid Society, the Five Points House of Industry, Sailors' Home, New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, New York Society for the Suppression of Vice, Isaac T. Hopper Home, Tuskegee Institute, West Newbury, (Mass.,) Library Association, American Unitarian Association, and the First Congregational Church of New York, Unitarian. To the latter, which is at Fourth Avenue and Twentieth Street, is bequeathed Judge Brown's pew, in case his wife does not wish to retain it. The charitable organizations in the church get $1,000, to be divided among them. Woodlawn Cemetery gets $500, to be used in the upkeep of the testator's plot.

The chief beneficiaries are three sons and one daughter—Addison, Ralph G., Stanley B., and Elinore, all of whom live with their mother at 45 West Eighty-ninth Street. For their benefit Judge Brown created a trust of various securities with the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company. This is to be divided into fourths, from each of which, before any payment to the children, Mrs. Brown is to receive one-fifth, or 20 per cent., of the net income. During the minority of the children their guardian is to get 15 per cent. of the net income for their support and education. The remaining 65 per cent. is to be accumulated for the benefit of each child until it reaches the age of 21. After the age of 21 they are to receive all the net income. Judge Brown further provides:

"To each of my sons on his becoming 30 years of age, if he has not previously lost or squandered the accumulation paid to him at his majority, or the greater part thereof, the Trustees are empowered to pay $20,000 out of the principal, and at the age of 40 an additional $20,000. When the daughter reaches the age of 21, if the accumulated income be less than $10,000, the Trustees are empowered to pay her the deficiency out of the principal. The will gives the children the power of appointment in their wills over the residue of the trust.

To Mrs. Helen Brown, the widow, are bequeathed all the personal effects in the Summer and Winter homes at Cragsmoor, N. Y., and at 45 West Eighty-ninth Street. She also receives all of Judge Brown's insurance, this bequest being made in lieu of dower.

There are five bequests to near relatives "in memory of lifelong love and harmony." Six bequests of $500 each are made, including one to "my wife's friend, Sophie Kamensky, of Karlstadt, N. Y., for her heroic fidelity and persistence in well-doing." Alexander Richmond, his gardener at Cragsmoor, gets $300, and all other servants who have lived continuously in the family for the three years next preceding Judge Brown's death get $200 each. The Rev. Henry M. Cary, pastor of the Cragsmoor Federated Church, receives $200 if he is pastor at the time of the testator's decease. There are five further bequests of $100 each.

THREE MAROONED ON PIER.

Thrown from Launch Against Old Dreamland Pier in Rough Sea.

Three men with whom Edward B. Robbins of 336 Westminster Avenue, Flatbush, arranged to bring his naphtha launch, the Brooksie, from her Winter quarters in Bayonne to Sheepshead Bay, had trouble all the way over yesterday afternoon and finally the engine gave up and left them to drift. They drifted well out of their course, and about 3:30 the heavy sea carried them against the remnants of the old iron Dreamland pier at Coney Island.

She struck with force and the men were shot out into the water, but they were all swimmers and were soon clinging to the piles. Those watching from the shore were afraid to put out in the smaller craft in the rough sea, but they telephoned to the harbor police and did their part in pulling in the launch when the rollers brought it ashore.

All that is left of the iron pier rises out of the ocean some eight hundred feet from shore and very little of the original planking is left on it. There was some, however, and after a while, the men managed to crawl to it so to walk up and down while they waited for help. This came at 5 o'clock in the form of the ocean going tug National, which carried the three men to Flatlands Bay. They were J. R. Richardson, A. G. Springmeyer, and W. F. Frankenberg of Flatbush.

GIMBEL CLOTHING At $15

That You Men Are SAFE in Buying

We are devoting today to a practical demonstration of the merits of GIMBEL Suits and Overcoats at $15.

Not in order to exalt this particular grade at the expense of our others, but as a fair test of the EXCESS value in ALL Gimbel Clothing.

Each model, in our specially designed GIMBEL Clothing, has its special features that add to its looks or its service, and incidentally to its cost to US—without raising the cost to YOU.

It is precisely the ADDED value in GIMBEL Suits and Overcoats, which we offer today in good new styles, at $15, that takes them out of the ORDINARY $15 class, and frees you from the danger of buying clothes that have nothing but cheapness to recommend them.

Ready This Morning A-Plenty at $15—

SACK SUITS in narrow-shouldered English models and conservative styles, in plain and fancy blues, plain blacks, and smart mixtures.

SPRING OVERCOATS in Chesterfield model, FULLY SILK-LINED, and in stunning Raglan, split and belted back styles, in rough brown, blue and gray materials that are full of character.

If you prefer to pay more, there are Suits up to $45 and Overcoats up to $40 at proportionate increases in excellence.

Fourth Floor

Men's $3 Hats at $1.95

Soft Hats and Derbies, new Spring styles, though in broken size-ranges. Fourth Floor

$3.50 Silk Shirts at $2.50

And some worth more. Habutai and tub silks, in fine striped patterns.

$4 Silk-and-cotton Pajamas, at $2.75 a suit.

A splendid cluster of new Neckwear, at 50c. Main Floor

"Kneipp" Union Suits at $2.25

Famous Linen-mesh. Usual price, $5.50; but discontinued styles. Perfect, however, and as desirable as though just brought out. Long sleeves, ankle-length, or short sleeves, knee-length. $2.25 each.

Athletic Shirts and Drawers, of sheer, pure linen, at 80c each, regularly $2. Main Floor

50c Silk Socks, 28c Pair

Pure Silk; lisle thread tops and soles. Black, tan, gray and navy blue.

New Silk Socks, with clocks, in black and colors, 75c pair. Main Floor

Special--Shoes at $3.85

Vici kid and gun-metal calf Lace and Blucher Shoes of Banister and Boyden makes, with medium or heavy soles.

Also a few Patent Coltskin Oxfords.

All $6 to $8 qualities, at $3.85 a pair. Broken sizes. Second Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

WOMAN AUTO VICTIM DIES.

Widow Thought Not Badly Hurt—Stricken Three Days Later.

Mrs. Mary Carroll, a widow, of 285 West Tenth Street, was run down by an automobile delivery wagon on Tuesday evening while crossing Hudson Street at Christopher. An ambulance was called, but she refused to go to the hospital and was assisted to her home On the following days Mrs. Carroll complained of pains in her head, but there was no evidence of serious injury. When she was questioned about the accident she was unable to recall any of the details.

Mrs. Carroll was up early yesterday morning, and said that she felt much better. She prepared the breakfast for two of her sons, John and Daniel Carroll, and as they left the house to go to their work she walked to the front window to wave her hand at them. As the young men turned they saw their mother stagger back from the window. They ran into the house, and found her lying on the floor unconscious. When Dr. Thomas J. O'Mara of 475 Hudson Street got to the house Mrs. Carroll was dead. The body was sent to the Morgue by order of the Coroner, and an autopsy will be held.

When the police learned of Mrs. Carroll's death an investigation was at once started in an effort to get some trace of the delivery wagon and its driver. Mrs. Carroll's sons remembered that their mother had said she was knocked down and that an ambulance had been called. Inquiry in the vicinity of Hudson and Christopher Streets brought out little more information. A clerk recalled that he had heard some one say that a woman was knocked down by an automobile delivery wagon. The automobile was driven away shortly afterward.

WILL REVIEW CHURCH WORK

Episcopal Parishes in the Bronx to Hold a "Social Week."

St. Ann, St. Albans, St. Margaret, St. Martha, Holy Nativity, St. James, St. Edmund, and more than twenty other Episcopal churches of the Bronx will begin to-morrow a church social week, patterned upon similar weeks held by Roman Catholics in principal cities of Continental Europe. Bronx churches and parish houses will be decorated with flags, including mission field flags, and sermons will be on Christian work and worship, with special references to-morrow to work accomplished last year.

A feature of the week in the Bronx will be visiting deputations between parishes to extend greetings and study respective methods of work.

Andrew Alexander

Men's Low Shoes

Busy men will find here the largest opportunity for choice and correct fit at the least expenditure of time—an advantage of our great variety of styles and unusually complete assortment of widths and sizes. Every correct oxford style in all leathers. $4 to $8

Sixth Avenue At Nineteenth St.

548 Fifth Avenue Above Forty-fifth Street

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR Sale in which every garment is a bargain.

Men's $1 Underwear at 55c

Made by Conradi & Friedman, which is enough for any man. Imported real Egyptian maco cotton mesh underwear, sold everywhere at a dollar, including Saks', outside of this special sale. Perfect in make, weight and finish. Short sleeve shirts and ankle length drawers.

Men's $1 Underwear at 45c

This is the athletic kind, with sleeveless shirts and knee-length drawers. Made of fine mercerized cloth, in white, cream, blue and pink. Splendidly made and finished.

Men's $2 & $2.50 Union Suits at $1.20

Sleeveless or quarter-sleeve shirts, knee or three-quarter length drawers. Made of finest mercerized lisle or Sea Island cotton. In white, cream, ecru, blue and pink. Perfect in make, quality and fit, and remarkable values.

Men's Polka Dot Hose at 29c regularly 50c

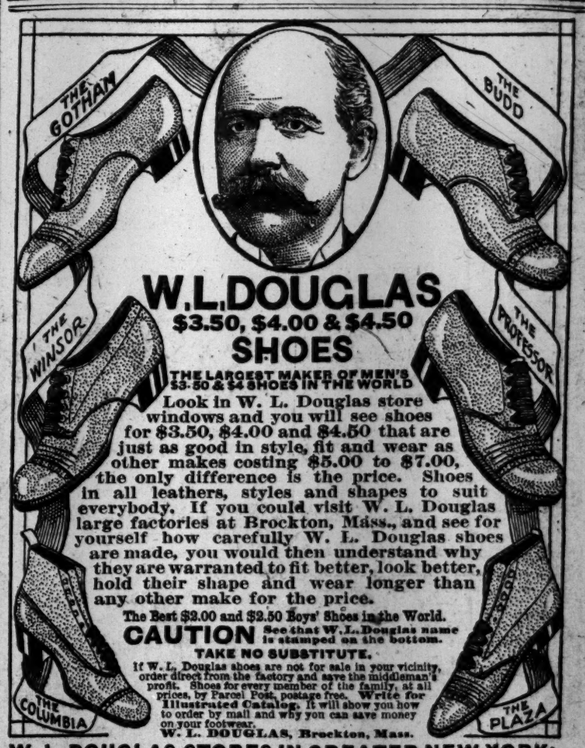
¶ Eternally, day in and day out, year after year, men's hose is just a tiresome recital of solid colors and two tones. Now, thank goodness, there is to be an era of polka dots, in neckwear and hose. And, of course, it has remained for us to give polka dot hose its official introduction at a special price. This hose is made of silk lisle, with spliced heels and toes, and is full fashioned. White polka dots, on black, navy, gray, tan, and purple grounds. And, candidly, with a pair of Oxfords, there's nothing smarter in hose than polka dots. It is the cleverest thing on two feet.

Men's Polka Dot Scarfs at 50c & $1

¶ Although polka dots are coming in, they have never really gone out. They have simply been in retirement. But today they are coming into greater prominence, because the arbiters of men's styles have rediscovered them and decided to give them a new lease of popularity. We have small and large polka dots, on navy, green and purple grounds, and they are the quintessence of good style. Let us show you our assortments at half a dollar and a whole one. They will charm your choice a dot at a time.

Men's 50c and 55c Neckwear reduced to 28c today

¶ 4000 all silk and knitted scarfs—odds and ends which are the survivors of several important neckwear sales. The variety of designs is enormous. There are large open ends and narrow four-in-hands, as well as a liberal collection of bat wing ties. Made in surahs, crepes, satins, plain silks and all of those other silks employed in good neckwear.



W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.50, $4.00 & $4.50 SHOES

THE LARGEST MAKER OF MEN'S $3.50 & $4 SHOES IN THE WORLD

Look in W. L. Douglas store windows and you will see shoes for $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50 that are just as good in style, fit and wear as other makes costing $5.00 to $7.00, the only difference is the price. Shoes in all leathers, styles and shapes to suit everybody. If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price.

The Best $3.00 and $3.50 Boys' Shoes in the World.

CAUTION See that W. L. Douglas name is stamped on the bottom.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from the factory and save the middleman's profit. Shoes for every member of the family, at all prices, by Parcel Post, postage free. Write for Illustrated Catalog. It will show you how to order by mail and why you can save money on your footwear.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

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1453 Third Avenue.
2203 Third Avenue, corner 120th Street.
2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.
345 Eighth Avenue.
663 Eighth Avenue.
250 West 125th Street.

BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, corner Pearl Street.
708-710 Broadway, corner Thornton St.
1367 Broadway, corner Gates Avenue.
478 Fifth Avenue, corner 11th Street.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.

JERSEY CITY—24 Newark Avenue.
NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
PATERSON—197 Market St., cor. Church.
TRENTON—101 E. State St., cor. Broad.

HARPERS BOOKS

The Judgment House

By Sir Gilbert Parker.

Now and then a book, a novel, sweeps us off our feet—lifts us out of the work-a-day world and sets us down in the delectable country of romance—breathless but happy. So with "The Judgment House." And this is as it should be because it is above all a wholly satisfying story—a story of wide spaces and of a Cleopatra-like heroine swaying men, and almost the destinies of nations, by the inescapable charm of personality and beauty.

Desert Gold

By Zane Grey.

"But it is melodrama pure and undefiled," said one reader of the just-published "Desert Gold." "What is melodrama?" he was asked. "I mean it is a glorified dime novel written with splendid distinction, with charming grace, with red vigor, but still it is a sort of dime novel. There's the same galloping succession of events, the same tense situations—only it is all presented with such delicacy, such literary charm, one almost forgets the plot." That's the story, after all.

The Opening Door

By Justus Miles Forman.

Mr. Forman has written another brilliant novel of New York society in which the young and beautiful heroine, after an old-fashioned bringing up, is brought face to face with the problems which await the modern woman now that the door is opening to wider feminine fields. Then when she marries, her husband becomes jealous of the interests he cannot share. Mr. Forman has worked out in a sympathetic manner the way the woman reconciled these opposing claims on her loyalty.

Reflections of a Beginning Husband

By Edward Sanford Martin.

Readers of Mr. Martin's books and of the pages of Harper's and Life are familiar with his delightfully humorous way of putting everyday facts and aspirations in a new light, as truthful as it is genial. In these new essays he philosophises on a number of subjects—babies, savings, over-indulgence in bathrooms, votes for women, church-going, sports, the comparative advantages of college and society for girls, the meat trust, celibacy, etc.

The Sojourner

By Robert D. Elder.

A story of the West, with realistic descriptions of adventure and life, and a tender love story. The hero, a popular senior at Princeton and son of a multi-millionaire, had apparently a smooth way of life ahead of him. Yet fate and his own idealism led him into rough roads. A woman tried to wreck his life, and nearly succeeded.

HARPERS MAGAZINE HARPERS BAZAR HARPERS WEEKLY

The Voice of the Heart

By MARGARET BLAKE

Author of "The Greater Joy."

Brilliancy and greatness of imagination are displayed in this unique and original romance of a woman's heart. It tells of a girl so pure that she was determined to marry no man who would ask of his wife anything but affection, companionship, and respect. She bars as illicit the call of the flesh, until her lover finds the key to her humanity.

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West Bay Publishing Co.,

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Autograph Letters of Celebrities Bought and Sold. Send for price lists. Walter R. Benjamin, 225 5th Av., N.Y. ESTABLISHED 1887. Pub. "THE COLLECTOR," 25 c. yr.

MULRANEY TURNS ON MAN WHO AIDED HIM

Convicted Murderer, Seeking New Trial, Says Beaule Instigated Killing of McBreen.

PREVIOUS STORIES LIES

Beaule, Mulraney Asserts Now, Wanted Bartender Killed Because He Struck Him in His Saloon.

Nervous, and with his face pale from his long stay in prison, John Mulraney, known as "Happy Jack," appeared before Judge Rosalsky in the Warden's office at Sing Sing yesterday and told the fifth story of how Patrick McBreen, known as "Paddy the Priest," was murdered. He exonorated the police yesterday from the charge of attempting to "frame him up," which he made in his other stories of the crime. He said a man named Frank killed McBreen at the instigation of William Beaule, also known as William Clark. This man testified for Mulraney last week.

Judge Rosalsky, accompanied by Assistant District Attorney J. Robert Rubin and Mulraney's counsel, Joseph A. Shay, arrived at the prison at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. Mulraney was brought into the Warden's office at once, and he sat by Judge Rosalsky. The Judge opened the hearing by telling Mulraney that damaging testimony was given against him at the hearing in this city on his application for a new trial.

"Now we will hear what you have to say," said Mr. Rubin.

"Well," the prisoner said in a low voice, "I have been lying right along. The police never doped me as I said before. I begged them for a drink of whiskey, and they gave it to me. I signed the confession attributed to me, but I am not guilty of the murder of 'Paddy the Priest,' and I signed it because I wanted to shield some of my closest friends."

Judge Rosalsky, Mr. Rubin, and Lawyer Shay looked at the condemned man in surprise, and noticing this, Mulraney flushed red beneath his prison pallor and said:

"That is correct, gentlemen. I am telling the truth because I want to show my regard for Mr. Shay. He devoted his time to trying to save me, and I feel that to him I owe the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. He is the best friend I ever had, and why should I shield those who have not been as good friends to me? Gentlemen, what I propose to tell you is the truth, so help me God."

Mulraney then sprang the second surprise of the day. He said that Martin Fay, who he told Judge Rosalsky on his first hearing in Sing Sing had murdered McBreen, was innocent of firing the shot which killed him. He said:

"William Beaule lies when he says that he did not kill McBreen. He urged the murder, and Fay was drawn in, believing that he was going to commit a robbery, and not take part in a murder." Clark or Beaule had been hit by McBreen, Mulraney said, and threw him out of his saloon. Revenge prompted the murder, he asserted. Beaule told the man Frank, he described in his testimony, to kill McBreen, Mulraney testified, and urged Martin Fay and John Dowling to go with Frank, telling them that Frank was going to "crack a crib."

Beaule, in his testimony at the hearing on Mulraney's application for a new trial, said that Frank looked very much like Mulraney. Beaule also said then: "I never go back on a pal. I will go the route for a friend if he's a good crook, and Mulraney would go the route for a fellow who is on the level."

In view of this testimony those at the hearing yesterday were much surprised when Mulraney involved Beaule in the murder. Mulraney said he felt that he had acted foolishly in not telling the truth before, and throughout his story yesterday he insisted that the one he was then telling was the real story of the murder of "Paddy the Priest." He said:

"I lied to Mr. F. Limberg, one of my counsel, during the trial; I lied to Mr. Prentice, another counsel, and I lied to you up here two weeks ago. This is the truth now, and I am telling it because I do not want my mother to be disgraced by having her son die in the electric chair. I realize my mistake in telling the many stories I did, but I swear this one is true."

"I suppose you will tell another one later on," said Mr. Rubin, smiling.

"No, this is my last story," said Mulraney.

He said that the only part of his former story which was true was the statement that he had not killed McBreen, and that he went to Springfield, Conn., for work several days after the murder. Mr. Rubin then asked Mulraney many questions, and quoted the testimony of Mordecai Saltzman, the "stool pigeon" of the Pinkerton Detective Agency, who said that he brought about Mulraney's arrest and obtained several admissions of guilt from him.

"Do you know Saltzman, or 'Salty,' as he is called?" asked Mr. Rubin.

"Yes, he is supposed to be a reformed criminal and is a 'stool pigeon' for the Pinkerton Detective Agency," replied the witness.

"That we know, but did you ever tell him you shot McBreen, or did you show him a clipping telling of McBreen's murder, and say: 'That's the fellow Dowling and I killed?'" asked the prosecutor.

"Not that I can remember," the prisoner replied. "I tell you I was full of dope then, and when I'm like that I'm not responsible for what I say."

Mulraney was then asked how he came to learn all the facts in regard to McBreen's murder, and he said that Martin Fay and Dowling had visited him and told him all the facts as he was telling them.

"Judge," said Mulraney, "the mention of Dowling causes me to recollect some things about him. You know Dowling was weak, and he had a wife and children and was just the kind of man to tell all he knew, hoping that he might get a plea. Well, Beaule, I guess, knew this, or at least some of Beaule's friends did. You see, when we were in the Tombs together; that is Dowling and me, some one sent us some salmon, a bottle of whisky, and some cake. I didn't eat any of it or touch the whisky. Dowling did, and an hour later he was sick. He was taken to Bellevue and died there. I suspected right off that the whisky was poisoned by some one who was afraid we would squeal. I think that clears up the mystery surrounding Dowling's death; you know it was never said what brought it about."

Judge Rosalsky then closed the hearing, and as he started to depart Mulraney smiled and said:

"Say, Judge, I want to ask you one question. You know I testified during the hearing into Dowling's sanity. Now, inasmuch as I testified to that, don't it give me my freedom?"

"You mean immunity?" asked the Judge.

"Yes," said Mulraney.

"Well hardly. You see, all you said then was that you knew Dowling, and you made no statement about the case, which might be construed as injuring your case in any way," said Judge Rosalsky.

Mr. Shay and Mr. Rubin then departed for this city with Judge Rosalsky in the auto which brought them to Sing Sing.

MONEY PUT INTO SUBWAYS.

Interborough's Share for Year $18,000,000—Yearly Payments Now.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company entered yesterday into an agreement with the Public Service Commission as to the amount of money it should contribute each year to the construction and equipment of its share of the new subway system. The city has already contracted to pay about $30,000,000 for the construction of the Lexington Avenue subway, which will form part of the Interborough line, and it is understood that before it becomes responsible for any further outlay on the Interborough lines the company must supply an equal amount.

The estimates of what the Interborough must spend are:

March 19, 1916, to Dec. 31, 1913	$18,000,000
For year ending Dec. 31, 1914	20,000,000
For year ending Dec. 31, 1915	20,000,000
For year ending Dec. 31, 1916	19,260,000
	$77,260,000

Under Contract No. 3 the Interborough agreed to contribute $58,000,000 toward the construction of the new subways and $22,000,000 to their equipment, and the difference between these amounts and the amount of the estimates is due to the allowance of 3 per cent. for debt discounts and expenses.

This sum may, however, be modified. It is provided in the contract that if the cost of construction be less than $116,000,000 the Interborough contribution should be diminished by one-half the difference, and if the cost of equipment for initial operation be less than $22,000,000 the difference between its cost and $22,000,000 should be added to the company's share of the cost of construction to the extent necessary to make the Interborough's contribution to construction up to one-half.

It is also laid down in the contract that the company may not provide more money toward the cost of construction than the estimates for the year call for, except with the consent of the commission.

DOUBT OF YOUNG'S GUILT.

McVetty Charge of Murder Not Credited by Mr. Whitman.

So far as District Attorney Whitman is concerned the charges of murder made against Joseph Young, also known as Taylor, the confessed leader of the taxicab bandit gang, have been dropped because no corroboration could be obtained for the story told by George McVetty, a convicted member of Young's gang.

This was learned after Judge Foster in General Sessions had sentenced George McVetty, his brother Robert and Patrick Bolger and Charles Clark to not less than ten nor more than twenty years in State's prison. These men were convicted of having robbed Patrick McDermott and Henry Holstein. The most damaging testimony against them was given by Young, who pointed out Bolger as one of the gang which took an active part in the robbery of two messengers from the Silk Finishing Company. Following his conviction McVetty said that Young had told him that he murdered Adolph Stern, in Jacob Jacoby's jewelry store at Thirteenth Street and Sixth Avenue in July, 1911. This story, the District Attorney believes, was prompted by a desire for revenge, but Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty says he is convinced that McVetty's story is true, and that Young played an active part in the murder.

HUNTING GRANDNEPHEW.

Clarence Morrell Needed to Settle Estate of Mrs. Hendrickson.

Clarence Morrell, a grandnephew of Mrs. Magdalene Hendrickson, who died a recluse in an old-fashioned house in Alley Hill Road, Creedmoor, Dec. 11, 1912, is wanted by Judge Harrison S. Moore, executor, so that Mrs. Hendrickson's estate may be settled. Mr. Morrell is one of the beneficiaries under the will and his present address is unknown.

Mrs. Hendrickson left an estate valued at about $10,620, and her bequests range all the way from $5 to $1,800. Among her bequests was an armchair to one of her friends, and a picture to Judge Moore. She bequeathed her dog Mike to Edward Martin, one of the beneficiaries, with a small sum set aside for the maintenance of the animal.

Horse Aid Society Explains.

Joseph Dear, a truckman, of 206 West Seventeenth Street, who was fined $10 in the Essex Market Court on Thursday on a charge of cruelty to a horse, said before Magistrate Campbell, as was published in THE TIMES yesterday, that he had a "certificate" from the Horse Aid Society. Dr. Thomas F. Hayes, manager of the infirmary of the Horse Aid Society, explained that an order had been issued to the owner of the lame horse to put the animal in the "soaking tub," and if its lameness had not disappeared to bring it back to the infirmary. Dr. Hayes said that the statement of the truckman was an injustice to the society.

FAIL IN TEST FOR MODEL SOLDIERS

Physical Examination of Guardsmen Shows Many of Them to be Unfit.

PASS REGIMENT DOCTORS

Surgeons Detailed by Major Gen. O'Ryan Reject Many of the Applicants.

It was learned yesterday that in the physical examination of enlisted men applying for duty with the Provisional Company of Infantry of the N. G. N. Y., to be used at the School of Application to be established at Peekskill June 1 to 21, by Major John F. O'Ryan many of the men were physically unfit to be soldiers.

These men when originally examined by the surgeons of their organizations on application for enlistment were pronounced physically fit, but when the medical officers specially detailed by Gen. O'Ryan made the necessary examinations the fact of previous improper medical examinations became known. The National militia law requires that all men in the National Guard be enlisted only after passing the physical examination required of the regular army.

The physical examinations of men for the model company have been made in the past week at the armory of the Seventh Regiment in Manhattan, and in the Twenty-third Regiment Armory in Brooklyn. The medical examiners were Lieut. Col. William G. Le Boutillier, chief surgeon of the division, and Major William S. Terriberry, Medical Department, commanding the First Field Hospital. The model company is to be of war strength. Nearly half the men examined have been rejected and additional examinations will be necessary. Non-commissioned officers and privates who desire to take the examination can apply direct by letter to the Adjutant General, division headquarters, 280 Broadway.

The men who were found unfit for the provisional company were rejected for having poor teeth, defective vision, or hearing, a varicose vein, flat feet, insufficient chest development or lack of general muscular development and mental alertness.

HOLD UP DENTIST IN OFFICE.

Three Bind Him in Chair and Take $3,900 Worth of Gold and Platinum.

Benjamin Frieman, a dentist, of 152 Delancey Street, told the police of the Clinton Street Station yesterday that three young men had entered his offices at 8:30 o'clock in the morning and carried off gold and platinum teeth valued at $3,500, and $400 worth of gold for fillings. He gave a good description of the men and detectives were sent out to look for them.

Two of them, he said, were armed with revolvers, and they threatened to shoot him if he made an outcry. Then they forced him to sit in one of the dentist chairs and bound and gagged him. They told him, Frieman said, that they had Maxim silencers on their revolvers, and that they could kill him without making any noise if he offered resistance.

Jacob Shroont, a dentist, employed by A. L. Feldman, who has an office across the hall, went to Frieman's office half an hour later to see about some work, found the dentist tied to the chair, and released him.

Wireless Student Goes Unpunished.

BOSTON, April 18.—Lucius T. Hill, a student of the Institute of Technoloky, who was the fist person arrested in New England for violating the Federal wireless regulations, was discharged to-day. He promised to get a license and agreed to tune his apparatus so as not to interfere with wireless business.

TO TAKE NEW ARMORY.

Twenty-second Engineers Move To-day to Washington Heights.

The Twenty-second Engineers of the National Guard, in command of Col. Walter Bryant Hotchkin, and escorted by the veterans of the regiment, the First Signal Company and a section of the Second Field Artillery, will take possession this afternoon of their new armory on Washington Heights.

In the ranks of the escorting veterans will be many well-known business and professional men of this city, who have served a term in the regiment. There will also be several veterans who fought in the ranks of the Twenty-second Regiment in the civil war. Among these are Gen. George A. Wingate, Major Charles T. Greene, U. S. A., retired, and Dr. J. G. Atkinson.

In the evening there is to be a dinner at the Park Avenue Hotel for 800, or as many as 1,000 guests. Speeches will be made by Rhinelander Waldo, Police Commissioner; Sheriff Julius Harburger, Deputy Controller Mathewson, Adjt. Gen. Hamilton, Gen. Wingate and others.

The regiment and escort will form in front of the old armory, Broadway and Sixty-eighth Street, at 3 o'clock.

The celebration will continue next week with concerts by the regimental band and inspections by the public, until Thursday evening, when the regiment will give a military ball. This affair will be the largest military ball ever given in this city and 12,500 invitations have been sent out.

THOUGHT PAINT WAS BLOOD.

Ambulance Surgeon Surprised on Call to Runaway Wreck.

Having finished a day's work in painting an iron fence in Boston Road, the Bronx, the two workmen, Herman and Morris Oschim climbed into the waiting wagon from Lerman's paint store, at 3,432 Third Avenue, yesterday afternoon, and were being driven away when the horse became frightened and bolted, running unchecked for half a mile in 167th Street, until the wagon overturned, tumbling the men and the cans and brushes in a heap on the ground.

The groans of the injured painters led to an ambulance call being sent to Lebanon Hospital, and Dr. Liss, when he came, was shocked to see the profuseness with which the two men had been bleeding. He was just lifting them into the ambulance, when he saw at closer range that the "blood" was red paint, a discovery that almost caused him to drop them where they were. Instead, he patched up their cuts, and, having persuaded them that the time had come for them to stop their lament, he drove off without them.

STARTS MINOR, ARRIVES MAN

Now Young Chinese, by Habeas Corpus, Demands to Land.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 18.—A petition in habeas corpus filed here as a result of the refusal of the immigration officials to allow Ng Kuen, a young Chinese, to land without a certificate, seeks to determine if a man who was a minor when he started from the Orient shall be adjudged a minor upon landing if he celebrated his twenty-first birthday at sea.

When Ng Kuen sailed from Hong Kong he was 20 years, 10 months and 26 days old. His father is a California business man, and he expected to land, without difficulty, as the minor child of a merchant. On the way, however, the steamer's propeller became disabled and he lost six days at Nagasaki Harbor. When the youth, who had started from China, reached San Francisco, he was a man, and was denied admittance to the country.

PISTOL SHOT AS FIRE ALARM.

It Worked All Right, but Janitor Is in Trouble for Firing It.

When Samuel Teraina, janitor of the tenement house at 69 Eldridge Street, heard yesterday afternoon that a fire had started in the curtains at the third floor windows, his one idea was to get the Police and Fire Departments there as soon as possible, and with this in mind he fired a revolver out of the window.

It worked like a charm. The report of the shot started the official wheels revolving at high speed. The police came, the firemen came, and the blaze was put out before it had done more than $50 damage. The janitor was rubbing his hands and fairly beaming with satisfaction when the police closed the incident by arresting him for having violated the anti-weapon law.

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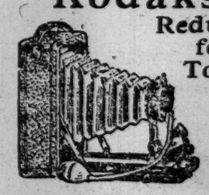

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Two Strains of the Bacillus Isolated and a Serum Made to Deal with Each.

SIX OTHER STRAINS STUDIED

With the Hope of Finding Corresponding Serums—Work at Rockefeller Institute Described to Club.

Remarkable results of experiments carried on at the Rockefeller Institute for the perfecting of a serum for the cure of pneumonia were disclosed yesterday when it was learned that two strains or "brother germs" of the pneumonia bacillus had been isolated and a separate serum evolved for the treatment of each, with results said to have been strikingly successful in a large percentage of cases.

While it was said that the investigations were still in experimental stages, great promise was seen by medical men in the progress already made.

Besides the isolation of at least two strains of the pneumococcus, and the evolution of a serum for the treatment of each, it was learned that the Rockefeller investigators had more recently discovered that there were probably six more strains of the same bacillus for which also it was hoped ultimately to discover serums.

The news of the progress of the work on pneumonia leaked out through a lecture delivered at the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church Club in Brooklyn on Thursday night by Dr. Clarence A. McWilliams of 32 East Fifty-third Street, Manhattan, who told the club members about some of the recent things achieved at the Rockefeller Institute, which had come to his knowledge in connection with experimental work of his own on other and surgical lines. Dr. McWilliams said yesterday he had no suspicion that the information would spread outside the church club, and he was inclined to regret that it had done so. He himself, he explained, was in no way connected with the Rockefeller Institute, and such information as had come to him had been obtained solely as a matter of privilege through association with some of the investigators at the institute.

In his lecture Dr. McWilliams had explained the results somewhat as follows:

It has for some time been known that pneumonia is caused by the pneumococcus bacillus, but this organism itself was found to consist of two strains, or brother germs, each of which would cause pneumonia. In one patient the disease might be found due to one of these strains, and in another patient the second strain would be the disease factor. It was found that what would affect the disease caused by one of the strains would not affect a patient afflicted with pneumonia caused by the other strain. This was the basis of the problem the Rockefeller investigators in pneumonia had to solve.

Proceeding on this basis, the investigators procured their serum in the usual manner, by inoculating a horse with gradually increased doses of the organism causing pneumonia, until the horse, immune first to very minute doses, became immune finally to very large doses. Then, with the serum obtained from the horse's blood, the patients themselves could be inoculated.

But the problem here before the experimenters was to find out from which strain of the pneumococcus the patient suffered and to get the serum that would affect that particular strain. For this reason, they inoculated two sets of horses, each with one of the strains. After the horses in each set had been completely immunized, two separate serums resulted. It was then necessary to find out which of the two serums should be used on the patient under treatment.

This was determined by taking sputum from the patient and inoculating two sets of mice with it. At the same time, each of the sets of mice was inoculated with an injection of the serum—one set with the serum obtained from the one strain, and the other set from the other strain. Within twenty-four hours the physicians were able to tell from which of the two strains the patient was suffering. If from the first strain, the mouse which had been inoculated with the sputum and with the serum from the first strain would not develop the disease, while the mouse inoculated with the serum from the second strain would develop pneumonia. Thereafter it was simply a matter of inoculating the patient with the serum affecting his particular strain of pneumonia, by injecting that serum into his veins.

Although the treatment has been in use for several months at the hospital of the Rockefeller Institute, the percentage of cures effected by it could not be learned from Dr. McWilliams yesterday nor from anyone connected with the Institute. Dr. McWilliams said, however, that it had been demonstrated that the treatment was "very promising."

Work along these lines, while carried on to some degree ever since 1909, has been specialized in at the Rockefeller Institute during the last Winter.

At the Institute it was impossible yesterday to obtain definite information concerning the alleged discoveries.

Henry James, the manager of the Rockefeller Institute, would only say:

"Dr. McWilliams is not connected with the Institute. We have been experimenting with pneumonia, but no cure has been perfected. When it has been we shall announce it."

There have been a number of serums for pneumonia evolved in the past. In May, 1910, Dr. F. E. Stewart of Philadelphia described the perfection of a bacterial vaccine by Dr. Timothy Leary of Tufts College Medical School. Dr. Leary had appealed to the medical profession for a collective investigation of pneumo-bacterin, for the purpose of ascertaining its value in the treatment of lobar pneumonia. His vaccine, prepared from killed bacteria of the species causing the diseased condition, and injected subcutaneously in acute pneumonococcic infections, was reported by many physicians to whom he furnished it, to have worked with good results.

New Christian Science Church.

The Board of Trustees of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Staten Island, have purchased a plot of land, 75 by 100 feet, for a new church. The plot is on Richmond Terrace near the ferry. Steps are being taken toward the erection of a church building, and work will begin very soon.

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SPANISH CHURCH DEBT FREE

New Building to be Consecrated Tomorrow by Cardinal Farley.

The Spanish Church of Nuestra Señora de la Esperanza, Our Lady of Hope, One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street, near Riverside Drive, and adjoining the Hispanic Museum, will be consecrated to-morrow by Cardinal Farley. The addition of the new Spanish Church to the list of debt-free consecrated Catholic places of worship causes great delight to Catholic authorities. The illness of the Pope is causing anxiety and uncertainty on the part of Cardinal Farley, since in common with other members of the Sacred College he may have to hurry to Rome, but it was said yesterday the consecration would take place, Bishop Cusack officiating in case the Cardinal could not be present.

Archer M. Huntington and Mrs. Collis P. Huntington gave liberally toward the land and building fund of the new church. Contributions were also received from the late J. Pierpont Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Vanderbilt, and some other non-Catholics. The young King of Spain gave the magnificent sanctuary lamp, an exact copy of one hanging in a well-known church in Madrid. Mr. and Mrs. Frederick C. Penfield, Thomas F. Ryan, Miss Maria de Barril, and others helped with the beautiful furnishings and decorations. The Augustinian Fathers of the Assumption have charge of the new church and its work, as they long have had of the Church for Spanish People in Fourteenth Street. The number of Spanish Catholics resident in New York is rapidly increasing.

PROFITS TO MINISTERS.

Methodist Book Concern to Give $250,000 to Aged Clergy.

The Methodist Book Concern, one of the oldest and largest publishing houses in America, with one of its two headquarters in this city, announced yesterday that $250,000 of its profits last year had just been set aside for aged Methodist ministers.

The business of the New York concern last year amounted to $1,375,000, but this includes business done at Boston, Pittsburgh, and Detroit. The other headquarters are at Cincinnati, with branches in Chicago, Kansas City, and San Francisco, and together they did business amounting to $1,900,000. It is out of these combined sales that the quarter million profits come for the ministers.

It is shown by the report of the Western headquarters that The Christian Advocates published by Methodists in many principal cities steadily lose money. The loss last year amounted to $35,000 net.

MUST KEEP HEIRLOOMS.

Mrs. Katherine Howell in Will Forbids Daughter to Part with Them.

Mrs. Katherine Van Liew Howell, widow of Frederick Hunting Howell of New York, who died in London on Aug. 6, 1911, left in her will as a condition upon which her daughter, Erla Louise Howell, was to receive her jewelry that she was not to dispose of it to either her daughter-in-law, Florence Coates Howell, or her son, Raplaye Howell. To the latter she left the portrait of himself by William M. Chase and all photographs of himself.

Benjamin Hunting Howell, a son, who lives at Ridgefield, N. J., receives $10,000 and the residuary estate, which includes the premises at 49 West Forty-sixth Street, valued in the appraisal of the estate which was filed yesterday at $72,000.

CARMODY ASSAILS MAYOR.

Quits Brooklyn Disciplinary School, Saying Gaynor Neglected It.

Prof. Francis X. Carmody, resigned yesterday to Mayor Gaynor as President of the Board of Managers of the Brooklyn Disciplinary School for Boys. In a letter to the Mayor he said that four vacancies had existed in the board for some time, and that the Mayor had failed to fill any of them, although three should have been filled, according to law, in January. Mr. Carmody wrote:

Because of your deliberate refusal to act, the regular meeting for April went over for want of a quorum, and important committee work was hampered and neglected. I favor the abolition of the school under proper conditions, but I think this result should be accomplished in an orderly and businesslike way—not through a course of executive inaction and neglect of duty.

You have shown yourself indifferent to the interests of the school and hostile and unfair to its managers in the above way and in countless other ways, and I will not, therefore, be further responsible for the school under your administration of the city's business.

There is a bill before the Mayor to enable the school to purchase a site on Long Island. The Commissioner of Accounts made an investigation of the institution and reported that the inmates should be sent to other institutions.

WOULD ADVERTISE RESORT OWNERS

The Rev. Dr. Reiland Favors Parading Their Names on Signs with a Brass Band.

TO CLEAN UP GRAMERCY PARK

Neighborhood Association Seeks to Restore That Part of the City as a Community of Homes.

Those living in the neighborhood of Gramercy Park held a meeting yesterday at 107 East Twenty-first Street to consider ways and means of attracting householders to that part of the city, as a check to the constant removals uptown.

It was decided that the best way to coax persons back to the neighborhood of the park was to rid the district of disorderly hotels and saloons that operate as dives. In discussing the best way to do away with the disorderly hotels the Rev. Karl Reiland, rector of St. George's Church, offered a suggestion which was received with applause.

"I am confident I know how we can get rid of the objectionable hotels," said Mr. Reiland. "We can look up the records and find out who are the owners of them. Then we can hire a brass band and we can paint signs bearing the names of these owners. After that we can organize a parade and behind the brass band we can march to the homes of these owners, and throughout the east side, so that all the people will know who the owners are."

The Rev. Mr. Reiland said he would not alone have the brass band advertise the names of the owners of dives and hotels, but he would have it attract attention to those who spit upon the sidewalks.

"Why, they don't know what they do when they violate the law against spitting," Mr. Reiland asserted. "There was a Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church once who asked me if he could preach from a pulpit over which I was presiding.

"While we were talking about the matter near the corner of Fourteenth Street and Fourth Avenue he used the sidewalk where he should have utilized his handkerchief. Now, that Bishop was from a Far Western diocese, and maybe what he did was all right out there. But it turned my spirit against him and that Bishop doesn't know even yet why it was I refused him the use of the pupit he asked for.

"It is a disagreeable subject. I hate to dwell upon it, but from the streets we bring into our homes, into our living rooms, the germs of disease which blast our best hopes and bring heartbreak and death into our families. Small neighborhood associations, each one standing for what is best in its own neighborhood, could be mighty powers for good. If the police knew we were watching them they would be more careful. If the people knew the dangers of unsanitary streets they would be more careful, and we can teach them those dangers.

"Now, I know there is a tendency on the part of people who have moved uptown to move back here again. We are gaining some fine big apartment houses. But what a tragedy it is for mothers to send their young boys to our Memorial House at night, for instance, and have them solicited by runners for low dives on the way back home.

"I know that saloons with back rooms have tried to lure these young boys in on their way to and from my church. Now, I am not one of those who want to see the saloon banished altogether. I can see that the poor man needs his club, and that he can't pay for the kind of club you and I could join.

"But while I am for the saloon I am not for the dive. I want to see the dives driven out of our neighborhood, and we can do it. I want to see these neighborhood meetings become so popular that the very rich who attend them will almost fraternize with the very poor, and all will work together for clean sidewalks and streets."

The meeting, which was called by the Gramercy Neighborhood Association, heard a report from its President, Grant La Farge, to the effect that the association's committee on vice had found 350 disorderly women in the neighborhood and had appealed to the police without any sign of active co-operation until there was a change in the captaincy of the precinct. Capt. Morris, in charge of the Twenty-first Precinct, it was said, had began an aggressive campaign to improve conditions.

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For this day (Saturday) a Special Offering will consist of a number of Women's Dresses of Silk and other fabrics (sizes incomplete), the original prices of which were $40.00 to $95.00, at $22.50

No alterations will be made on these dresses.

The following Special Sales will also be held this day (Saturday):

Women's Tulle Neck Ruffs, Women's and Misses' Trimmed Hats, Imported Spring and Summer Dress Linens, Imported Celluloid Toilet Articles, Children's Rompers, Boys' Clothing and Men's English Overcoats and Raincoats.

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Special attention is directed to the comprehensive assortment of Smart Footwear for Misses and Children. All shoes for the younger set are made on approved lasts, constructed on correct anatomical lines.

The expert fitting of children's shoes is a special feature of the Shoe Department service.

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Executor's Unrestricted Public Sale
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Where the Properties are Now on Free View (Sunday Excepted)
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The Library to be Sold Tuesday, April 22d, at 2:30
And including among other desirable works Grolier Club Publications, Shelley's Poems, finely bound by Cobden-Sanderson; Ben Jonson's Works (2 volumes, 1640,) Fifteenth Century Manuscripts, First Editions and Library Sets of English and American authors in handsome bindings.
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We have put them on three large tables in the Book Store. Good hunting all day; but come early if you can.

Books of Permanent Worth At Notably Low Prices.

This is a collection of Books such as could be found nowhere else in the city at anything near these low prices. They come from various sources and are under the market value for various reasons. The following partial list will give some hint of the large interest of the Sale. Mail orders will be promptly filled.

Our Journey to the Hebrides, by Joseph and E. R. Pennell, with 43 illustrations. 12mo. New York, Harper, 1889; 225 pages; published at $1.75, at 75c.

The Works of Shakespeare complete in 7 volumes with preface and glossary edited by W. G. Clark and W. A. Wright; 40 illustrations; small 12mo size; published at $6, at $1.50 a set.

Ridpath's History of the United States with a synoptical dictionary of events chronologically arranged; 6 volumes; many illustrations, maps; 8vo; 1913; published at $25 in half red leather, at $7.50 set; published at $15 in cloth, at $5.50 set.

The Rise and Fall of the Paris Commune in 1871, with a full account of the Bombardment, Capture and Burning of the City. By W. P. Fetridge; 8vo; New York, Harper, 1871; 516 pages; published at $1.50, at 50c.

Great Portraits as seen and described by Great Writers, edited and translated by Esther Singleton. 53 reproductions; 8vo; New York, Dodd, Mead, 1905; 342 pages; published at $1.60, at 90c.

Commemorative Addresses. George William Curtis, Edwin Booth, Louis Kossuth, John James Audubon, William Cullen Bryant, by Parke Godwin; 12mo; New York, Harper, 1895; 239 pages; published at $1.50, at 50c.

Famous Cathedrals as seen and described by Great Writers, collected and edited by Esther Singleton; 45 illustrations; 8vo; New York, Dodd, Mead, 1909; 314 pages; published at $1.60, at 90c.

Romantic Castles and Palaces, described by Great Writers; edited and translated by Esther Singleton; 42 illustrations; 8vo; New York, Dodd, Mead, 1901; 395 pages; published at $1.60, at 90c.

The Life of Charles A. Dana, by J. H. Wilson. 8vo; New York, Harper, 1907; 545 pages; published at $3, at 50c.

Historic Landmarks of America as seen and described by Great Writers. Collected and edited by Esther Singleton; 41 illustrations; 8vo; New York, Dodd, Mead, 1907; 305 pages; published at $1.60, at 90c.

Narrative of an Expedition to the Zambesi and Its Tributaries and of the Discovery of the Lakes Shirwa and Nyassa. 1858-1864. By David and Charles Livingstone. 36 maps and illustrations; 8vo; New York, Harper, 1866; 638 pages; published at $5, at 75c.

Wonders of the World, described by Great Writers, collected and edited by Esther Singleton; 34 illustrations; 8vo; New York, Dodd, Mead, 1912; 359 pages; published at $1.60, at 90c.

The Nibelungenlied. Translated by W. N. Lettsom. Introduction by Dr. W. H. Carpenter of Columbia University; 8vo; New York, 1901; 405 pages; published at $3, at 75c.

Great Rivers as seen and described by Great Writers. Collected and edited by Esther Singleton; 36 illustrations; 8vo; New York, Dodd, Mead, 1908; 358 pages; published at $1.60, at 90c.

The Thames with 75 plates in color by Mortimer Menpes. Text by G. E. Mutton. Map, 8vo, London, black, 1906; 248 pages; published at $6, at $2.50.

Wonders of Nature as seen and described by Great Writers, edited and translated by Esther Singleton. 42 illustrations; 8vo; New York, Dodd, Mead, 1900; 366 pages; published at $1.60, at 90c.

Turrets, Towers and Temples, the great buildings of the world as seen and described by famous writers; edited and translated by Esther Singleton; 48 illustrations; 8vo; New York, Dodd, Mead, 1898; 317 pages; published at $1.60, at 90c.

Salmagundi or the Whimwhams and opinions of Launcelot Langstaff, Esq., and others. By William Irving, James K. Paulding and Washington Irving. 2 volumes; 8vo; half morocco; New York, Putnam, 1897; printed on a hand-made paper; published at $3, at $1 a set.

Historic Buildings of America as seen and described by famous writers. Collected and edited by Esther Singleton; 45 illustrations; 8vo; New York, Dodd, Mead, 1906; 341 pages; published at $1.60, at 90c.

The Bible in Art by E. M. Hurll; 8vo; Boston, Page, 1905; 336 pages; published at $2.50, at $1.25.

Famous Sculpture as seen and described by Great Writers. Collected and edited by Esther Singleton; 48 illustrations; 8vo; New York, Dodd, Mead, 1910; 356 pages; published at $1.60, at 90c.

The First American, his home, and his household. By L. Herbert. 25 illustrations; 8vo, New York, Harper, 1900; 139 pages; published at $2, at 75c.

Famous Women as described by famous writers; edited and translated by Esther Singleton; 40 illustrations; 8vo; New York, Dodd, Mead, 1904; 344 pages; published at $1.60, at 90c.

Reminiscences of Abraham Lincoln, by distinguished men of his time. Edited by A. T. Rice. 8vo; New York, Harper, 1909; 428 pages; published at $2, at 50c.

Hawthorne and His Circle, by Julian Hawthorne. 16 illustrations; 8vo; New York, Harper, 1903; 372 pages; published at $2.25, at 75c.

The Romantic Settlement of Lord Selkirk's Colonists. The Pioneers of Manitoba. By Dr. George Bryce. Illustrated; 8vo; New York, 328 pages; published at $1.50, at 50c.

Sketching Rambles in Holland, by G. H. Boughton. Illustrated by the author and Edwin A. Abbey. 8vo; New York, Harper, 1897; 342 pages; published at $5, at $1.

The Siege of Boston, by Allen French. 14 illustrations; 12mo; New York, Macmillan, 1911; 450 pages; published at $1.50, at 45c.

The Life of Daniel Coit Gilman, by Fabian Franklin. Portraits; 8vo; New York, Dodd, Mead, 1910; 446 pages; published at $3.50, at $1.

Feathered Game of the Northeast, by W. H. Rich. 87 illustrations; 8vo; New York, Crowell, 1907; 432 pages; published at $3, at $1.

Napoleon at the Boulogne Camp. Based on numerous hitherto unpublished documents by Fernand Nicolay. Illustrated; 8vo; New York, Lane, 1907; 400 pages; published at $3.50, at $1.

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Here is a chance to select a Suit for hardly more than the worth of the fabrics in it.

There are many of excellent serges, chiefly navy blue. Silk or braid trimmed. Skirts plaited or gored. Some of the Suits finished with leather belts.

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Main Floor. None Sent C. O. D.

SUFFRAGETTE ARBOR PLANTED IN PARK

Women Celebrate Progress of Their Bill in Albany by Starting a Grove of Birches.

STOVER WELCOMES THEM

Leaders in the Cause Head a Procession to Park Ceremony from a Big Meeting at Plaza.

A large number of the Women's Political Union's members gathered yesterday afternoon at the Seventy-second Street and Fifth Avenue entrance of Central Park to plant trees in celebration of the progress made by suffrage legislation at Albany.

The tree-planting ceremony followed a big meeting at the Hotel Plaza. The ballroom there was crowded with enthusiastic women who filled the contribution plates with bills. From the meeting, led by Mrs. Samuel Elnstein carrying a "votes for women" banner, most of those at the Hotel Plaza meeting walked up Fifth Avenue to the tree-planting ground. The young trees, white birches, were ready in their holes to have the earth filled in around them.

Commissioner Stover received the women at the park. He told them that the trees, the Betula Alba, had come from women growers who kept the best nursery in the State. He said that while the ball ground was the part of the park set aside for the use of the boys, this green was reserved for mothers and children, and he said that he believed that not only would they like it, but that any landscape architect would approve of the position of the trees.

"I am not here," continued the Commissioner, "to say whether I am for suffrage or not—though of course I am."

"Bravo!" cried the women.

Mrs. Stanton Blatch made a speech then telling the Commissioner how much the women appreciated his work in their behalf. If smiles or tears would help the little trees to grow they would be ready with either, she said.

"And I expect," said Mrs. Blatch, in conclusion, "that we shall soon have so many victories that we shall plant your whole park with trees until we have turned it into a forest."

She said that she was glad to have the Votes for Women trees planted on the playground of the women and children, for while the suffragists believed that that woman's place was the home they believed that the home took in the city parks.

Then the women took turns in throwing in the dirt around the trees. Mrs. Blatch asked if the trees would double in size by 1915 when she expected New York women would get the vote, but the Commissioner would not promise it. Mrs. Blatch and Mrs. Elnstein, Mrs. Eldon Bissbee, Mrs. Edward Livingston Hunt, Miss Inez Millholland, Mrs. Evan Evans, and Miss Anna Constable were the women who did the shoveling.

Mrs. John Winters Brannan, Mrs. Arthur F. Townsend, Mrs. Herbert Carpenter, Mrs. William Colt, and Miss Beatrice Brown were a few of the many other women at the tree planting. The ushers at the hall wore their "votes for women" sashes to the park, and some of them wore white parade dresses and parade hats.

At the Plaza meeting Norman Hapgood, the Rev. John Haynes Holmes and Miss Caroline Lexow were the speakers. Mrs. Brannan, as Treasurer of the Woman's Political Union, asked for money for bands for the parade on May 3. Miss Lexow appealed to the women to march. She told of the interest won by every parade.

"If we don't win the vote in 1915, it is because the suffragists themselves will not come out and be counted," she said.

Miss Inez Milholland won hearty applause when, in response to a question upon the ability of the poorer classes of women to act for themselves if enfranchised, she said that the most intelligent persons she knew were on the lower East Side.

THIS IS ANTI-SUFFRAGE DAY.

Senate Committee to Hear Women Argue Against Ballot.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The Senate Committee on Woman Suffrage will hold its first meeting to-morrow and will listen to the arguments of the anti-suffragists, marshaled by Mrs. Arthur Dodge of New York, President of their association.

Next Monday the suffragists will have a two-hour hearing. Dr. Anna Howard Shaw and Dr. Cora Smith King will head the delegation. The committee has agreed to hear ten-minute speeches from ten suffragists.

Out To-day! *At All Bookstores*

A New Volume of Fiction by

Thomas Nelson Page

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Here is a list of fifty-one NEW BOOKS and prices for example—**test our claim for yourself.**

	Reg. Price.	Our Price.
The Land of the Spirit, by Thomas Nelson Page	$1.20	$1.08
The Judgment House, by Sir Gilbert Parker	1.35	1.22
The Penalty, by Gouverneur Morris	1.35	1.22
The Heart of the Hills, by John Fox, Jr.	1.35	1.22
My Little Sister, by Elizabeth Robins	1.25	1.12
Running Sands, by Reginald Wright Kauffman	1.35	1.22
The Mating of Lydia, by Mrs. Humphry Ward	1.35	1.22
The Flirt, by Booth Tarkington	1.25	1.12
The Gay Rebellion, by Robert W. Chambers	1.30	1.17
The Amateur Gentleman, by Jeffery Farnol	1.40	1.26
The Mischief Maker, by E. Phillips Oppenheim	1.25	1.12
The Night Born, by Jack London	1.25	1.12
The Nest, by Ann Douglas Sedgwick	1.25	1.12
Child of Storm, by Sir Rider Haggard	1.35	1.22
Stella Maris, by William J. Locke	1.25	1.12
Martha by the Day, by Julie M. Lippmann	1.25	1.12
The Call of the Cumberland, by Charles Neville Buck	1.25	1.12
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Bobby, General Manager, by O. H. Prouty	1.25	1.12
The Life Mask, by author of M. L. G.	1.30	1.17
Sixty-First Second, by Owen Johnson	1.35	1.22
Roast Beef Medium, by E. Ferber	1.20	1.08
The Weaker Vessel, by E. F. Benson	1.35	1.22
The Apple of Discord, by H. L. Rowland	1.25	1.12
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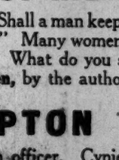

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PATERSON PREPARES FOR A LONG STRIKE

Workers Planning to Send 5,000 Children Out of City—Trade Going to Europe.

MAY SHUT DOWN ALL MILLS

Report Says Work Will Go to Pennsylvania—Detectives Still Held on Charge of Shooting.

PATERSON, N. J., April 18.—Every evidence here tends to discourage the hope entertained until recently by some of the Paterson citizens that there would be an early end to the strike of the silk workers. Both the employers and the workers are settling as if to a long siege.

One of the best signs of this from the point of view of the workers' camp is the preparation to send out of Paterson the children of the strikers, so that they may be cared for by the workers in other cities. It is understood here to-night that by Monday or Wednesday of next week 500 boys and girls will be ready to be shipped out of the strike-ridden city as the children were shipped out of Lawrence, Mass., during the big strike in that city.

William D. Haywood, the I. W. W. leader of the Paterson strike, has been in New York to-day gathering promises of assistance and talking encouragement to the silk workers striking in the Bronx, Astoria, and Long Island City. According to Haywood's report there has been a canvass among the New York workers, with the result that 5,000 families have agreed to receive one or more children from Paterson until the strike is called off.

The manufacturers, on the other hand, are contemplating a lockout. One of them said to-day that a proposal was under consideration to shut down all the mills until July 1 at least, as many had made arrangements to have the work done outside the city. It is said that there is a plan to have the silk dyed in Europe and woven in other cities of this country. According to this report 50,000 pounds of thrown silk originally destined for finishing in this city is now on the way to Europe to be dyed in England, Germany, France, and Switzerland, and from those points shipped to factories in Pennsylvania. The general confidence of being able to hold out has completely discouraged the Aldermanic Committee of five which had been working hard to bring about a settlement.

Austine Verache lies between life and death in the General Hospital as the result of the pistol wound he received last night while standing on the steps of his house as a shooting crowd escorted detectives who were guarding a strike-breaker. The detectives, Edward Dwyer and Joseph Culliten, admit that they fired into the air, but insist none of their shots could have hit Verache, and it is known that other shots were fired from the crowd. Nevertheless, both detectives are held in the county jail without bail to await the outcome of Verache's case in the General Hospital.

Verache says that he had come to the steps to call his sons in out of harm's way, and that as he did so, he saw "two bums," to quote his description of the detectives, emerging from a saloon, swinging their clubs and shooting their guns. He was just turning to go indoors when a bullet dropped him.

RABBI FLAYS HIS FLOCK.

He's Not Wanted, He Says, Because He's Active in Paterson Affairs.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., April 18.—At the Sabbath evening service of the Congregation B'nai Jeshurum, the Rev. Dr. Leo Mannheimer gave what, in his opinion, were the reasons why the congregation had voted last Sunday to dispense with his services as minister. He ascribed his removal to to the failure on the part of the congregation to feel the promptings of the "new spirit of civic pride and civic responsibility" in Paterson. Influential members of the congregation, he intimated, had found objectionable his hearty and active enlistment in this new cause.

Specifically, he said, they had objected to his endeavor to bring about a settlement of the paralyzing silk strike, to his outspoken advocacy of elective commission government, to his organization of the City Club, to his appointment to the Board of Education, and, in that relation, to his failure to give special consideration to the congregation in the matter of appointments and favors.

"In general," Dr. Mannheimer said in his statement this evening, "the members and trustees of the congregation have from time to time reproached me by reason of my public activities. They contend that the rabbi has no right to be a leader in municipal affairs."

PALESTINE WHEAT LAND.

Dr. Aaronsohn Lectures on Agriculture in the Holy Land.

The world may look to Palestine as a wheat land, according to Dr. Aaron Aaronsohn, director of the Agricultural Experiment Station at Haifa, Palestine, who lectured at Columbia University yesterday afternoon. His subject was "Palestine: Its Geology, Botany, and Agriculture."

Contrary to the usual notion of conditions in Palestine with arid wastes and rank vegetable growth, Dr. Aaronsohn pointed out that the Holy Land compared favorably in geological, climatic, and agricultural aspects with California. When Dr. Aaronsohn spoke of the plant life he told of the great use that could be made of Palestine's great stretches of undeveloped lands in raising hardy wheat. Wheat has been raised there, and there are hundreds of square miles now under cultivation. It is raised by "dry-farming" methods, similar in many ways with those used in dry sections in the West.

VASSAR IS UNRUFFLED.

If McMurry Meant That It Taught No Domestic Science, It Doesn't.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, April 18.—The strictures of Prof. F. M. McMurry of Columbia University on the alleged failure of Vassar to teach its students useful subjects, was received with philosophic calm by the faculty of the college.

When the gist of the professor's speech was reported to him, President Taylor said:

"I doubt Prof. McMurry's saying anything so absurd and so ignorant regarding women's colleges."

A member of the Faculty remarked that it was not exactly clear what Dr. McMurry had meant to criticise. If it was the absence of vocational training at Vassar there might, of course, be room for discussion, as there always was over this subject.

"The universities," said the Faculty member, "have technical schools, but this is not the case with colleges. Domestic science and kindred subjects are not taught at Vassar, which is devoted to the higher eduation of women, in which it has been successful for many years, having been true to its traditions from the beginning. Vassar has produced so many great and useful women that a hall of fame is to be established to do them honor.

"Vassar graduates are prominent in Journalism and as novelists; thousands of them are teaching school; several are active suffragists; many are conspicuous in the business world, having established trade names that are known the world over."

Vassar has a Maids' Club built and supported by students, the only one in this country where the maids are trained by the students in subjects of practical value. But it is true and is freely admitted that Vassar is solely devoted to the higher education of women.

SEATTLE BANKER CONVICTED

Furth Guilty of Aiding Improper Acceptance of Deposits.

BELLINGHAM, Wash., April 18.—Jacob Furth, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Seattle National Bank, who was charged with aiding and abetting William E. Schricker, formerly President of the La Connes State Bank, in accepting deposits while knowing the bank to be insolvent, was found guilty by a jury in the Superior Court to-day. A motion for a new trial was made.

Furth, as the principal banker and financier of Seattle and the head in Washington of the Boston firm of Stone & Webster's enterprises, is known in Eastern financial circles.

The Seattle National is next to the largest bank in the Pacific Northwest. Furth also is President of the National Bank of Snohomish, Wash., the Seattle Electric Company, the Puget Sound Electric Company, the Furth Investment Company, the Bank of Commerce of Anacortes, Wash., and the Chicago Land and Stock Company. He is a Director in many other financial institutions, and is reputed to be worth $10,000,000.

The trial ended to-day was the second, the first having resulted in a disagreement.

Schricker's private bank was adjudged bankrupt on April 16, 1912. Its liabilities in excess of assets were said to reach almost a half million dollars. The prosecution proved that Furth was a friend of Schricker and that Schricker carried heavy accounts at all times with the Seattle National, which was his city correspondent bank.

On the morning when Schricker failed to open his bank, according to the contention of the prosecution, the Seattle National messengers cashed checks which Schricker's bank had mailed the day preceding. Instead of submitting them to the clearing house, it is alleged that the Seattle National indorsed the checks and demanded counter payment on them.

M. E. BURKE ROCHE ENGAGED

To Senorita Isabel, Daughter of Papal Marquis d'Alcedo.

The engagement of Maurice Edmund Burke Roche, son of Mrs. Frances Burke Roche of this city and gramdson of the late Frank Worth, to Señorita Ysabel, the daughter of the Papal Marquis d'Alcedo, has been announced in Rome. The first report of the engagement appeared here yesterday in a cable dispatch from Rome, where the engagement was announced on Thursday. Mr. Roche had notified his mother and sister, Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden, of the engagement several days ago by letter.

The Marquis d'Alcedo is a Spanish nobleman residing in Paris, and his daughter is said to be a striking type of Spanish beauty and very popular in society in Paris and also in Rome, where she has been for some time with her father and where it is presumed that she met Mr. Roche. Mr. Roche left New York last November with Lloyd Warren, and they were to travel together as far as Rome, Mr. Warren continuing on to India. His twin brother, Francis George Burke Roche, is also in Europe.

His father was the Hon. James Boothby Burke Roche, a brother of Baron Fermoy. He is 20 years old. To Mr. Roche and his brother, Francis, younger by only seventeen minutes, Frank Work left $2,700,000 a piece on condition that they become American citizens and assume the name of Work. Neither of the young men has so far accepted these conditions. Mr. Work in his lifetime strongly objected to international marriages, and in his will he gave his daughter, Mrs. Burke-Roche, $70,000 a year on condition that she should have nothing more to do with James Boothby Burke Roche, from whom Mrs. Roche obtained a divorce in 1890. He also willed that his daughter and her children should not during his lifetime, without his express consent, visit or reside in Great Britain and Ireland, or the continents of Europe, Asia, and Africa.

Shortly before their grandfather's death in March, 1911, Maurice Roche went to work in the Lackawanna Railroad offices in Hoboken, and Francis in the First National Bank of New York. Last year they both went to Europe and visited their father. As Baron Fermoy of Ireland has only a daughter living, Maurice Roche may eventually come into the title and large estate. At the time of their visit abroad it was said that Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, who was Mr. Work's elder daughter, had agreed not to profit by any action that they might take or by any action on their mother's part, through any violation of their grandfather's wish.

DANBURY HATTERS' CLOSED SHOP LOSES

Connecticut Supreme Court Holds Rule Cannot Affect a Whole Community.

WORKMAN SUED THE UNION

His Counsel Says Similar Conditions Prevail in New York in the Building Trades.

Closed shop agreements, which make it impossible for non-union men to obtain work in a given community, are held to be illegal conspiracies in a decision handed down yesterday by the Supreme Court of Errors of Connecticut. The decision holds that a non-union craftsman thus debarred from work has the right to maintain a suit for damages against the union which procures his discharge from a closed shop and prevents his employment in other closed shops.

The decision ordered a new trial of a suit for damages brought by Dominick Connors of Yonkers against Patrick Connolly and other officers of the Danbury (Conn.) local of the United Hatters of North America. Conners sued for the difference between his wages as a common laborer at Yonkers and those as a skilled hat finisher at Danbury from Sept. 21, 1909, when he was discharged at the union's demand from a factory at Danbury. He had refused to pay his union dues because he claimed as a credit account due him the amount the union had failed to pay him on a $7 a week benefit during the time he had been on strike the previous Summer.

Walter Gordon Merritt of 25 Broad Street, this city, and Charles Wells Gross took up Connors's case and prosecuted it to a successful conclusion. The Court of Errors said in part:

It needs no argument to demonstrate that any combination between employers and employed which creates a condition in a community such as has been hereinbefore described, is a serious menace to the craftsman or workingman who, in the exercise of his free right of choice, does not wish to join a union. It is calculated to place upon his freedom of choice and action a coercion which no longer leaves him wholly free. Its tendency is to expose him to the tyranny of the will of others, and to bring about a monopoly which will exclude what he has to dispose of and other people need from the open market, or perhaps from any market.

Let us now turn to the situation before the court as shown by the conceded facts. Danbury, a city with a population of 23,000, was, at the time of the plaintiff's loss of employment, a great fur felt hat manufacturing centre. The industries of the city and vicinity were almost entirely confined to that one. There were approximately forty shops devoted to it. In these shops a very large proportion of the adult population, and about one-fourth of the males of all ages, were employed. Nearly all of these employes were members of the unions, and all of the shops save two were operated under an agreement with the National organization of the union that no other than union labor be employed in them. These two shops produced machine-made soft hats only, a distinct branch of the business and a different one, as the plaintiff claimed to have shown, from that to which he was accustomed and in which he could work to the best advantage. The employment in any one of the closed shops of a person not a member of the union involved the withdrawal of the right to use the union label and a refusal to work by all other persons employed.

It would be difficult, we imagine, to find a more marked instance of a large community given over to a single industry and dependent upon employment in that industry. If there ever was a situation where the individual, if for any reason satisfactory to himself, however mistaken it might be, was placed in a more disadvantageous position, or brought under greater pressure to surrender his freedom of choice, it has certainly not been one of ordinary occurrence. It is idle to contend, and defendant's counsel does not venture to contend, that under such conditions a workingman lives and acts in an atmosphere of freedom, that he is under no compulsion or coercion from others in the pursuit of his lawful vocation, and that there is preserved to him the boasted freedom of a free people in that most important of all departments of life wherein he gains the means to support or elevate in the social scale himself and family.

Attorney Merritt said yesterday that in New York City the building trades presented a situation analogous to the hat industry in Danbury. It is now impossible, he said, for a non-union man to obtain any steady work in the construction of new buildings, although non-union men may occasionally get short employment in repair work.

WINS ESTATE IN 20 YEARS.

Surrogate Orders Payment of $399,216 from D. E. Crouse's Property.

An echo of a dispute twenty years old over the estate of Daniel Edgar Crouse, who died on Nov. 21, 1892, at Syracuse, was heard yesterday in the Surrogates' Court. The estate amounted to about $4,000,000. When Crouse died his will was shown to have provided specific bequests of $330,000. The rest of his estate went to his heirs-at-law.

Among the claimants was Dorothea Edgarita Crouse, now Mrs. McVickar, the daughter of Eula H. Potulicka Crouse, who said that she was Crouse's widow. Other claimants were cousins of Crouse, who disputed this claim. A compromise was effected under which all the claimants agreed to share alike. By this compromise the alleged only daughter got a number of mortgages. Some of the cousins later attacked this compromise on the ground of fraud and took the case to the Court of Appeals.

Surrogate Cohalan ordered the Lincoln Trust Company yesterday to turn over to Mrs. Dorothea Edgarita McVickar mortgages aggregating $399,216, which represented her share of the estate.

EMMA CARUS SUES BROKER.

Has W. Lewis Stevens Arrested, Charging Loss of Securities.

Emma Carus Everall, an actress, known on the stage as Emma Carus, procured the civil arrest yesterday of W. Lewis Stevens, a broker. She had obtained a judgment for $2,234.88 against Stevens and James W. Henning, his partner in W. L. Stevens & Co., alleging they had converted to their own use before their failure, in 1910, securities deposited as collateral for her account with their firm.

Stevens was taken into custody at the Hotel Iroquois by Deputy Sheriff Fitz-Simons. He furnished bond late yesterday afternoon, to avoid incarceration in the Ludlow Street Jail. He told Sheriff Julius Harburger that he had no connection with the firm bearing his name at the time of the transactions with Emma Carus Everall.

SOLD IN WEDLOCK, SHE SAYS

Father Got $130 for Tereso, Chief of Police Declares.

WILMINGTON, Del., April 18.—Tereso Sasso, 15, to-day complained to the police that her father had sold her in marriage to Antonio Cotillo. The Chief of Police said he learned that Cotillo paid the father $130. Attorney General Wolcott directed the girl committed to an institution pending his application for annulment of the marriage.

The couple were married a week ago. Immediately after the wedding the girl disappeared and was not found until yesterday afternoon. She had taken refuge at the house of a friend.

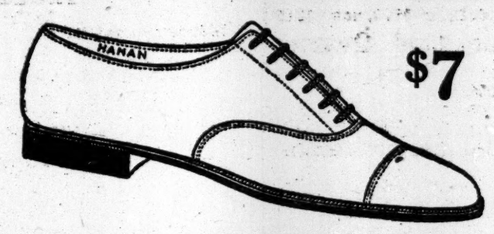
FLOOD RELIEF FUND.

Red Cross Acknowledges Contributions for Western Sufferers.

Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer of the New York State Board of the Red Cross Society, acknowledged these additional subscriptions yesterday to the fund for the relief of the flood sufferers in Ohio and other States:

German Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, Ladies' Aid Society, Park Hill Church, Yonkers	$13
Dutchess County Red Cross	5
H. & J. Walker	25
Tenafly, N. J.	10
Rutgers Presbyterian afternoon Sunday school	3
Prospect Hill Congregational Church, Somerville, Mass.	9
Brusleton Loyal Temp. Legion Children	11
Young Ladies' Guild, Steinway Reformed Church	1
Brooklyn Red Cross	5
F. Y. Paris	89
Women's Society, Watchung Church, Montclair	5
Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church	9
Broome Street Tabernacle	901
J. F. Cross, Jr.	19
Cash	10
Oneida County Red Cross	2
Sunday school Lenten offering, Chapel of the Church of the Atonement	5
A. Hawkeye Friend	12
Through Italian Chamber of Commerce	5
Almshouse St. Paul's Chapel, New York City	962
Kalamazoo Young People's Hebrew Club	27
Chamber of Commerce, (additional)	5
Union Course Baptist Church, (additional)	160
Basket ball game, Columbia Club, Whitestone	2
Board of Trade, Paterson, N. J.	50
Deaf-Mutes Journal	80
Employes of an advertising agency	10
Pansy Social Society, Bethel Building	18
Employes of Hecht & Co.	3
Margaretville Red Cross	15
Westfield, N. J.	10
Members Good Templars Society, Guelderland Centre	74
St. Ann's Church, Brooklyn	8
Citizens Gloversville, N. Y.	20
St. Paul's Church, Englewood, N. J.	25
R. P. and Mrs. M. A. Dean	15
Hoosack Falls	2
Red Bank, N. J.	17
	202

A New Oxford with Stitched Tip



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This fashionable Oxford will be much in vogue this Season among discriminating men who follow closely the newest styles.

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Eight New York Stores.

Broadway, corner 31st St.
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The Globe and Commercial Advertiser. NEW YORK'S GREAT NEWSPAPER.

announces that the first serial publication of

THE WHITE BLACKBIRD

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(Author of "A MILLION A MINUTE," etc.)

will be made, in its pages, starting

TO-DAY

The story is one of amazing adventure, involving the mystery of a missing heir to a title and fortune, with a charming love story to cap the climax.

BEGINNING TO-DAY IN

The Globe and Commercial Advertiser.

RAPID TRANSIT PERIL IN THE CRONIN BILL

Pending Measure Might Cause Subway and Elevated Tie-Up if Motormen Struck.

ASSEMBLY HAS PASSED IT

Forbids Employment of Green Men, but Safeguard Already Exists —City Would Pay Losses.

Officials of the city government and the companies concerned in the operation of rapid transit in this city are a good deal concerned at the provisions of Assembly Bill No. 1,897, introduced by Assemblyman Cronin. It has passed the Assembly and is now in the Senate. If it should become operative it might, in the event of any labor troubles on subway or elevated lines of the city, have the most serious effects, and might leave the city in as difficult a position as was Yonkers during the last trolley strike there.

The bill provides that all motormen engaged in operating "electric multiple-unit trains with one or more cars" must have at least one year's experience on a steam or electric railroad, and must be familiar with such matters as train orders, the standard code of signals, and so on. Moreover, employes of the transportation companies, taken from other departments of the service to act as motormen, must act for one year as motor switchmen in the yards of the company before they can be placed in charge of trains. The Public Service Commission is to keep records of such employes when they enter the service of the transportation companies, and any violation of this bill, if passed, will be imprisonment for not more than a year or a fine of $500, or both, for the offending officials and employes.

The danger of this bill, it was pointed out yesterday, lay in the case of a motorman's strike on any of the rapid-transit lines of the city. It would be practically impossible for the company to obtain from any source a sufficient supply of men to act as motormen till the dispute could be fought out, and the motormen would have the roads at their mercy. Either the companies would have to accede to their demands, whatever they might be, or they would have to submit to the complete tie-up of their lines.

When a strike occurred in Yonkers a few months ago and a much less stringent city provision was in force there with regard to the motormen, the cars had to be left idle in the barns, but there the people could manage to walk, though at the cost of much inconvenience. But if there was a stoppage of the Subway and Elevated service in this city ruin would be brought on thousands.

Moreover, as soon as the Dual Subway agreement goes into force on Jan. 1, 1917, the pocket of the city might be directly affected by this law. One of the principal results of that agreement will be the transfer to the city, after the first few years, of the entire burden of any increase in the operating expenses of the Interborough and B. R. T. systems. The companies will be able to take from the pooled earnings the full amount of the operating expenses and their preferential payments before the city gets even the interest and sinking fund on the capital it is about to invest, and the only hope of the city's receiving any profits lies in keeping these operating expenses down.

So a bill, which, it is urged, would render it possible for the motormen to exact considerable increases in their pay means that the city will have to supply all the additional money. The only argument for the bill seems to be the necessity of safeguarding the public and to prevent their being obliged to intrust their lives to inexperienced motormen, but it was pointed out last night that the Public Service Commission already possessed ample powers to regulate the operation of the rapid transit lines, and there was no reason why the demands of safety should be made an excuse for handing over the finances of the city to the chances of a labor war.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 18.—Members of the Legislature in the city to-night could throw little light upon the bill requiring motormen on electric trains to have at least a year's experience before being employed. The measure was passed in the Assembly a few days ago and is now in the Senate Committee on Railroads. It is probable that the bill will be moved in committee during the next week, although its advancement will be opposed.

The Assembly a few weeks ago defeated a bill said to have been advanced with a view of preventing the employment of strikebreakers on electric railroads. It provided that electric car conductors and motormen could not be employed unless they had fifteen days' training with experienced operators.

ADVERTISING SHOW OPENS.

First Annual Exhibition to Demonstrate All Phases of Printing Trade.

The first annual exhibition of the National Printing, Advertising, Publishing and Allied Trades will open at 1 o'clock this afternoon at the New Grand Central Palace, and continue daily, Sunday excepted, until next Saturday night. In the course of the exposition several important conventions will be held, including the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, the Associated Press, and the Printers' League of America.

Every appliance known in the making of a newspaper will be on exhibition, while several of the newest designs in presses will be shown at work. Perfecting presses, typesetting machines, inks, stereotyping outfits, photo-engraving, reproductions, bookbinding and advertising displays will be exhibited.

"Better Babies"

PETER O'BRIEN III
A Prize Winner at the Better Babies Show at Denver.

AMERICAN women have started a revolution by judging babies at the State Fairs just as carefully as hogs are judged. They measure and test babies and award prizes to the healthiest and brightest. And now a National Campaign for "Better Babies" is sweeping across the country.

THE Woman's Home Companion is helping. It offers two prizes of $100.00 in gold to every State Fair Baby Show conducted on the "Better Babies" plan of The Woman's Home Companion. The May number, now on sale at all newsdealers, has pictures and score cards of the prize winners of the remarkable "Better Babies" Contest at Denver, with an inspiring article about these perfectly healthy, splendidly formed, prize winning babies.

Your Summer Clothes

The May Woman's Home Companion is aglow with a wonderful array of the very clothes you'll need when warm days come. You'll find ideas for everything, from baby's first short clothes to grandma's afternoon dress, in the May Woman's Home Companion 15c

"The Heart's Country"

A wonderful new novel by Mary Heaton Vorse begins in May—the life of a lovely girl who asks only to give herself and her sweetness with lavish hands. Also stories by Georgia Wood Pangborn, by Zona Gale, by David Lloyd. All this in the May Woman's Home Companion 15c

What About Vacation?

If you don't know what to do, or where to go for happiness and health, and if you want to find out how you can afford it read the prize winning letters from readers who tell of "Delightful Vacations at Little Cost" 15c

Dessert for Warm Days

Try a Marshmallow Pudding or a Pineapple Jelly to-night. Delicious recipes for these and other quickly made warm weather desserts have been prepared by the best cook in the world for the May Woman's Home Companion 15c

Kute Little Kewpies that Fly

Cut out the Kewpies this month and these paper dolls will fly for any little boy or girl. There's a marvelous story too of these wonderful playfellows with pictures and verses by Rose O'Neil. It's in the May Woman's Home Companion 15c

Six stories—fourteen Special Articles—Seven features for Children and Fourteen Household Departments—41 Splendid Features in ALL

ALL for 15c in the May

Woman's Home Companion

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Mrs. Edward R. Hewitt Explains the Purpose of the New Drama League

Reading the Earth's History in Arctic Fossils

Lady Duff-Gordon on the New Blouse Effects

In the Ruins of King Nebuchadnezzar's Palace

How Dancing Develops a Graceful Figure

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't. B. C. Franck, Sec'y. Address all communications THE NEW YORK TIMES. TELEPHONE 1000 BRYANT.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Times Annex..43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....263 West 125th Street
Bronx.....149th St. and Bergen Av.
Staten Island..8 Richmond Tce., St. George
Jersey City.....538 Jersey Avenue
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Entered as second-class mail matter.

YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1913.

JAPAN AND CALIFORNIA.

Japan has many demagogues and many yellow newspapers. Sometimes in that country a reckless yellow newspaper is owned and edited by a reckless demagogue, and some of her demagogues are more reckless, some of her newspapers more yellow, than any examples we could supply for a competitive exhibition. The wild agitators and wild, irresponsible newspapers of Japan are stirring the lower class of the people into a passion over the anti-Japanese bills now pending in the California Legislature. The excitement, according to dispatches, is intense. The measure in which the Japanese agitators succeed in arousing popular passion will be the measure in which public sympathy in this country will incline to turn in favor of California and against the Japanese demand, which, if presented in a reasonable way, would be received with the greatest respect and consideration in this country.

The question at issue is one which may be settled without the slightest disturbance of the friendly relations between Japan and the United States by the orderly process of the courts and of diplomacy. The Japanese Government of course understands, no doubt the agitators understand, that our Federal Government cannot forbid the Legislature of California to enact the bills under consideration. The ignorant Japanese mob knows nothing of the matter one way or the other, and becomes the easy prey of the agitators seeking to use this foreign question for their own domestic political advantage. When a similar issue arose a few years ago it was disposed of by an understanding between our Government and that of Japan. The Californians were no more anxious to lose their laborers than Japan was to receive them, and an adjustment was easily reached. In the present case it is not a question of immigration, but of alien ownership of land. In its present form the bill in the lower house of the California Legislature provides that an alien may acquire title to real property and hold the same for a year from date, when it will escheat to the State unless the alien owner "shall become a citizen of the United "States or shall declare his intention, "according to law, to become such a "citizen"; and corporations a majority of the stock of which "is owned "by aliens who are ineligible to be- "come citizens of the United States" shall be considered alien. This, of course, is specifically aimed at the Japanese.

As the question will come up for adjudication it is one of conflict between State laws and a treaty. In treaties made under the Articles of Federation our Government sometimes agreed to urge upon the citizens of the various States that they make laws complying with the treaty. That policy failed, for the States acted according to their own good will and pleasure. In one of our treaties with France the Government agreed to urge the various States to make laws permitting aliens to acquire real estate. Of this Prof. POMEROY, in his commentary upon the Constitution, said:

> If the treaty had expressly declared that such subjects may have full powers and rights to acquire and hold lands in any part of the United States, such compact would have overridden in favor of Frenchmen any State law forbidding aliens to acquire and hold real property.

Treaties are, as everybody knows, the supreme law of the land, and the weight of authority among the expounders of the Constitution gives the fullest scope to this declaration. If the California laws when enacted are found to be in violation of our treaty with Japan, it might be expected that they would for that reason be declared null by the Supreme Court. But in other States, and in the District of Columbia, there are laws practically upon all fours with these California projects. It would appear, therefore, that the matter is one for diplomatic as well as for judicial consideration. The intimation from Tokio, quite unofficial, that Japan will ask our Government to permit the naturalization of the Japanese can hardly be taken seriously. The naturalization of Japanese is one of the unsettled problems. Both Governments have found it wise and expedient not to press the matter for solution, and the raising of that question now would be most inopportune. Inasmuch as Japan has an alien land law which would not permit our citizens to hold real estate within the Empire, it may be expected that any representations officially made from Tokio would be of a friendly nature. The disposition of our own Government and of our people would favor an entirely amicable and liberal attitude toward any representations Japan may make.

THE NEW CENTRAL PARK OUTRAGE.

Nobody can read the newspapers nowadays without deriving from them a strong sense of the perpetual activity of our Park Commissioner, Mr. STOVER. He is busying himself now in considering how to spend a gift of $3,000,000 from an unspecified donor for the purchase of playgrounds, and he has been accumulating dirt and rocks from contractors employed on the new aqueduct, who, if Mr. STOVER had not helped them out of their difficulty, would have been obliged to pay for the dumping privilege elsewhere. Mr. STOVER is going to convert the dirt and rocks he has had dumped, free of cost to the contractors, on city property, into a public ball ground. He has a scheme of park opera under consideration, and he has removed all the turf from one of the lawns in Central Park, the one used for lawn tennis, and sprinkled gravel over it, destroying entirely its beauty as a lawn. To be sure, grass courts are preferable to dirt courts for tennis, wherever they can be obtained, but Mr. STOVER prefers gravel.

But the foremost enterprise of the Park Commissioner at present is an athletic contest by 10,000 public school children on one of the Central Park lawns in June. Stands are to be erected for many thousand spectators, and it will be a great event—if Mr. STOVER and his adherents can "pull it off." But these adherents are not the taxpayers of this city who have been fighting against the invasion and destruction of Central Park for half a century. They have defeated various schemes approved by STOVER, including the building of a huge and inappropriate structure on the site of the old Arsenal, which ought to have been torn down ten years ago, and others not worth recalling now.

The proposed athletic tournament is foreign to the purpose of Central Park. The polo ground at Van Cortlandt Park is the place for it. It will not be held in Central Park, because it will not be permitted by the people, who are aroused to the need of protecting their best Park, their landscape garden in the heart of the town, which is threatened with destruction every day it remains in STOVER'S charge.

THE POST ROAD "GRAB" BILL.

Some interest, or interests, have for years caused the introduction of a bill in the Legislature to repeal the Burns law, wherein the laying of trolley tracks on the Albany Post Road is forbidden. The law was passed because this road is the most traveled highway in the State, and the running of a street railroad along its surface would spoil it for the through traffic of vehicles. The vehicles using the Post Road have increased tenfold in recent years, and with its many turnings a trolley line would prove a source of danger. Of course the price of real estate all along the line would be depreciated, since the historic old Post Road would be permanently damaged for use by vehicles—which is the prime purpose of a highway. The "grab" bill has until this year been regularly exposed and defeated.

Senator HEALY of Westchester sponsors the measure this year, and he has succeeded, without attracting attention, in getting it through the Assembly and on the order of third reading in the Senate. No more trolleys are called for by the people of Westchester, since the lines in operation have mostly been under receiverships.

FOLDING BED LEGISLATION.

It is astonishing how much present proposals of legislation resemble the furniture in a flat where nothing is quite what it seems. A wardrobe may be a bed, and a writing desk may be a washstand, and a music stand may be a "cellaret" with much refreshment on application within. Formerly there were few of such tricks played by those who made statutes. They meant what they said, but they now mean something which no fellow can find out until they are applied to the victims. For it is no longer true that the laws apply to all. Methods have been found whereby the laws apply to a few, and work effects surprising to those who write them.

For example, bills levying taxes formerly were designed to raise money. Now they raise the mischief, and are substitutes for all sorts of penal statutes. The tax on oleomargarine is not designed to raise money for the support of Government, but to encourage the consumption of butter by making it costly to produce the cheaper food. An income tax is not a tax for the purpose of supporting Government as much as of distributing property according to changed attitude of the reformers toward property. Laws for the regulation of rates are really designed to reduce rates, no such thing as a reasonable increase of rates being known to the regulators. A bill to regulate the use of the mails by Stock Exchanges is designed to exclude such correspondence, and to compel the incorporation of Exchanges rather than to regulate their correspondence. A bill to establish the regulation of rates by a Public Service Commission is not intended to have any effect at all which the Legislature is bound to respect if it takes it into its head to regulate at its own sweet will, without the aid of the rule of reason.

Anybody can write a statute, and everybody can tell what it means and what it will do after twenty years' experience. It would be absurd to propose that the draughting of laws should be intrusted to those acquainted with the grammar of legislation, and with some knowledge of the effects of taxation and the customs of merchants. If anything like that were proposed, those having happy thoughts about new laws would have to disclose to the official draughtsmen the object of the laws, and if the real object of the proposed laws were revealed by the language used, it would be impossible to hope for happiness by the enactment of progressive statutes. The sort of legislation we are getting in this State was well described by Senator BROWN'S remarks regarding a bill which passed the Senate by two to one on Thursday. It was, he said, a bill to curry favor with the unthinking multitude:

> It is clearly unconstitutional, but what's the Constitution when you can feed people with something that tastes good, so they will vote for you in the Fall?

THE OPERA SEASON.

The season of grand opera at the Metropolitan ends to-night. In the twenty-three weeks 152 operatic performances have been given, while the company under Mr. GATTI-CASAZZA'S management has also given fourteen performances in Brooklyn, ten in Philadelphia, and two in Albany. The season has not been distinguished by operatic sensations; there have been no "Salomes" or "Elektras," and no imported dancers of astonishing agility and daring have diversified the routine. But it has been a satisfying season in the matter of ensemble and perfect co-operation of the principals, who have included so many of the most renowned singers of the world that it is needless to name them now. Pictorially the big Opera House has had few productions to compare with those of this year. The only positive novelties in the programme have been MOUSSORGSKY'S "Boris Godunoff," which had never before been sung in this country, and WALTER DAMROSCH'S "Cyrano," an entirely new work by a resident composer. But there have been a few noteworthy revivals of works recently neglected, and of these MOZART'S "Magic Flute" was particularly commendable.

The season has been singularly dull in one respect, as opera seasons go. No disputes between the artists, no rows between divas and conductors, have provided spicy material for the professional gossips. Efficiency of a high order has marked the conduct of the season in every department. Smooth, enjoyable performances in which composers have been adequately interpreted have been the rule. This indicates admirably the fitness of Mr. GATTI-CASAZZA for his office as Director, his personal strength, tact, and high executive ability, and his possession of these qualities is now cheerfully recognized by the people who support the opera.

THE AUBURN STRIKE.

The report of the Wagner Factory Investigation Committee is yet to be published, but extracts are available and appeal to humane instincts. Miss GERTRUDE SMITH'S investigations among the 200 nightworkers in the twine mills at Auburn disclosed that 140 of them were women and 97 were mothers. The work was dusty and noisy, and the women upon returning home did housework. Their faces were drawn and white, their gait was stooping, their clothes, faces, and hands were dirty.

On the other hand the residents of Auburn are dismayed at the prospect that the mills will be removed, and a committee of citizens reports "Auburn never had a better manufacturing establishment than this."

Can it be possible that Miss GERTRUDE SMITH'S report was somewhat too sympathetic? And even if Miss SMITH'S report is strictly accurate, does it follow that a strike without a grievance ought to be allowed to take work from those who are satisfied with the conditions of employment? The question is fair to ask because the strikers are a minority of the workers, and made no demands either on their unions or the management of the mills before they struck in sympathy with the strikers in the mills of the Harvester Company's competitor. The demands were not formulated until two days after the strike, and then an advance was asked above an advance which had just been made to a level above that of the same grade of labor in that district.

It is said that the high-grade labor which was made idle by the strike of the Italians, Poles, and Lithuanians dismantled the machinery with tears in their eyes at the loss of their wages. Which tears are the better worth attention? Is there not danger that an excess of pity may do more harm than good? Is it possible to doubt that the payment of $1,750,000 in wages is quite as helpful to those needing them as the sympathetic report of Miss GERTRUDE SMITH? It is a bold question to ask, and yet we would much like a plain answer to the question whether the trust which supplied work for high-grade American labor by paying low-grade foreign labor more wages than it ever received before is not entitled to its share of such sympathy as was expressed by the citizens of Auburn on Thursday?

THE CIVIC CENTRE PLAN.

Few who approve the plan for the establishment of a civic centre of which Mr. LOWELL'S new circular Court House will be the dominating architectural feature, in the neighborhood directly northeast of City Hall Park, have doubted that it would be carried out since Borough President MCANENY became its advocate and chief promoter. Mr. MCANENY has the initiative and personal force that are pretty sure to carry to realization any plan for the benefit of this city or this borough which he may approve. Through his action at the meeting of the Board of Estimate Thursday, the Corporate Stock Budget Committee of the Board will now formally take up, with the Court House Commission, the matter of the purchase, with the land set apart for the new law courts, of such other neighboring land as may be required in the future.

This will include the projected sites of a State Building and a Federal Building, and the strip needed for the construction of a new thoroughfare from the corner of City Hall Place and Pearl Street through to the old Five Points district. The total cost of this land at present will be about $9,000,000, (the Court House site alone being appraised at about $6,500,000,) and the property owners in the district will be assessed to pay part of the cost. If the city should fail to buy the additional land now the cost would be greatly increased, as real estate values in the neighborhood of the new Court House are likely to be quadrupled.

The plans for the Court House are now practically complete. The Federal and State Buildings are certainties of the near future. Other public buildings will be required in the neighborhood before long, including one for the criminal courts. With the Mullet Post Office, which has been an eyesore for more than forty years, removed and the Tweed Court House only an unhappy memory, the City Hall Park restored and adorned by the one historic building, there will be a vista northeastward from lower Broadway of splendid and imposing buildings with parklike surroundings.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Generosity Hard to Justify.

Perhaps, and faith, hope, and charity suggest that the Senate and Assembly, being both made up so largely of educational experts, gave before passing the bill creating some 3,000 college scholarships the large amount of careful study which a measure in so many ways important demanded. It is more than a little strange, however, that these Wise Ones did not pay the general public the pretty compliment of letting it know what they were going to do.

If they had done so, or if Gov. SULZER had been equally considerate before he signed the bill, they and he would have discovered the existence of widespread and strong antagonism to such a use of what, in the ever-increasing aggregate, will be a large amount of the taxpayers' money.

On general principles, and with certain qualifications as to mental capacity, everybody sympathizes with poor boys and girls who want to go to college, and to assist toward the realizing of that worthy ambition has long been recognized as beneficent—when it is a manifestation of private generosity. But there is no such agreement with regard to the propriety of the assumption by State or city of this function. On the contrary, it is something more than a common belief that, at least until primary and secondary instruction is offered to all children in a form much more nearly perfect than our schools seem likely to provide for years to come, aspirants for collegiate learning had better be left to their own usually efficient devices.

It is considered ungracious to admit, and unkind to dwell upon, the fact that some are hurt, not helped, by going to college, and that therefore the road thither should not be made too smooth. Without doing either, one can still protest, vigorously or gently, according to preference, that the establishment of these State scholarships was an injudicious, undemocratic, and therefore undefensible, proceeding.

The ease and speed with which the bill went through the Legislature may possibly be explained by the obvious though unmentioned certainty that New York City—which, by the way, already maintains a free college of its own—will pay at least three-fourths of the cost involved in giving every Assembly district five scholarships a year. "Up the State" will get these boons for next to nothing. That fully explains why they will be accepted there joyfully. Gratitude is not to be expected.

Aviation Needs a Stabilizer.

This has been an almost appalling week in the history of aviation, the fatalities having been so numerous that, considering how small the number of aviators still is, to speak of wholesale slaughter is hardly an exaggeration. The perfectly understandable lure of the air, however, is so strong, that the places of the dead are promptly taken by eager students of the new art, in spite of the fact that their risk of death not long deferred is almost indistinguishable from a certainty. One after another they meet the fate that is and will remain next to inevitable as long as aeroplanes lack the quality possessed by every other vehicle used by human beings except the bicycle—an inherent tendency in large or small degree to maintain its own equilibrium.

This is entirely lacking from aeroplanes as they are now made. It is a vital fault, but one which, theoretically, is by no means irremediable. At least a dozen inventors have suggested self-right devices, all more or less promising, and the problem, though difficult, is one for the solution of which science is unquestionably competent.

The finding of the required solution would be hastened if the many people with money who are interested in mechanical flight would stop offering prizes for altitude, speed, distance, weight carrying, and the traversing of especially dangerous courses, and would instead promise a really handsome reward for a practicable and efficient "stabilizer." That is what is needed, not further incitement of too courageous aviators to achievements which add nothing to present knowledge, even when successfully performed, and with tragic frequency end in death and the consequent strengthening of the false belief that for man movement through the air must remain what it is—a most perilous form of sport.

There is no such necessity. The aeroplane is a magnificent machine, even in its present imperfect state of development. Unfortunately for the attainment of all its possibilities, glory can be won and money made with it as it is, and its improvement lags simply because attention has been too much diverted from the right direction.

There is little or no likelihood that the required equilibration will be effected by an aviator. It is work for a mathematician who is also an engineer. The right idea once found in a laboratory or study, any skilled mechanic will be competent to give it material form.

Troubled by an Empty Grievance.

Mr. CHOATE must be slightly disquieted at hearing his recent criticisms of the press as the historian of crime echoed by Senator WORKS of California; a man with a mind about as different from that of our legal and diplomatic light as could be found in a long, long search.

The Christian Science statesman, as might have been expected, reaches his conclusion by another route, but it is the same conclusion—the newspapers should give little space and no prominence of position or headline to naughty deeds of any kind. His ideal journal is The Monitor, official organ of his sect, the sheet that labors to confirm the Eddyites in the pleasing assumption that sin and misfortune are empty illusions and to be abolished need only to be denied or ignored.

Of course Senator WORKS cannot, like Mr. CHOATE, give countenance to the doctrine of suggestion, for to do that would be disastrous to his whole system of philosophy. He does not even mention "malicious animal magnetism," the black magic which is discussed only among the credulous initiate. He only protests against and seeks to prohibit the publication of news the existence of which he, as do the rest of us, regrets. The possibility that the suppression advised by these so diverse advocates would please the criminals even more than themselves has apparently occurred to neither of them.

But, after all, why does Senator WORKS worry about this "error" of the press? For him it has no reality, and it cannot do any harm. Let him just say that it isn't and it won't be. The remedy is surely simple enough.

ROLLINS & ROLLINS EXPLAIN

Not at All Involved in Robin's Charges—Exonerated by Court.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of Friday, April 18, 1913, you state that Joseph G. Robin appeared before the Bar Association Grievance Committee on April 17, to explain his charges against Philip A. Rollins, James A. Gifford and others. This is untrue.

The Appellate Division of the First Department dismissed Mr. Robin's charges against the members of the firm of Rollins & Rollins, with the following words:

"As to the firm of Rollins & Rollins, we can see no fact alleged which would in the slightest degree reflect upon their professional character."

No member of the firm of Rollins & Rollins is in any way involved in the charges now being prosecuted by Mr. Robin before the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association.

ROLLINS & ROLLINS.

New York, April 18, 1913.

ANOTHER LONELY MOTHER

Would Welcome Opportunity for Recreation and Companionship.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I add a few words in hearty support of any scheme that will serve to enrich the lives of the still young, still vibrant parents who do not want to be relegated to the "back seat," whither, alas, the rising generation would send us? I for one stand ready to give both support and service to further such plans as A. H. Goldsmith outlines, knowing full well that in doing this I would find relief from the heart-breaking loneliness that has obsessed me the past few years—the years since my daughter began to "grow up."

I find myself now somewhere "around forty," and after eleven years of such work, still working, and expecting to work for at least another decade, and with both time and means to enjoy relaxation and recreation, eager for both as never before, eager for companionship in games, in tramps, in trolley rides, in anything reasonable. But I'm "too old" for my daughter. She is less of a companion than when she was five or eight or ten. She cannot see why "mother" should wish to be with the "young people." And "mother" goes on her lonely way—alone in her pleasures, as she is alone in her trials and disappointments. "AUNTY" LONELINESS.

Brooklyn, N. Y., April 17, 1913.

Mayor Gaynor on Church Bells.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I append herewith a letter which I received from the Mayor this morning. It seems to be typical of his Honor. I wrote him that there are something like eight churches within hearing distance of me, and that the sound of their bells on Sunday was an intolerable nuisance.

GORDON EDWARDS.

Brooklyn, N. Y., April 17, 1913.

CITY OF NEW YORK.
Office of the Mayor,
April 16, 1913.

Dear Mr. Edwards: Your letter of April 13, complaining that the church bells in your neighborhood are "an intolerable nuisance," is at hand. I am sorry you feel that way. Church bells have always been deemed a solace and pleasure all over the world. But you say they annoy you. Is the fault in the bells, or in you? Do you go to church?

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Gordon Edwards, Esq., 292 Ryerson Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

MRS. TOD IS FLOUTED

And So Is Mrs. White for Withholding Suffragist Cash.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am not in the habit of replying to anti-suffrage arguments or communications. I am usually content to leave them to do their perfect work—for suffrage. But the letters of Mrs. Andrew D. White and Mrs. Kennedy Tod, recently published in your columns, inspire me to say a brief word. The reactionary we have always with us, yea, the harmless, necessary anti. Harmless because no part of progress has ever been long delayed on account of her, or him: necessary, because conflict and opposition are indispensable agents of progress. Without anti-suffrage the suffrage cause would be, to the multitude, utterly uninteresting. Few people would be curious enough to listen to its advocates. Fewer still would be willing to work and to sacrifice for it. Without the brilliant efforts of the antis, joined with our own faithful labors, the suffrage cause would never have become what it is to-day, a pressing political question. I strongly approve, therefore, of the anti. I should regard the conversion to suffragism of Mrs. Arthur Dodge or Mr. Elihu Root in the light of a calamity. But, Mr. Editor, deliver me from the kind of a person who *would* approve of woman suffrage, or who was *about* to send a check to headquarters, but who was deterred at the last moment because a small group of women in England committed an act of lawlessness.

The excuse is too paltry. It adds to the population of the great State of Missouri. I want to see the dismembered fragments of that check. I want some assurance that persons whose convictions are so easily shaken ever had any real convictions. When a lunatic fires a pistol at King Alfonso the Spanish mob, which yesterday was all for Republicanism, yells at the top of its lungs: "God save the King!" That is mob mind. Everybody knows that the noise makers are neither Republicans nor Royalists.

By the way, I hope the lady sent the check to the anti-suffrage headquarters.

RHETA CHILDE DORR.

New York, April 17, 1913.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

While reading Mrs. Maria Kennedy Tod's letter to THE TIMES, I felt gratified over the withdrawal of that lady's intended check for the suffrage fund. No cause was ever benefited by vaunted contributions with "strings tied to them," and the woman's cause is the last to desire or accept such.

Its many true adherents will always gladly and unconditionally give to the extent of their material and mental capabilities toward the furtherance of the movement (*movement, not stagnation*) without looking to such would-be impulses of generosity as rely upon newspaper publication for vulgar impression.

EQUAL JUSTICE.

New York, April 17, 1913.

CENTRAL PARK LAWN

Spoiled Contrary to Law, Mr. Van Ingen Thinks.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In Friday's issue you quote the Park Commissioner as saying that he had spread 15,000 cubic yards of gravel over the lawn just south of the Ninety-seventh transverse road in Central Park. He adds, "And yet I was criticised for this and charged with destroying the lawns." According to the Concise Oxford Dictionary (and I assume the Commissioner will not dispute this authority,) the definition of lawn is "grass covered land." Does not Mr. Stover's testimony convict him?

It would be pertinent should you ask the Commissioner if there is not on file in his office a letter from the landscape architect disapproving of this change, and also if the law does not refuse the Commissioner the right to make such change except with the approval of the landscape architect. In case you should unearth such a letter it might be useful as evidence. And then, pray, go to the ex-lawn itself and see with your own eyes this lamentable destruction.

W. B. VAN INGEN.

New York, April 17, 1913.

TARIFF ON GUM CHICLE.

Lower Duty Protested as Favoring the Trust.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We notice that under the new tariff the import tax on gum chicle, the base of chewing gum, has been doubled.

This is entirely in the interest of the large manufacturers, viz.: The American Chicle Company, which controls the Sen-Sen Chiclet Company; the Autosales Gum and Chocolate Company, and the William Wrigley, Jr., Company, who have enormous stocks of chicle on hand, (taxed at one-half the new rate,) and imposes an impossible burden on the small manufacturers, who have to buy their raw material from hand to mouth, and whose business will be seriously prejudiced if this bill is passed. In other words, the much vaunted reduction of protection hits hard the small manufacturers and benefits the so-called trust.

As buying brokers for the smaller gum-makers we call your attention to this proposed legislation which will assist the so-called trust to put out of business the small manufacturers, and which we are satisfied was not proposed in full knowledge of the facts, which we are fully prepared to substantiate. H. W. HENNING & SON.

New York, April 15, 1913.

Circus Day for Cripples.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

How many have witnessed "circus day" at Barnum and Bailey's, the one day in the year when Madison Square Garden opens wide its stupendous doors and the marvelous "greatest show on earth" is free to the little ones to whom such joys are unknown?

For the children the day was one to be remembered. But even more momentous was it to the little ones of the crippled schools. How tenderly they were cared for! How sure did the ushers make that the best box seats were allotted them, and that they were comfortably seated! In all that vast multitude everything was carried out with almost military discipline. No matter how large the group, seats were found immediately with no complications.

In the name of the little orphan children (since thanks cannot be rendered to the dead) may tribute be paid, and, too, from those little crippled ones with whom I am associated and to whom yesterday's performance meant something never to be forgotten.

GERTRUDE F. KAUFMAN,
Primary Teacher Montefiore Home.

New York, April 16, 1913.

Traffic Policemen Needed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is a known fact that at the various street crossings, wherever a traffic policeman is stationed, the traffic is splendidly regulated. This regulation alleviates momentary congestion and helps us from the dangers of fast-moving vehicles.

However, in many parts of the city where traffic is very heavy adequate regulation is lacking. One of the many places I have in mind is the large square intersected by Hudson, West, Canal, and Broome Streets. Here, between the freight trains running north and south and the surface cars and trucks running in every direction, the dangers are very pronounced. M. B. FLEISCHER.

New York, April 16, 1913.

The Affairs of Women.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is a tide in the affairs of women which taken at the flood leads on to—the devil knows where. Even Byron would not have believed it possible that in a hundred years from his time English women would be trampling the laws of their country under foot and defying the Government.

C. G. BARROWS.

Mansfield Centre, Conn., April 1913.

THREATENED SHIPS.

Voyagers to Panama Pass Many Danger Spots.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The waters of the east coast of the Atlantic and the Caribbean Sea will soon be frequented by large steamships voyaging to Panama, in many cases commanded by mariners who find themselves, for the first time in their lives, navigating in the most dangerous waters of the Atlantic. The course from New York to Colon takes a ship through the low-lying coral islands of the Bahamas, where outlying reefs show the half-submerged remains of what was once a splendid argosy of the sea—now an ugly, rusty mass of rotting steel. During some periods of the year, for days together, sun and stars are obscured by a heavy, overcast sky, and no observations are possible to fix ship's position; misty rains shut in the few feeble lights that were established forty or fifty years ago at some of the most prominent danger spots. Then the ship becomes the sport of the variable currents, and perhaps yet another disaster is recorded in the shipping columns.

But ships must keep schedule time, progress must be made, and the Captain at last meets his fate. The steamship Prinz Joachim presents a recent instance. Bound from New York to the West Indies and Panama, passing through the variable currents of the Gulf Stream, and expecting to see the light on Watling Island, (or at least Bird Rock Light ahead,) she crashed on Atwood Cay—thirty-five miles eastward of her course.

The story of the steamship Antillian is the same, and the story of the—their name is legion. Watling Island is the first land picked up after leaving New York. Its light, established in 1887, is the brightest of the Bahama Island lights, but its power should be considerably increased. Thence the course is shaped for Crooked Island Passage, which lies between Crooked Island and Long Island. The eastern side of this passage is marked by Bird Rock Light, established in 1887, and revolving every ninety seconds. That is, a fifteen-knot steamer would make 2,280 feet distance between the periods of revolution of this light. Forty-five miles from Bird Rock Light is Castle Island, guarded by a white fixed light, and often mistaken for a steamer's masthead light. But there is no room for mistakes here, for a few miles west of it lie the dreaded Mira-por-vos Islets; low, black reefs, with hearts as hard as a suffragette's.

Another 112 miles and we are off Cape Maysi, the eastern extreme of Cuba, which is marked, we cannot say guarded, by an antiquated second-order fixed light, which failed to warn and save the fruit steamer wrecked close to the lighthouse. Cape Maysi should be better protected; the present fixed light should be superseded by a more powerful flash light, and a second light established on Point Quemado, five miles to the southward, to assist northbound ships.

From off Cape Maysi, a straight course south 28 degrees west true, 736 miles, lands one at Colon, the eastern entrance to the canal, if the variable currents do not shorten the voyage by a too close acquaintance with the unlighted Navassa Island or the more dangerous Morant Cays, ten feet high, that lie south-south-east off Morant Point, Jamaica.

The better lighting of the dangers off the Panama coast, such as the Farallon Sucio Rocks, may be safely left to the Isthmian Canal Commission. But the real risks that exist in the Crooked Island Passage and Windward Passage, so shortly to be a busy highway of commerce, could be minimized by the improving of the existing lighthouses, which, with the exception of Cape Maysi, are under the British Board of Trade, and the establishing of an efficient light on Atwood Cay, also the east extreme of Long Island, the east rock of Mira-por-vos, Point Quemado, Cuba; Navassa Island, and the Morant Cays.

This important question should be taken in hand at once by those interested—the traveling public, insurance and shipping communities. Pressure should be laid on the Governments responsible for the proper guarding of these coasts from shipwreck, and we should not wait for the yet more catastrophes to appal the world with tales of shipwreck, loss of life and property. We must remember Jowett's remark: "Measures of precaution are never fully appreciated because when most effectual they never seem to be necessary." RICHARD HAYES,
Master Mariner.

New York, April 16, 1913.

Carnegie Hall Shabby?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that the campaign for Spring cleaning is in order, why not stir up the Trustees of Carnegie Hall to a sense of their responsibilities and have a general clean-up in that place? The dust of years lies on its walls, and the upholstering and carpets in the boxes are abominable. J. REDFIELD HOTCHKISS.

New York, April 16, 1913.

THE VOICE OF THE CITY.

Ye who have come from the country, ye
who have come from the town,
Rushing to ravish my riches, seeking to
snaffle renown,
Thinking to grow world-famous, thinking 'twill take but a trice—
Are ye willing to do my bidding—are ye
ready to pay my price?

Are ye made of the stuff that is built
to rebuff, are ye forged of the truest
of steel:
Can ye hold to the track when ye're
placed on the rack, will ye break
when ye're stretched on the wheel?
Are ye clean white all through, can ye
always be true to yourself or a pal
in despair?
Or are ye a coward when failure is
showered, must ye quit when the
odds aren't fair?
Are your hearts stout and strong, can
ye hide with a song a sorrow that
cuts like a knife?
Can ye smilingly meet every crushing
defeat, and plunge once again in the
strife?
Can ye suffer and toil, can ye ceaselessly moil, when even faint hope is
long dead?
Will ye stick to the end, when ye
haven't a friend, and ye're filled
with a terrible dread?
Will ye do as I tell, when the tortures
of Hell are striving to force ye to
quit?
Or will ye turn pale, and tremblingly
fail, when comes once the test of
your grit?

Oh, ye who are true and fearless and
brave, ye who are built for the fight:
Come, I am calling ye, ye will I pay, ye
shall I fill with delight:
To ye shall I give of my riches and
fame, ye shall I cherish, mine own:
To ye for your courage, your pluck and
your toil, to ye will I richly atone!
But ye, who are cowards, and quitters,
and weak, forepromised of prison
and pen—
Stay ye afar, from my streets and my
marts, for all that I want is—Men!

EDMUND LEAMY.

COCKBURN TO HELP BOOM EXPOSITION

Former Premier of South Australia Here to Aid 1914 Peace Centenary.

TELLS OF ENGLISH INTEREST

Sir John Says He Is Convinced That the General Human Tendency Is Now Toward Solidarity.

Among the passengers who landed from the Mauretania yesterday was Sir John Alexander Cockburn, K. C. M. G., M. D., Knight of Grace of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, and former Premier of South Australia. Sir John has come to this country to work generally for increased Anglo-Saxon amity, and specifically for the Anglo-American Exposition which is to be held in London next year, from May to October, to celebrate the centenary of unbroken peace between the United States and Great Britain.

"Every man who is responsive to the spirit of the age," Sir John said last night at the Waldorf, "is deeply interested in anything that tends toward drawing closer the amity of nations and in the preservation of peace, because in spite of large or small outbreaks which may take place from time to time, there can be no doubt whatever that the general tendency is in favor of solidarity, and that a strongly synthetic movement animates the civilized world.

"Of all these currents that tend to draw people together, nothing can be more congenial than those which concern themselves with peoples of the same race, language, and religion, so that anything that can promote the feeling of kinship between the United States and England is intensely fascinating.

Chairman of Overseers' Committee.

"As Chairman of the Overseers' Committee of the Anglo-American Exposition, I have come here with Imre Kiralfy, the Director General of the exposition, as a deputation appointed from the meeting of the General Committee held at the Mansion House in London on March 28, at which the Lord Mayor of London presided. Mr. Kiralfy and myself are here to meet some of the members of the American Committee now in process of formation, and, in general, to do everything possible to foster the movement.

"Great interest has been aroused in England by the projected exposition; more than 200 members of Parliament alone are on the General Committee, and cable advices received yesterday advise us that the Duke of Connaught, whose name is equally honored and beloved on both sides of the Atlantic, has graciously consented to act as patron. The English Vice Presidents include Lord Avebury, Lord Curzon, Lord Rothschild, Lord Derby, Lord Strathcona, and the Lord Mayor of London, and names of equal note on this side will also be Vice Presidents.

"The position I take is that at different stages in the world's history different movements are necessary. At one stage of evolution centrifugal movements tend to separation and differentiation, and then, again, when the various individualities have been sufficiently differentiated there comes a time for them to be blended together in a harmonious centripetal movement, thereby attaining a degree of harmony which far surpasses the preceding discord and is on a higher plane than the original uniformity.

"And we now in England regard the separation of the United States under the supposed blundering of the then Government of England—poor old King George and his advisers, you know—as the most fortunate occurrence for the evolution of mankind, because the world would be much poorer to-day were it not for the infinite number of inventions and the originality which resulted from that separation, which gave the American people the opportunity to develop its own genius in perfect freedom.

"But now the time has come when these fruits of individualism might very well be garnered for the mutual benefit of each branch of the Anglo-Saxon race, and this is what the Anglo-American Exposition in London next year purposes to do, namely, to show side by side the manifold inventions respectively of the kinsmen on either side of the Atlantic, the way in which each has taken up and developed the discoveries of the other, and to place before the civilized world an epitome as it were of the most wonderful period of peaceful development that has ever been witnessed in the history of the planet. Practically everything to-day in the civilized world—the comforts, luxuries, and necessities—is due to the different and combined genius of the Anglo-Saxon race.

To Encourage Further Advance.

"This conjunction, as it will be shown in the exposition, will be not only intensely interesting from the historical, scientific, and artistic point of view, but we believe it will foster a still more surprising advancement of the achievements which already have been made. The Anglo-American Exposition also will be utilitarian in enhancing ties of commerce as well as of kinship for the mutual advantage of both nations concerned.

To illustrate the closeness of the ties that bind the two nations and the keen interest which Americans take in things English, Sir John told the following anecdote of which he had personal knowledge:

"Do you know that you have over here a Society of Descendants of the Lords of the Manor? Well, you have. And a few years ago one of them, a very well-known American citizen, came over to England on purpose to visit Runnymede on the anniversary of the signing of Magna Charta. When he landed no one could tell him where Runnymede was. When he finally got there he found that not only had no preparations for celebrating the signing of Magna Charta been made, but that the place was practically deserted and that Runnymede was private property.

"So far as objects of historical interest in England are concerned, there is no doubt in my mind that the average American visitor knows far more about them and is more deeply moved by the associations that cluster about them than the average Englishman who lives his life on the spot.

"In Australia we value highly the American element as a considerable factor in our progress. On the Fourth of July we always go down to drink a glass of wine under the Stars and Stripes with the American Consul. And when we framed the Federal Constitution of Australia, it was to the United States that we looked for a pattern, and it was from the American Constitution that we took the salient features of our own."

SHELTERED 70,000 MEN.

All-Night Mission to Celebrate Its Second Birthday To-night.

The All-Night Mission in lower Bowery is to celebrate its second anniversary to-night. It has sheltered 70,000 men, fed 40,000, and claims 7,000 conversions.

On May 12 in Calvary Baptist Church in Fifty-seventh Street, National r

CARUSO AND FARRAR SPEAK AT OPERA

Audience at the Metropolitan Clamors for Speeches from the Tenor and Soprano.

WILD SCENES AS OPERA ENDS

Women Wave Scarfs at Tenor's Farewell for This Season—Farrar Says 'Come to See Us Next Year.'

It was farewell night for Mr. Caruso, Miss Farrar, and Mr. Scotti last night at the Metropolitan Opera House, and for the close of the evening there occurred one of the most unusual scenes that has been played on the stage of the big opera house in years. The house was packed until it seemed impossible to get another person in it, and enthusiasm had been high all evening.

At the final curtain the audience arose and applauded. Nearly half the people remained in their seats, and as recall after recall brought out the tenor and Miss Farrar, they began to move down toward the front of the auditorium, until it looked like an afternoon recital at Carnegie Hall.

Mr. Caruso was in his usual good humor, and improvised comedy scenes with the flowers that came in rapid succession, while Geraldine Farrar entered into the spirit of the occasion also.

After a dozen or so recalls, the audience decided this was not enough. Somebody shouted, "Speech!" and it was all over. The cry was taken up all over the house. Now it was Miss Farrar's turn to enjoy the situation. She urged the tenor to the front and an agonized expression came over his face as he expostulated wildly. Finally she got behind him and pushed him down to the footlights. He grasped both her arms over his shoulders, and attempted to carry her off the stage, but it would not do.

Then some clever person hissed for silence, and the audience quieted down to absolute stillness. The singers were caught down at the footlights, and it was up to them.

"I thank you," began Miss Farrar. Wild applause.

"He thanks you," she went on, pointing to Mr. Caruso.

More applause.

"That's very good," chimed in Mr. Caruso, as if lost in admiration.

"Who do you want to make this speech?" demanded Miss Farrar.

"You!" shouted some. "Caruso!" chorused others. And then some diplomat made himself heard with "Both of you." An elderly lady in a white evening dress from the first rows of the parquet was waving her scarf over her head in wild enthusiasm.

The tenor came down close to the footlights and held up his hand. Then he cleared his throat and made the following speech, which is here reported in all its detail:

"I thank you for your courtesy. Good night."

He said it slowly and it sounded like a lot.

Daniel Webster never got a more enthusiastic reception from any of his audiences, it is safe to say, than that which followed. But Geraldine Farrar got in the last word. Her speech, as taken down in relays by expert shorthand writers, was as follows:

"And don't forget to come and see us next year."

Then they hastened off. It was reported behind the scenes that Mr. Caruso was so pleased with the success of his speech that he had determined to sing only in English next season.

The opera last night was Puccini's "Tosca." Geraldine Farrar, Enrico Caruso, and Antonio Scotti, all of whom made their appearance for the season here, were in the principal rôles. Giulio Rossi was the Angelotti, and the others in the cast were Antonio Pini-Corsi, Angelo Bada, Bernard Begue, Paolo Ananian, and Jeanne Maubourg. Giuseppe Sturani conducted.

HARRY THURSTON PECK ILL.

Former Columbia Professor in Ithaca City Hospital.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 18.—Harry Thurston Peck, Professor of Ancient Languages in Columbia University for twenty-eight years, is critically ill at the Ithaca City Hospital. He is under the care of special physicians and nurses, who give little hope of recovery, although they say the end may not be near.

Prof. Peck came here a few days ago to visit friends, and was soon after stricken by a nervous disease and his nerves and mental condition are seriously impaired. His former wife, who is in New York, is being kept in touch with the Professor's condition by bulletins every few hours.

About two years ago Prof. Peck was sued by Miss Esther Quinn, a stenographer for $50,000 for alleged breach of promise. The suit was dismissed, but another action for a similar amount was brought by Miss Quinn, and is still pending. Prof. Peck's connection with Columbia University was severed shortly after the first suit was brought.

Anderson Galleries Sale.

The sale of pictures, teapots, and bric-a-brac belonging to different collectors was concluded at the Anderson Galleries last night, the total return for the sale being $6,731. Yesterday afternoon's sale brought $1,846, and the evening sale $2,903. Meissonier's "The Sleeping Guard" brought the highest price of the evening, going to Dery for $400. A small Corot, stamped "Vente Corot," and signed "Aurora," went to the same buyer for $260, and Mr. Dery paid $110 for "Girl Going to the Spring," by Leon Richet. "The Shipwreck," by Eugene Delacroix, went to C. Straus for $170. "Before the Justice of the Peace," by F. A. Grison, went to John J. Sowney for $330. Andrew C. Zabriskie paid $60 for "Sunset," by Theodore Rousseau, and $50 for "Scenes in Algiers," by Fromentin. George H. Ainsley gave $50 for a "Landscape" by David Johnson.

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SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Albert Gallatin will give a dance and supper on Thursday evening, April 24, at the Hotel Gotham.

Dr. and Mrs. Henry Clarke Coe of 8 West Seventy-sixth Street are giving a soiree musicale this evening at their home in honor of Mme. Eugene Ysaye, and many prominent artists will appear.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin L. Gunther, who have just returned from Bermuda, are sailing for Europe on May 10.

Mrs. William Greene Roelker and Miss Edith Roelker are visiting Mrs. Roelker's father, George Ellsworth Jones, at 145 East Thirty-fifth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Kingsley Ballou of the Warrington have gone to their home in Colorado Springs to spend two months.

M. Constantin Dumba, the new Austrian-Hungarian Ambassador to Washington, who arrived on the Mauretania, is at the St. Regis for a few days before going to Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. Witherbee Black of Pelham Manor are at the Vanderbilt for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Louis Slade have returned from Europe and are at the Plaza.

The wedding of Miss Julia Newbold, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Newbold, and Redmond Cross, will take place to-day at the home of the bride's parents, 289 Madison Avenue. Owing to mourning only the immediate families have been invited to the wedding.

Society is interested in the entertainment which is to be given this afternoon at the Plaza in aid of the vacation camp of the Women's Auxiliary of the University Settlement. Besides luncheon dancing and auction bridge there will be a gymkhana for children, and the admission will be $1. A feature of the entertainment is the new dances which are to be given in the ballroom by three young women, to show the beautiful in dancing in comparison to the modern tango.

The members of the Federal District Attorney's staff will entertain United States District Attorney Wise and his successor, H. Snowden Marshall, at dinner at the Yale Club on May 1.

Miss Alice Astor, daughter of Mrs. John Astor, will be one of the five young girls who are to attend Miss Pelly, lady in waiting to the Duchess of Connaught, at her wedding to-day in London to Capt. T. H. Rivers Bulkeley, which is to take place at the Guards' Chapel, Wellington Barracks. The couple will go to Sagamore Park, which has been lent to them by the Duke and Duchess of Connaught for the early days of the honeymoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Mott Warner left the Ritz-Carlton, where they had spent the Winter, yesterday for Cedarhurst, L. I., where they have taken a cottage for the Summer.

Mrs. Samuel C. Van Deusen will give a tea this afternoon at 132 East Thirty-fifth Street for Mrs. Henry Wood and the Baroness Kretschman, who are her guests, and for others who are interested in arranging the entertainment next week for the Chrystie Street House.

TAYLOR-BROWN WEDDING.

Carl Braun of Metropolitan Opera House to be Best Man.

This morning at 8 o'clock will take place the marriage of Loomis Hammond Taylor, the son of Mr. and Mrs. George Taylor, and Henrietta Cowenhoven Brown, daughter of David R. C. Brown of Aspen, Col. The early wedding is necessitated by the fact that the couple will sail at 10 o'clock on the George Washington.

Mr. Taylor is one of the stage directors of the Metropolitan Opera House, and Carl Braun, the German bass at that theatre, will attend him. Miss Brown will be attended by Mrs. James Pott, but there will be no other attendants. The wedding has been arranged very quietly, owing to the illness of the bridegroom's father, who is now in Europe.

The wedding will take place at St. Mark's on the Bowery, and the ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Irwin Tucker, a friend of the bridegroom. After the ceremony the couple will go directly to the steamer, on which Carl Braun is also sailing.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor will spend the Summer in Europe, in London, Hamburg, and Berlin, at the bridegroom's Bavarian home in Garmisch, also in Austria, Italy, and Russia. They will return to make their home in New York in the Autumn.

Mr. Taylor has been at the Metropolitan Opera House for two years. He is an American, but has passed a great part of his life in Germany. Miss Brown has lived with her sister, Miss Margaret M. Brown, at 15 West Sixty-seventh Street, for the past few years.

MISS HERBERT'S WEDDING.

Her Marriage to Edward De Laney Dunn Next Tuesday.

Plans have been completed for the wedding of Miss Gertrude A. Herbert, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Herbert, to Edward De Laney Dunn of Newark, which will be celebrated on Tuesday afternoon, April 22, at 4 o'clock, in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Morningside Heights. The Rev. Dr. Nathan A. Seagle, rector of St. Stephen's Church, in West Sixty-ninth Street, will perform the ceremony, which is to be followed by a reception at the home of the bride's parents, 853 Fifth Avenue.

The maid of honor will be Miss Mary Armour, and the bridesmaids chosen are the Misses Anna Carson, Ellen Pomeroy, Aileen Devereux, Dorothy Kane, Carolyn Krenson, Helen Ryan, Prudence Durant, and Mary Dunn. John Herbert, the small brother of the bride, and her little cousin, James Helme, will be the pages.

James C. Dunn will be his brother's best man. John H. Dunn, Jr., and C. Carroll Dunn, brothers of the bridegroom; Hugo McAdoo, son of the Secretary of the Treasury; Harrison Hathaway, Richard T. Dyer, C. Blackburn Miller, Kenneth P. Barnaby, Lenox Straker, Albert Belmont Smith, and Richard and Kenneth Patterson, will act as ushers. Mr. Dunn is giving his bachelor dinner to-night.

Kuhn—Kline.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., April 18.—The marriage of William Henry Kuhn of Schenectady and Miss Edna Bronson Kline, youngest daughter of Editor William J. Kline of The Amsterdam Recorder, and Mrs. Kline, occurred last night. Following a wedding trip to the South, Mr. and Mrs. Kuhn will reside in Schenectady.

Montclair Dramatic Club.

The Montclair Dramatic Club, which produced its first play on Nov. 11, 1889, last night gave its annual subscription performance before a large audience in Montclair Club Hall. The piece presented was "Jack Straw," by W. S. Maugham, in which John Drew appeared a few seasons ago. The title rôle was taken by Lawrence Perry. Others who took part in the piece were Miss Florence Tyson Snedecor, Miss Kathleen E. Hogan, Miss Anne P. Whelpley, Mrs. E. Winans Robinson, Mrs. O. E. Schaefer, Roger Davis, A. A. Springmeyer, John R. Hogan, Douglas S. Studdiford, Walter Greenough, and Franklin S. Smith.

Merchants Honor Morgan.

The Board of Directors of The Merchants' Association has adopted a minute upon the death of Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan. It was prepared by a special committee, consisting of Mr. James G. White, Mr. J. Hrmann Kinnicutt, and Mr. George B. Cortelyou. The minute reads in part as follows:

"It is with deep sorrow that the Directors of The Merchants' Association of New York record the death of John Pierpont Morgan, a member of this association, and a member of one of its important committees. He was one of America's most distinguished citizens, and the foremost figure in the annals of American banking."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Lillian Russell will begin a short vaudeville engagement next week at the Colonial. Her programme will be made up of songs and excerpts from her lecture on "How to Live 100 Years," illustrated with Kinemacolor pictures. On the same programme Maurice Levi will present his new act, "The Invisible Band."

At the Criterion Theatre beginning Monday night the new improvement on the dictograph, whereby the voice is transmitted to a phonographic record, will be introduced into "The Argyle Case."

By arrangement with Lady Gregory, directress of the Irish Players, "The Workhouse Ward," one of that organization's comedies, will be offered in vaudeville this Summer by a company headed by John G. Sparks.

The Hippodrome yesterday arranged for a theatre party on May 1 of 1,500 residents of Allentown, Penn.

MILITARY NIGHT AT THE HORSE SHOW

Gen. Barry and Staff Guests at Brooklyn Riding and Driving Club Exhibition.

WEST POINT HORSE FIRST

Military Mounts and Officers' Chargers Compete Over the Jumps.—Judge Moore Wins Again.

Army and militia officers made an attractive appearance last night at the second session of the annual indoor horse show of the Brooklyn Riding and Driving Club, Prospect Park Plaza. It was military night and a special programme of events was arranged for competition between the horses of both branches of the service. Gen. Thomas Barry and the officers from Governors Island were the guests of the club, and their brilliant uniforms lent an additional coloring to the otherwise effective scene.

Officers' chargers and military mounts were put through their paces. They were made to perform gracefully for the big crowd present, and in addition to executing the various evolutions necessary to the military horses, they were sent over the jumps. Officers from West Point fraternized with the squadron officers and other bearers of commissions in the National Guard.

Early in the evening the Riding and Driving Club entertained a number of officers at dinner at the Montauk Club. Among those who sat down were Col. Charles L. Debevoise, Capt. J. A. Bair, A. S. Blodget, Lieut. L. E. Smith, Lieut. H. L. Watson, Lieut. Alfred Wendt, Lieut. S. W. Winfree, Harry T. Peters, William M. Dykman, Commodore Edgar F. Luckenbach, Major Robert G. Paxson, U. S. A.; Capt. Frank Tompkins, U. S. A.; Capt. John B. W. Corey, U. S. A., Frank M. Lowry, and other members of Squadrons A and C.

The galleries surrounding the tanbark enclosure presented an attractive appearance, many persons prominent in society being present. Among those noticed were Miss Louisa Well, Mrs. Paul Moore, Mrs. Samuel Adler, Mr. and Mrs. Simon F. Rothschild, Commodore and Mrs. Edgar F. Luckenbach, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Alan A. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin A. Ames, Louis Haight, Charles A. Baudoine, James T. Hyde, J. McE. Bowman, Miss Marjorie Beard, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Hubbs, Miss Dorothy Hubbs, Miss Marjorie Hubbs, Miss Helen D. Church, Alfred W. Booraem, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McGibbon, Miss Madeline Ames, Miss Beatrice Lovett, Mrs. Emily H. Bowen, Jason Crolius, Harold Mills, J. W. Ogden, Philip Livingston, Thomas B. Clark, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Regan, Miss Ruth Englis, Justice James W. Gerard, Mr. and Mrs. John Gerken, Robert L. Gerry, Miss Florence Griffin, Miss Rachel Higgins, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Holm, Mrs. Robert E. Ireton, Benjamin Nicoll, Miss Cynthia Kearney, Mrs. M. Van Buren, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas R. E. Pinchot, Miss Margaret R. Pratt, Miss Margaret B. Rouss, William Ziegler, Jr., Miss Dorothy Webb, Henry L. Watson, William N. Dykman, Jacob Murr, Miss Murr, Franklin B. Jourdain, Audley Clark, Harvey L. Batterman, Herbert L. Pratt, George H. Roberts, and William H. Stuart.

The silver cup for the best model military mount went to Alden S. Blodgett's bay gelding, Justice. The riders wore full uniform and presented a pretty appearance in the ring. The ribbon trophy, for the best officers' charger or military mount, went to West Point, Henry L. Watson's chestnut gelding, Chesapeake. Owing to the many conditions of this class the judges were a long time in arriving at a decision. The Fabre Cup, for military horses, also ridden by men in uniforms, was awarded to S. W. Winfree's bay gelding, Grant, which beat Alden S. Blodgett's bay gelding Justice.

Women riders played an important part in the programme. Miss Marjorie Hubbs rode Mollie Bawn and captured the blue rosette for small-saddle horses, while Mrs. W. A. McGibbons was successful on the Canadian horse Favara. Judge William H. Moore again led in the harness horse classes. The summaries:

Pairs Harness Horses, (over 14.2 and under 15.2; prize offered by F. T. Parsons.)—Won by William H. Moore's b. g. Lady Seaton and b. m. Lord Seaton; Emil Seelig's blk. g. Leader of Fashion and b. m. Corona, second; Felix M. Warburg's blk. m. Woodland Empress and blk. m. Queen of the West, third.

Saddle Horses, (over 14.2, up to carrying 200 pounds.)—Won by George Gustav Rohlig's ch. g. Avoca; Mrs. Edwin Gates Babcock's blk. g. Woodford, second; Mrs. Charles F. Holm's b. g. Westport, third; C. Douglas Frank's b. g. Sefton Boy, fourth.

Model Military Mount, (not over 15.3.)—Won by Alden S. Blodget's b. g. Justice; Squadron C. Farm's b. stal. Justice, second; Squatuque Farm's b. g. Peacock, third; Davis Conrad's b. g. Prince Arthur, fourth.

Combination Harness and Saddle Horses, (14.2 or over.)—Won by Squatogue Farm's ch. m. Fantasy; George Gustav Rohlig's ch. g. Avoca, second; Margaret B. Webb's b. m. Merry Countess, third; Emil Seelig's b. g. Watchful, fourth.

Pairs of Harness Horses, (to be shown to a lady's phaeton, ladies to drive.)—Won by W. H. Moore's b. m. Whitewall Ariel and b. g. Reuben; Emil Seelig's blk. g. Leader of Fashion and blk. m. Corona, second; Felix M. Warburg's blk. m. Woodland Empress and blk. m. Woodland Countess, third

Officers' Chargers and Military Mounts, (to be ridden by members of any branch of the army or militia in full dress uniform without any sidearms.)—Won by Henry L. Watson's ch. g. Chesapeake; Alden S. Blodget's b. g. Justice, second; S. W. Winfree's b. g. Grant, third. Charles McDougall's br. g. Covington, fourth.

Saddle Horses, (15.2 or over.—Won by D. L. McGibbon's blk. m. Navara; Harry L. Graham's blk. g. Proud Prince, second; Mrs. Edwin Gates Babcock's blk. g. Woodford, third; Miss Elfreda A. Weber's b. m. Lady Mary, fourth.

Saddle Horses, over 14.2 and not exceeding 15 hands.—Won by Squatogue Farm's ch. m. Mollie Bawn; G. G. McElwaine & Co.'s rn. m. Patria, second; Hardale Farm's b. m. Zulal, third; M. O. Ranger's ch. m. Amorita, fourth.

Officers' Chargers and Military Mounts, to be ridden by members or any branch of the army or militia in full dress uniform without sidearms.—Won by S. W. Winfree's b. g. Grant; Alden S. Blodget's b. g. Justice, second; William Spinger Mitchell's b. g. Charger, third; Charles McDougall's br. g. Covington, fourth.

Jumpers, best performance over jumps at four feet; ladies to drive; sidesaddle to be used; manners 50 per cent., performance 50 per cent.—Won by Philip Boyer's br. g. Gaylight; Mrs. P. A. Clark's b. g. Sam, second; Mrs. M. Van Buren's br. m. Virginia, third; M. O. Ranger's b. g. Jerry M., fourth.

Military Jumping Class, to be ridden by any member of the army or militia in dress uniform without sidearms.—Won by Squadron C Farm's ch. m. Coeurvette; S. W. Winfree's b. g. Grant, second; Alden S. Blodget's b. g. Justice, third; W. Davis Conrad's b. g. Prince Arthur, fourth.

"Cyrano" at Barnard.

Rostand's "Cyrano de Bergerac" was produced yesterday afternoon and evening in the Brinkerhoff Theatre by the Undergraduate Association of Barnard College. The title rôle was played by Miss Ray Levi and the supporting characters included Miss May Kenney as Roxane, Miss Jeanette Unger as Christian de Neuvillette, Miss Viola Turck as the Compte de Guiche, Miss Lucy Howe as Ragueneau, and Miss Amy Davis as Le Bret. Mrs. W. P. Jessup coached the production. The play will be repeated this afternoon at 2:15 and this evening at 8:15.

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New York Factory, 154 W. 14th St.
Ask for it at best druggists and grocers.

THREE SOCIETY DANCES.

Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. Bridgeman, and the Catholic Club Entertain.

Dances were given last night by Mrs. Charles B. Alexander and Mrs. Oliver B. Bridgeman at their residences, and the Catholic Club also gave a large dance at the clubhouse in West Fifty-ninth Street.

Mrs. Charles B. Alexander's dance was preceded by a large dinner for about fifty guests, and later, perhaps one hundred more came in for dancing, which was quite informal. The guests included some of the older married people, young married couples and the young unmarried friends of the Misses Harriet and Janetta Alexander. Mr. and Mrs. Alexander will soon close their town house and go to their Tuxedo villa for the late Spring.

Mrs. Oliver B. Bridgeman's small dinner dance was for her daughter, Miss Anna Kirk Bridgeman, who this week returned from Mobile, where she had spent two months. There were twenty-four guests for the dinner, who were seated at one long table gay with Spring flowers.

The dinner guests included Mr. and Mrs. Colgate Hoyt, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Fraser, the Misses Amy Bradish Johnson, Louise Butler, Eleanor Taylor, Carita Spencer, Mary and Margaret Cutler, Marion Hall, Frances Montagu Ward, and Agnes Smyth. Also Theron G. Strong, Howland Brown, Theodore Farrell, George A. Washington, 2d, Edward A. Martin, Beaumont Spencer, Alvin Terry, Campbell Smidt, George Lindabury, Graham Youngs, George Schaefer, Shepard Dillingham, Norrish Thorne, and Cecil McClure.

Additional guests came in later for the dance.

At the Catholic Club dance there were over three hundred guests, including many non-members. The clubhouse was decorated throughout with palms, and soon after midnight a second supper was served at small tables. Several dinners preceded the dance, including one at the residence of Mrs. Michael J. Mulqueen, 43 West Eighty-fifth Street. Mrs. Mulqueen's guests included the Misses Alice and Anna O'Gorman, Kathryne and Anna Murray, Isabel Amy, Marie Farrelly, and Estelle Mulqueen; also Justin O'Brien, Daniel Murray, Joseph Murray, Harlin O'Connell, Lee Farrelly, Ripley Cutler, and Gilroy Mulqueen.

Charles L. Debevoise, Capt. J. A. Bair, A. S. Blodget, Lieut. L. E. Smith, Lieut. H. L. Watson, Lieut. Alfred Wendt, Lieut. S. W. Winfree, Harry T. Peters, William M. Dykman, Commodore Edgar F. Luckenbach, Major Robert G. Paxson, U. S. A.; Capt. Frank Tompkins, U. S. A.; Capt. John B. W. Corey, U. S. A., Frank M. Lowry, and other members of Squadrons A and C.

The chaperonesses of the dance, many of whom received, were Mrs. Michael J. Mulqueen, Mrs. Joseph M. Adrian, Mrs. Victor J. Dowling, Mrs. Henry Helde, Mrs. Thomas G. Murray, Mrs. Edward C. McCall, Mrs. Thomas C. Fitzsimons, Mrs. F. F. Lisiecki, Mrs. Alfred M. Barrett, Mrs. Peter Moore, Mrs. John G. O'Keefe, Mrs. John S. Marlin, and Mrs. Michael Blake.

BORROWS FOR OPERA HOUSE

Oscar Hammerstein Secures a Loan of $210,00 on His Property.

Oscar Hammerstein has obtained a building loan of $210,000 at 5 per cent. interest from the Lawyers Title Insurance Company. The loan covers the property fronting fifty feet in Lexington Avenue, between Fiftieth and Fifty-first Streets, where Mr. Hammerstein has the intention of building an opera house to give opera in English.

McElfratrick, the architect, is making the plans for the new house, and Mr. Hammerstein intends to start building as soon as he takes title to the property on May 12. He has leased a yard facing the East River, between Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth Streets, for the storage of steel and lumber to be used in connection with the new opera house.

Mr. Hammerstein said that he had already engaged many artists for his coming season of opera, which will begin Nov. 10. One of these is Orville Harrold, who is still under contract to him, but further than that he would divulge no names.

The Maclaine Arrives.

The Maclaine of Lochbuie arrived yesterday on the Mauretania from Liverpool to appear on the vaudeville stage in New York under the management of Arthur Hammerstein. He has estates in the Highlands of Scotland, but they are heavily encumbered, the laird said to the reporters. He is 33 years of age, clean shaven and well built, with a cut over his left temple received by falling over a cliff. It was understood that his cash in hand amounted to $40, but he started well by hiring a taxicab and driving to the Hotel Belmont. The chieftain of the Lochbuie clan, who is a kinsman of the Duke of Argyle, said that he had wanted to come to America all his life, and was glad the opportunity had come to him at last.

Albert Reiss for Vaudeville.

Albert Reiss, who has been at the Metropolitan Opera House for many seasons, and who has made some parts, like Mime in "Siegfried" entirely his own, has decided to go into vaudeville for a few weeks this Summer, when he will be heard in English translations of French chansons and German cabaret songs. He recently sang some of these songs at a Lambs' Gambol with success, and Martin Beck persuaded him to make the plunge into vaudeville. Mr. Reiss has also signed another contract with the Metropolitan Opera House Company for several more seasons.

Methodists Promote Dr. Jennings.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, April 18.—At a meeting of the Book Committee of the Methodist Episcopal Church to-day the Rev. Dr. H. C. Jennings was elected general publishing agent for the United States, succeeding Dr. Jason Thomas of New York. Dr. Jennings has been a district agent for many years. It is not known whether he will make his headquarters here or in New York. The position pays $5,500 a year.

Paul Janson Dies.

BRUSSELS, April 18.—Paul Janson, a former Minister of State and once Radical leader in the Chamber of Deputies, died here to-day. M. Janson was a great jurist and a champion of universal suffrage. His funeral probably will be made the occasion of an imposing suffrage demonstration. In 1906 to 1908, as leader of the Radicals, he was a bitter opponent of the annexation of the Congo Free State.

Obituary Notes.

HENRY WILSON, connected with the ship news department of The Herald, died on Thursday in his home, Tompkinsville, S. I., aged 75. He retired from active work thirteen years ago, and made his home in Tompkins Avenue.

BARTON McGUCKIN, former opera singer, who was associated with Oscar Hammerstein in his London Opera House, is dead in London, aged 63. He sang here with the National Opera Company in the eighties, and previously had appeared with the Carl Rose Opera Company in England. His voice failed him eight years ago. Mr. Hammerstein employed him as librarian.

ISAAC B. KLEINERT, President of the I. B. Kleinert Rubber Company, died yesterday in his home, 31 West Eighty-seventh Street, aged 83. He was born in the town of Borek, Prussia, and came here in 1848. After varied business enterprises he established the company which bears his name, and which brought him large means.

Dr. SAMUEL BALL, aged 72, President of the first Board of Health in Wisconsin, died yesterday in Beloit.

EDWARD L. KROLL, 43 years old, a jeweler at 38 John Street, died yesterday at his home, 101 West 115th Street.

HEINRICH SCHUECKER, 42 years old, harpist of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, was taken suddenly ill during a concert in which he was participating Thursday night and died from heart failure an hour after being removed to his apartments.

Prof. LESTER F. WARD, 81 years old, recognized as one of the foremost social philosophers, a geologist of note, and author of many scientific works, died in Washington, D. C., yesterday. He was first President of the American Sociological Society.

Sister MARY JOSEPHINE, Mother Superior of the Convent of the Good Shepherd of Newark, N. J., who in the world was a Miss Crowley, died in that institution Thursday night.

JAMES S. NEWBURN, cashier of the Underwood Typewriter Company, died Thursday in his home, 59 West Seventy-sixth Street, aged 68.

ADELAIDE DUBOCQ, a student in Adelphi College and daughter of Charles Dubocq, a lumber merchant, died on Thursday at the home of her parents, 19 Arlington Place, Brooklyn.

SIMON WRYNN, a retired hotel keeper, 59 years old, is dead in his home, 4 Agate Court, Brooklyn.

ROBERT W. JOHNSTON, contractor and builder, died on Wednesday in his home, 208 Sumpter Street, Brooklyn, aged 47.

JAMES A. PATTEN, formerly the editor of Frank Leslie's Weekly, died on Thursday at Roseville, N. J. He was connected with several newspapers as contributor and wrote the "Lives of Famous Clergymen."

ANTHONY E. O'BOYLE, Jury Commissioner, died on Thursday in North Scranton, Penn., aged 66.

CIRCUS MOVES TO-NIGHT.

Giraffes First Over the Bridge to Brooklyn—Season Has Started Well

This is the last day of the circus, so far as Manhattan is concerned, until next March. To-night at 10:45 o'clock the big Barnum & Bailey show, which has been holding forth twice daily in Madison Square Garden for a month, will begin to move to Brooklyn, where, on Monday afternoon, the first performance under canvas this year will take place. To-night's performance in the Garden will be exactly like its predecessors, but when it ends with the mid-air thrills, most of the menagerie features will be on the way to the tented village in Brooklyn.

The four weeks of the show ending with to-night's performance have been the best, from a box-office point of view, in the history of the circus business in this city. Even when it rained hardest, the circus audiences have been big and enthusiastic. On Saturdays the Garden had been sold out days in advance for every performance on the half-holiday.

The giraffes will be the first to quit the Garden to-night, and after them and in order will go the elephants, the camels, the zebras, the llamas, and, lastly, the wild beasts whose homes are within the cages. At midnight the work of dismantling the Garden of its paraphernalia will get under way, and by 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, the entire show will be housed in the Brooklyn tents.

The route from New York to Brooklyn is down Fourth Avenue to Lafayette Street, thence through Kenmare Street into Delancey Street, and over the Williamsburg Bridge to Broadway, Brooklyn. In Brooklyn, the route is along Broadway to Havemeyer Place, thence through Union and Johnson Avenues, to Flushing Avenue to St. Nicholas Avenue, then through Greene Avenue to Cypress Avenue, and on to the circus lot, at Wyckoff and Myrtle Avenues.

The tents are all ready for the show, and the trains which will take it West after next Saturday night's performance are now being assembled. There will be five trains, altogether about ninety-six cars.

MISS WARE'S CONCERT.

A Programme of Songs and a Cantata for Women's Voices.

It is none too easy to arrange a programme consisting entirely of the music of one of the greater masters that shall be free from suspicion of monotony. It was not surprising, therefore, that a programme consisting entirely of the music of Miss Harriet Ware should be under something more than suspicion of it. Miss Ware, who is a local composer, gave such a concert in Carnegie Hall last evening, with the help of a chorus of some 430 women's voices, made up of musical organizations from neighboring New Jersey towns, under the direction of Mr. Arthur Woodruff. Instrumental support was given by two pianos and the Carnegie Hall organ, played by Charles Gilbert Spross, Mrs. Edna Wanding, and Thomas W. Musgrove. The chorus sang Miss Ware's cantata of "Sir Oluf," and also an arrangement by Mary Kinsley Rogers for two-part chorus of "The Cross." The chorus sang in "Sir Oluf" with freshness, vigor, and precision. Solo parts in it were taken by Mme. Bernice de Pasquali, soprano, and Charles Norman Granville. The music is not distinguished for force or originality.

Songs by Miss Ware were sung by Mme. de Pasquali, Miss Christine Miller, and John Barnes Wells, and a cycle for two voices, "A Day in Arcady," by Mme. de Pasquali and Miss Miller. The audience was large in all parts of the house, and seemed to find pleasure and edification in the performance.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Some Who Arrived on the Mauretania and Some Who Sail To-day.

Transatlantic liners leaving to-day and some of those booked to go on them are:

GEORGE WASHINGTON (Bremen)—Mr. and Mrs. G. K. Bartle, Mrs. F. Brookes, Miss F. Brookes, Miss C. M. Campbell, Mrs. L. S. Chanler, Miss Alida Chanler, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Chanler, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Eaton, Mr. and Mrs. Haley Fiske, Mrs. P. Fisher, Miss Margaret O. Fletcher, Mrs. J. W. Garnet, G. W. Lyle, Mr. and Mrs. Maximilian Morgenthau, Mrs. Parsons, Mrs. E. L. Tinker, Mrs. H. G. Trevor, Mrs. M. M. Van Buren, Mrs. C. P. Huntington, and Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr.

ARCADIAN (Southampton via Bermuda)—Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Knowles, Mrs. A. E. Leavitt, Miss H. D. Forman, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Grant, Miss Viola Lee, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mitchell, Miss E. Murray, Mrs. S. M. E. Hays, Miss Helen Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Felton, Mrs. S. G. Bryan, and Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Burlong.

AMERICA (Naples)—The Rev. Herbert C. Alleman, J. D. Toppin, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Norton, Mr. and Mrs. G. Pape, Dr. J. F. Morie, Mrs. H. Hahn, and A. Leeper.

CALEDONIA (Glasgow)—Mr. and Mrs. Norman Allan, Mrs. H. Bovell, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Clarendon, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Doyle, Mrs. Hunter Sharp, William Woods.

MINNEAPOLIS (London)—Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Arnold, George Baldwin, Miss Burns, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, Miss Mabel Burrige, Mr. and Mrs. D. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Baskcomb, Thomas Shale, Claude Fleming, Mr. and Mrs. James Moreton.

ZEELAND (Antwerp)—G. W. Buck, Mrs. T. Grover, Miss Margaret D. Grover, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Weber, Dr. and Mrs. Franklin R. Wright.

MAJESTIC (Southampton)—Louis Ayres, W. P. Bacon, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Bush, Mr. and Mrs. Alan Dredge, R. Edwards, Mr. and Mrs J. H. Gill, F. S. Hoppin, Mrs. E. C. Luse, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Rogers, Jr., Miss Mary S. Snow, F. B. Winter.

MOLTKE (Naples)—A. A. Allan, E. N. Bowen, Miss Edith Bangs, Mrs. J. C. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Childs, Mrs. R. W. Downing, Miss Amy Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver W. Gilpin, Mrs. J. C. Kingsley, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Meyer, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Newbury, Mrs. A. B. Russell.

Transatlantic liners arriving to-day and some of their passengers were:

MAURETANIA (Liverpool)—Frank Abbott, Robert Allerton, H. K. Beatty, Mrs. W. H. Beeman, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Bell, H. C. Bellinger, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Blount, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Boyd, Mrs. W. A. Brown, Mrs. Lloyd Bryce, Miss Edith Burke, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh J. Chisholm, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Clark, Miss E. Clark Sir John Cockburn, Mrs. E. Cross, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Dent, the Hon. Constantin Dumba, Austrian Ambassador at Washington; Laurence M. Earle, Mrs. Swift Fernald, Surgeon F. M. Furlong, U. S. N.; Col. J. P. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Harding, Col. Thomas Hunter, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. James, Eugene Kahl, Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, Count Ledochowski, The Maclaine of Lochbuie, Col. W. C. Macdonald, Lieut. Col. Arthur G. Penchen, Mrs. H. Dillon Ripley, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Slade, Mr. and Mrs. W. Watson.

ADRIATIC (Liverpool)—A. J. Ayer, S. H. Benson, Mrs. Lucille Bliss, F. E. Bond, Miss Mabel L. Bradley, Miss Rose W. Cheney, T. G. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. S. Dalton, J. H. Fleming, Mr. and Mrs. C. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Rowland, J. A. Turner, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. J. W. Woods.

Music Notes.

Senora Rosalia Chalia will give a concert of "Spanish Silhouettes" at the Plaza Wednesday evening. An address will be made by Henry T. Fleck, director of music, at the Normal College.

Lawrence Goodman will give a piano recital at the von Ende School of Music, 58 West Ninetieth Street, next Thursday evening.

A concert will be given by the Rand School of Social Science at Everard Auditorium, 175 East Broadway, to-morrow evening. The soloists will be Lawrence Goodman, pianist; Sergei Kotlarsky, violinist; James Liebling, 'cellist; Marlory Oviatt, soprano; Jacob Rittenband, violinist, and Edith Evans, pianist.

*Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in

YANKEES LOSE AGAIN---GIANTS BEAT BOSTON---BULLDOG SHOW---COURT TENNIS---FENCING

TOM HUGHES PITCHES YANKS INTO DEFEAT

Veteran Senator Wabbles Near End, but Pulls Through with Victory.

THE SCORE:

Washington	0	2	0	3	0	1	0	1	0—7
New York	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	0—5

WASHINGTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Moeller, rf	4	1	1	1	0	2	1	0
Foster, 3b	5	0	1	0	1	2	1	0
Milan, cf	5	0	3	1	0	0	1	0
Gandil, 1b	4	0	1	1	1	7	1	0
Schafer, 1b	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Morgan, 2b	3	1	0	2	0	4	3	1
Ainsmith, c	5	2	2	4	0	1	8	1
Shanks, lf	5	2	1	0	0	1	1	0
McBride, ss	3	1	2	2	0	0	1	1
Hughes, p	2	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Total	36	7	11	5	4	27	13	3

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, rf	3	0	2	0	0	2	0	0
Wolter, cf	5	1	0	0	2	4	0	0
Hartzell, 3b	3	1	1	0	1	2	1	0
Cree, lf	4	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
Chase, 2b	5	1	3	0	1	4	0	2
Sturrett, 1b	4	0	1	0	1	7	1	0
Sweeney, c	3	0	1	0	2	2	6	0
Young, ss	2	0	0	1	1	0	4	0
*Caldwell	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Midkiff, ss	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Fisher, p	1	1	0	0	0	1	3	1
†Lelivelt	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Keating	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
‡McKetchnie	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Schultz, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	5	7	5	9	27	10	3

*Batted for Young in seventh inning.
†Batted for Fisher in seventh inning.
‡Batted for Keating in eighth inning.

Two-base hits—Daniel, Foster. Sacrifice hit—McBride. Sacrifice flies—Fisher, Hughes. Stolen bases—Milan, (2,) Ainsmith, (2,) Morgan, Shanks, McBride, Chase. First base on errors—Washington, 1; New York, 2. Left on bases—Washington, 9; New York, 12. Double plays—Morgan and Gandil; McBride, Morgan, and Gandil. Struck out—By Hughes, 9; by Fisher, 2; by Schultz, 2. Bases on balls—Off Hughes, 5; off Fisher, 1; off Keating, 1; off Schultz, 1. Hit by pitchers—By Hughes, (Daniels, 2; Hartzell, Sterret.) Wild pitch—Hughes. Hits—Off Fisher, 9 in 7 innings (at bat 28;) off Keating, 1 in 1 inning (at bat 4;) off Schultz, 1 in 1 inning (at bat 4.) Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Dineen. Time of game—Two hours and fifty-one minutes.

The Yankees and the Washingtons played baseball at the Polo Grounds yesterday. They played for nearly three hours, notwithstanding Ban Johnson said games were going to be shorter in his league. The Yankees are more noted for their long, tiresome games than they are for the excellence of their playing.

Washington won by a score of 7 to 5 after the Yanks had tried to intimidate the Senators and threatened to grab the game from them. The threat didn't carry sufficient weight to scare the Washingtons into releasing their hold on the fray. More's the pity.

The game was one of the slowest nine-inning shows on record. Two slow messenger boys could play a game of chess faster than this game, honor bright. About the seventh inning, just as the day was waning, the moon came out and the last few chapters were played in the soft luna twilight. A movement is on foot to have the games started at high noon. Good idea!

Much could be said about what happened to the men who waited until the game was finished and then went to their happy homes for dinner. Kindness prompts one to draw the curtain on what took place. The imposing spectacle of the tussle was old Tom Hughes on the firing line. The aged pitcher fanned nine of the Yankees. Tom has control and an out curve which bent like a weeping willow in a windstorm.

It looked in the seventh inning as if the good gray veteran was going to expire. His eyesight failed, and he couldn't find the plate. He passed four men, gave three hits, and the Yanks corraled four runs and brought the score up to 6 to 5, but, when danger threatened, Old Fox Griffith whispered something in Tom's ear and he returned to consciousness. Griff is one of the best little hypnotists. Walter Johnson, the Idaho wizard, was noticed warming up about this time, but investigation showed that he was only warming up for to-day's game.

Besides fanning nine Yankees, Hughes hit four batsmen and gave five bases on balls, but even at that the Yanks couldn't win.

When Mr. Hughes gets back to Washington he will have a fine story to tell his grandchildren.

Ray Fisher began serving them up for Chance's men. In the second and fourth innings the Senators bunched raps on him and collected five runs. McBride, the Senators' shortstop, drove in the first three counts. Fisher gave way to Ray Keating in the eighth inning, but Ray was as wild as a Fiji, and permitted another run. Lefty Schulz pitched the final stanza, and to his credit may it be said that, although he had men lurking on the bases, he didn't let anybody score. He wasn't in the game very long, however.

About the time you are usually eating the fish course at dinner the battle became very exciting, and it looked as if the Yankees might rush up from behind and start something. But just when Tom Hughes looked the worst he suddenly blossomed into his best form and held his own. He did same as he did a dozen years ago. Considering the tight pinces Hughes pitched himself into, his feat of twirling his way out was a piece of work which deserves nothing but praise. The old boy is still there at cutting the corners.

The Yankees got a run in the second inning, and the other four were chalked up when Hughes promised to explode in the seventh. Manager Chance rushed in pinch-hitters galore, but Hughes was too foxy to give them half a show.

The eagle eye of Griffith detected a balk by Fisher in the second inning, or Griff imagined so, and he rushed out to Umpire Hart and, well, perhaps it's best not to repeat what he said. He went back to the bench and bit a piece out of the cement wall. Chief Gandil had an argument with Umpire Dineen in the eighth inning and was shooed right off the Polo Grounds.

With all the warming up Johnson did yesterday, he ought to be in great shape to-day. Game at 3 30.

White Sox Shut Out.

CHICAGO, April 18.—Manager Birmingham of Cleveland for the first time this season started a right-hand pitcher against the Chicago American League Club, and Steen, who drew this honor, proved to be a puzzle to the locals, the visitors scoring a shutout against Comiskey's team, 4 to 0. Steen allowed the Chicagoans but four hits, which were all scattered. Benz, who opened for the locals, was hit hard in the opening inning, two singles, a triple, and a sacrifice netting two runs. An error, single, and double steal counted another, while a single, error, sacrifice, and a long fly made the fourth run. Russell, who relieved Benz, in the seventh, pitched a remarkable game, striking out Graney, Land, Chapman, Olson, and Jackson, and allowing one hit. The score:

CLEVELAND.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
J'ston, 1b	4	1	2	14	1	0
Ch'man, ss	3	0	0	0	3	0
Olam, 3b	4	0	0	1	2	0
J'kson, rf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Lajoie, 2b	4	1	2	2	1	0
B'ham, cf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Graney, lf	3	0	1	1	2	0
Land, c	2	0	0	4	2	0
Steen, p	2	0	0	1	4	0
Total	29	4	6	27	13	0

CHICAGO.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Rath, 2b	4	0	0	2	3	0
Lord, 3b	4	0	1	1	2	0
C'lins, rf	4	0	0	2	0	0
B'ton, 1b	4	0	1	12	0	0
Bodie, cf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Jones, lf	2	0	0	2	1	0
W'ver, ss	3	0	1	1	2	0
Schalk, c	3	0	0	6	3	0
Benz, p	1	0	0	0	2	0
*Schalier	1	0	1	0	0	0
Russell, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	0	4	27	13	0

*Batted for Benz in the sixth inning.
Errors—Chapman, Collins, Borton.

Cleveland	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0—4
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Three-base hit—Jackson. Hits—Off Benz, 6 in six innings; off Russell, 1 in three innings. Sacrifice hits—Chapman, Land. Sacrifice fly—Steen. Stolen bases—Lajoie, Birmingham, Johnston. Double play—Land and Lajoie. Left on bases—Cleveland, 11; Chicago, 4. First base on balls—Off Steen, 1. Struck out—By Steen, 3; by Benz, 2; by Russell, 5. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Ferguson and O'Loughlin.

Champions Win an Uphill Game.

PHILADELPHIA, April 18.—After playing a fine up-hill game here to-day Boston hammered Bender's delivery for three doubles and two singles in the ninth inning, scoring four runs and winning from Philadelphia by 8 to 5. Poor pitching was shown on both sides. The home team drove Foster, formerly of Houston, Texas, off the rubber in the first inning and lost opportunities to add to their score in this and the next two innings by reckless base running. No hits were made off Brown until the fifth inning, but he began to weaken in the fourth, when he gave three passes. Houck took his place in the seventh. Bedient, who succeeded Foster, retired in the eighth to permit Hall to bat for him. Bender succeeded Houck in the eighth. Leonard, who followed Bedient to the rubber, weakened in the ninth. Then Danny Murphy opened with a single. Two outs were followed by passes to Collins and Baker. Wood was rushed to the rubber and he ended the game by fanning McInnis. The score:

BOSTON.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Hoop'r, rf	5	1	1	2	0
York's, 2b	4	1	1	3	3
Sp'ker, cf	2	1	2	3	1
Lewis, lf	5	1	2	1	0
G'dner, ss	3	1	3	1	0
J'rvin, 1b	2	0	0	8	0
Engle, 1b	1	1	1	3	0
W'gn'r, ss	5	0	0	2	5
Car'gn, c	4	0	1	2	0
N'm'ker, c	1	0	1	2	0
Foster, p	0	0	0	0	0
Bedient, p	3	2	2	0	2
Leon'd, p	1	0	0	0	2
Wood, p	0	0	0	0	0
*Hen'ksen	1	0	0	0	0
†Hall	1	0	0	0	0
Total	39	8	14	27	17

PHILADELPHIA.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
E.M'p'y, rf	3	1	0	2	0
Old'g, lf	5	2	3	1	0
Col'ns, 2b	3	0	2	1	3
Baker, 3b	4	0	2	1	2
Barry, ss	4	0	0	1	2
Lapp, c	4	1	1	8	0
Brown, p	3	1	1	0	0
Houck, p	0	0	0	0	0
Bender, p	0	0	0	0	0
‡D.M'rphy	1	0	1	0	0
Walsh	0	0	0	0	0
Total	37	5	12	27	11

*Batted for Janvrin in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Bedient in the eighth inning.
‡Batted for Bender in the ninth inning.
§Batted for E. Murphy in the ninth inning.
Errors—Lewis, Janvrin, Strunk, (2.)

Boston	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	4—8
Philadelphia	0	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	0—5

Two-base hits—Collins, Baker, Speaker, Gardner, Nunamaker. Three-base hits—Strunk, Lapp. Home run—Olding. Stolen bases—Gardner, Olding. Sacrifice fly—Speaker. Double plays—Yerkes and Janvrin; Speaker and Wagner. Left on bases—Boston, 10; Philadelphia, 9. Hits—Off Foster, 3, (none out in first inning;) off Bedient, 8 in seven innings; off Leonard, 1, in one and two-thirds innings; off Wood, none in one-third of an inning; off Brown, 6 in six innings, none out in seventh;) off Houck, 2 in one inning; off Bender, 6 in two innings. Struck out—By Bedient, 1; by Wood, 1; by Brown, 2; by Bender, 1. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 2. Bases on balls—Off Foster, 1; off Bedient, 1; off Leonard, 2; off Brown, 4. Hit by pitcher—By Brown, (Janvrin.) Wild pitch—Bender. Time of game—Two hours and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and McGreevy.

Browns Overhaul Tigers and Win.

DETROIT, April 18.—After the first inning, in which Detroit scored twice, Wellman never was in great danger and St. Louis won the second game of the series today, 3 to 2. Six batters faced the Browns' southpaw in the first inning. Of these Bush and Moriarty singled and Crawford tripled; the other three struck out. Lake was hit freely throughout the game, but the Tigers' errors helped him to lose. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Sh'ten, cf	5	0	1	0	0
J'ston, lf	5	2	2	2	0
W'ms, rf	4	0	1	2	0
Pratt, 2b	4	0	0	3	2
Stovall, 1b	4	1	3	10	1
Austin, 3b	4	0	1	1	2
W'lace, ss	3	0	0	2	3
Agnew, c	4	0	2	6	1
W'iman, p	4	0	1	0	1
Total	37	3	12	27	10

DETROIT.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Bush, ss	4	1	1	6	3
L'den, 2b	4	0	1	2	1
C'ford, rf	4	0	2	1	0
Gainer, 1b	4	0	0	12	1
Mor'ty, lf	4	0	1	1	0
High, cf	2	0	0	2	1
Deal, 3b	2	0	0	0	2
Vitt, 3b	1	0	0	0	0
R'deau, c	3	0	1	2	4
Lake, p	3	0	1	1	6
*Dubuc	1	0	0	0	0
†Mullin	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	2	7	27	21

*Batted for Deal in the seventh inning.
†Batted for High in the ninth inning.
Errors—Bush, (2,) Louden, Gainer, Deal, Wallace.

St. Louis	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0—3
Detroit	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Two-base hit—Agnew. Three-base hit—Crawford. Sacrifice hit—Wallace. Stolen base—Lake. Double plays—Austin, Pratt, Stovall; Stovall and Wallace. Left on bases—Detroit, 4; St. Louis, 5. First base on balls—Off Wellman, 2. Struck out—By Lake, 1; by Wellman, 6. Wild pitch—Wellman. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and Evans.

HARVARD VICTORY A GIFT.

Columbia Errors Pave Way for Crimson to Win on South Field.

After twice gaining the lead Columbia's baseball team handed a victory to the Harvard nine yesterday in an exciting game on South Field by the score of 6 to 4. Two of the Crimson runs came in on a muffed fly and two on double steals in one inning.

Smith, the Columbia freshman pitcher, twirled a sterling game for the Blue and White, and deserved far better support than he received in the field. He struck out eleven men, several of them when Columbia was in a hole, and he allowed only three men to walk. In the ninth inning he added to his general honors by putting out Frye at home, taking a fast throw from Friedrichs. Ellwand sent in both Hardy and Frye to hold down the local players, and the two together struck out only six men. The score:

HARVARD.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Frye, rf,p	4	3	1	0	1
W'gate, ss	4	2	2	6	1
Cl'ke, 2b	5	0	0	1	5
H'dw'k, cf	5	0	0	1	1
Ayres, 1b	4	0	2	7	0
Tomes, 3b	2	0	0	0	0
G'nett, lf	4	1	1	4	0
Osborn, c	3	0	0	8	2
Hardy, p	3	0	0	0	2
Milh'd, rf	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	6	7	27	12

COLUMBIA.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Moore, cf	4	1	1	0	0
Watt, 2b	3	0	0	1	2
Chung, 2b	1	0	0	0	0
Kiendl, 1b	5	1	1	9	1
L'mell, rf	4	1	1	1	0
F'dr'chs, ss	3	1	1	2	5
M'nan, lf	4	1	1	1	0
H'ren, 3b	3	0	0	1	1
Roseff, c	3	0	1	12	3
Smith, p	4	0	0	1	1
Total	34	4	6	27	15

Errors—Wingate, (2,) Clarke, (2,) Ayres, Tomes, Hardy, Moore, Watt, Kiendl, Friedrichs, (2,) Smith.

Harvard	1	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	1—6
Columbia	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0—4

Three-base hit—Noonan. Two-base hits—Lommell, Frye, Ayres. Stolen bases—Frye, (3,) Gannett. (2,) Wingate, Moore, Meenan. Sacrifice hits—Friedrichs, Osborn. Double plays—Hardwick and Osborn; Friedrich, Kiendl, and Hansen; Roseff, Friedrichs, and Smith. Struck out—By Smith, 11; by Hardy, 6; by Frye, 1. Bases on balls—Off Smith, 3; off Hardy, 2; off Frye, 1. Hits—Off Hardy, 6 in seven and one-third innings; off Frye, 0 in one and two-thirds innings. Hit by pitcher—By Smith, (Frye.) Passed balls—Osborn, Roseff. Wild pitch—Hardy. Left on bases—Columbia, 8; Harvard, 7. First base on errors—Columbia, 4; Harvard, 4. Umpire—Mr. Haffey. Time of game—Two hours.

Vermont Wallops Fordham Nine.

The University of Vermont baseball team easily defeated the Fordham nine yesterday afternoon at Fordham Field by the score of 16 to 7. Loose fielding by the Maroon team helped Vermont considerably in running up the large score.

This afternoon Fordham plays Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute of Troy at Fordham Field. The score:

VERMONT.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
J. B'ry, cf	4	0	0	4	0
Fl'ry, 3b	3	5	2	0	0
Tredic, 2b	6	1	3	6	3
Dutton, lb	6	0	2	7	0
M'f'th, c	6	0	2	4	0
S. B'ry, rf	4	2	1	0	0
J'son, lf	4	2	1	2	5
Smith, ss	4	1	1	4	4
Zwick, p	5	1	2	0	2
Total	41	16	14	27	14

FORDHAM.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Kane, cf	5	1	1	4	1
Fl'gan, lb	4	0	2	9	0
Sh'kel, 2b	5	1	0	2	3
Kehoe, p	1	2	5	1	2
Baker, 3b	4	0	2	1	2
Barry, ss	4	0	0	2	4
Lapp, c	4	1	0	1	1
Brown, p	3	1	1	1	0
Houck, p	0	0	0	0	1
Bender, p	0	0	0	0	0
‡D. M'rphy	1	0	1	0	0
Walsh	0	0	0	0	0
Total	37	5	12	27	11

*Batted for Williams in ninth inning.
Errors—McErlean, (2,) Flaherty, (2,) Kane, Sharkey, Kehoe, Carroll, Viviano, J. Berry, Tredic.

Vermont	2	4	0	1	0	2	1	1	5—16
Fordham	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	3	0—7

Two-base hits—Dutton, Zwick, Mayforth. Three-base hits—Tredic, (2,) Carroll, Kehoe. Stolen base—J. Berry. First base on errors—Vermont, 5; Fordham, 3. Left on bases—Vermont, 5; Fordham, 7. Double plays—Zwick, Smith, and Dutton; Smith, Tredic, and Dutton; Flaherty, Smith, and Dutton. Struck out—By Zwick, 3; by Williams, 3; by Kehoe, 1. Bases on balls—Off Zwick, 4; off Williams, 5; off Kehoe, 3. Hit by pitchers—By Kehoe, (Smith;) by Zwick, (Elliffe, 2;) by Williams, (Flaherty.) Passed ball—Viviano. Hits—Off Zwick, 12 in nine innings, (at bat 38;) off Williams, 13 in seven and two-thirds innings, (at bat, 35;) off Kehoe, 1 in one and one-third innings, (1 bat 6.) Umpire—Mr. Gilbert. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

Danbury in N. Y. and N. J. League.

DANBURY, Conn., April 18.—It was announced here to-day that Danbury will enter a team in the recently organized New York and New Jersey Baseball League, the local franchise being owned by Ernest C. Landgraf of New York. The latter has posted a forfeit of $1,000 to finish the season.

RUNS ROLL OVER PLATE FOR GIANTS

New Yorks Find Their Batting Eyes and Lambast the Boston Pitchers.

THE SCORE.

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Snodgrass, cf	5	1	3	3	0	0
Fletcher, ss	5	2	2	0	5	1
Burns, rf	4	2	1	3	0	0
Doyle, 2b	2	2	2	0	0	0
Shafer, 2b	2	0	1	0	2	0
Murray, lf	5	1	3	1	0	0
Merkle, 1b	4	3	3	16	1	0
Herzog, 3b	3	1	2	0	3	0
Wilson, c	4	0	1	3	1	1
Hartley, c	0	0	0	1	0	0
Demaree, p	4	1	2	1	2	0
Total	38	13	20	27	15	2

BOSTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Connolly, lf	3	1	1	3	0	0
Maranville, ss	5	0	1	1	4	0
Myers, 1b	3	0	1	8	0	0
Smith, 2b	5	0	1	5	2	1
Titus, rf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Devlin, 3b	4	0	0	0	3	0
Jackson, cf	4	1	1	0	1	0
Rariden, c	3	1	1	4	8	0
Tyler, p	0	0	0	0	1	0
Brown, p	3	1	0	0	1	0
Total	34	4	6	27	20	3

New York	3	7	0	0	0	0	1	1	1—13
Boston	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0—4

Two-base hits—Murray, 2; Herzog, Doyle, Titus, Myers, Rariden, Connelly. Hits—Off Tyler, 8 in 1 2-3 innings; off Brown, 12 in 7 1-3 innings. Stolen bases—Merkle, 2; Burns, Herzog. Sacrifice flies—Myers, Herzog. Double play—Smith and Myers. Left on bases—New York, 4; Boston, 10. First base on balls—Off Demaree, 5; off Tyler, 1; off Brown, 2. First base on errors—New York, 1; Boston, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Tyler, Herzog; by Brown, Merkle; by Demaree, Myers. Struck out—By Demaree, 4; by Tyler, 1; by Brown, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Byron.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 18.—The fact that in the second inning of to-day's game eleven Giants went to bat and seven of them scored may not, after all, be as important to the team as the further fact that Capt. Larry Doyle was benched for a dispute with Umpire Byron. The umpire decided Rariden safe at second base, Fletcher being off the bag when he received the ball from Doyle. The Captain lost his head and began an argument with the umpire for which he was ordered off the field.

That second inning was a spectacle. In the first inning, Snodgrass, Fletcher, Doyle, Murray and Merkle had bumped Lefty Tyler's inshoots and three runs had been marked up. Tyler was wild both in pitching and in throwing to the bases. Herzog, first up in the second, was hit on the foot by a pitched ball and advanced when Tyler threw over Myers's head in an effort to catch him napping. Wilson fanned and Demaree sacrificed. Then Snodgrass and Fletcher hit safely. Burns was passed and then Doyle doubled to right. Buster Brown then relieved Tyler and Murray promptly connected for another safe hit. Brown was about as wild as his predecessor. He hit Merkle, but after Herzog, coming up for the second time, had singled, he threw him out at first.

Brown steadied himself after this and though he was hit with comparative freedom he managed to keep the Giants from scoring until the seventh inning when Merkle singled, stole second and third bases, and scored on Herzog's fly to left field. In the eighth Fletcher's hit was fumbled by Smith. Snodgrass singled and was nipped at second. Fletcher flied to centre, Demaree scoring. Burns profited by a fielder's choice and stole second only to be thrown out at third base after Shafer had been passed to first.

As if twelve runs were not enough, Merkle, Herzog and Wilson hit safely and the first-named crossed the plate.

Demaree, too, was wild, but the Braves were unable to bunch hits off him. He passed Connelly, the first man to face him. Maranville's sacrifice and Myers's two-bagger brought in Boston's first run. The next two men went out on infield hits. The fourth inning saw three Boston runs come in. Jackson singled, Rariden doubled, Brown was passed, and Fletcher made a dreadful mess of Connelly's hit. Maranville, Myers, and Smith were then disposed of in order.

Demaree struck out two men in the sixth—the inning in which Connelly doubled and was left on third base. Despite the fact that in the ninth Connelly got a base on balls and Myers was hit by a pitched ball, there was nothing moreading in the shape of runs. Hartley caught the game for New York.

In every inning except the seventh Boston had men on bases, and it was only a lightning pick-up by Wilson of Titus's bunt that made that inning the exception. The home team played the better defensive game, Devlin, Rariden and Connelly especially distinguishing themselves. Weakness in the box is Boston's trouble, as it was last year. Herzog's work at third base featured the game for New York, while the stick work of Snodgrass, Murray, and Merkle rendered it sensational. Some 5,000 people witnessed the exhibition, which was not particularly interesting.

Capt. Sweeney of the Braves was today suspended three days by President Lynch for disputing a decision by Umpire Rigler in yesterday's game.

Tinker Ties Score, but Can't Win.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., April 18.—Manager Joe Tinker's three-bagger scored Bescher and Bates in the ninth inning to-day. From that time until Umpire Owens called the game on account of darkness at the end of the twelfth inning, the score stood tied, 5 to 5. Soon after saving his game, Tinker had a dispute over a decision by Owens, who ordered him off the field. Marsans went to short and Becker to right field. Camnitz pitched good ball, but in the third inning poor fielding behind him gave the Reds three runs. Grant's walk and singles by Clarke, Bates, and Hoblitzel, with a slip-up on a chance for an easy double play, and Tinker's sacrifice fly, brought the runs in this inning. Miller's triple and Butler's single gave Pittsburgh a run in the second inning. With the bases full Carey doubled in the fifth inning, and McCarthy's sacrifice followed, resulting in two more. Butler's walk, an out, and Camnitz's single gave them another in the eighth inning. Fromme was effective with men on bases. The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
B'cher, lf	6	1	1	2	0	
Bates, cf	4	1	2	1	0	
Tinker, ss	4	0	2	3	2	
Clarke, rf	1	1	0	1	0	
H'litz'l, 1b	5	0	1	17	0	
M'sans, rf, ss	5	0	0	1	4	1
Egan, 2b	3	0	0	1	1	0
Grant, 3b	5	1	0	0	2	0
Clarke, c	4	1	3	4	2	
Fromme, p	3	1	0	0	1	
*M'Donald	1	0	0	0	0	
J'son, p	1	0	0	0	1	
Total	46	5	11	36	18	

PITTSBURGH.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Carey, lf	5	0	1	5	0	
H'fm'n, cf	6	0	1	5	0	
Byrne, 3b	3	0	1	3	1	
W'Cr'dy, rf	4	0	0	1	0	
†Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0	
Mensor, ss	1	0	0	0	1	
Miller, lb	6	1	2	16	0	
Wilson, c	5	2	1	9	2	
Butler, 2b	2	2	1	1	4	
Gibson, c	5	1	1	4	0	
C'nitz, p	4	1	2	0	5	
Rob's'n, p	1	0	0	0	2	
Total	41	5	11	36	16	

*Batted for Fromme in the ninth inning.
†Batted for McCarthy in ninth inning.
Error—McCarthy.

Cincinnati	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	0—5
Pittsburgh	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	1	0—5

Hits—Off Camnitz, 9 in 8 1-3 innings; off Robinson, 2 in 3 2-3 innings; off Fromme, 10 in 9 innings; off Johnson, 1 in 1 innings. Two-base hits—Carey, Miller. Three-base hits—Miller, Tinker. Stolen bases—Hoblitzel. Sacrifice hit—Butler. Sacrifice flies—Tinker, McCarthy. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 9; Pittsburgh, 9. Bases on balls—Off Fromme, 6; off Camnitz, 5. Struck out—By Fromme, 4; by Camnitz, 2; by Robinson, 2. Hit by pitched ball—Butler by Fromme. Double plays—Egan, Tinker, and Hoblitzel; Egan and Hoblitzel. Time of game—Two hours and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Owens and Guthrie.

Passing of Clark and Schmidt.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 18.—Manager Kelly of the Indianapolis American Association team announced to-day that he had released Catchers Nig Clark and Charley Schmidt, formerly American Leaguers, to the Mobile club of the Southern Association.

BASEBALL TO-DAY. 3:30 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Washington. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c. —Adv.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington 7, New York, 5.
Boston, 8; Philadelphia, 5.
Cleveland, 4; Chicago, 0.
St. Louis, 3; Detroit, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 13; Boston, 4.
Philadelphia, 1; Brooklyn, 0.
Pittsburgh, 5; Cincinnati, 5.
(12 innings, darkness.)
St. Louis, 8; Chicago, 2.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Buffalo, 2; Jersey, 0.
Newark, 1; Toronto, 0.
Montreal,

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Fair weather continued during Friday over all districts east of the Rocky Mountains except that there were light rains along the northern border from Michigan to Vermont. West of the Rockies and in Colorado and Wyoming the weather was unsettled with rains.

Temperatures have risen throughout the East and have fallen considerably in the upper Mississippi Valley, the Plains States, the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions. No storm of any importance is charted within the field of observation.

The weather will be fair Saturday and Sunday throughout the Atlantic and Gulf States, the great Central Valleys, and the lake region, while over the North Plains States, the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions it will be unsettled with scattered rains.

Temperature will be lower Saturday and Sunday night in the Middle Plains States, the Middle Mississippi and Ohio Valleys, and Saturday night and Sunday in the Middle Atlantic States and New England.

Temperature changes elsewhere will be unimportant.

Winds along the New England Coast will be brisk southwest, shifting to northwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate west; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate variable.

Steamships departing Saturday for European ports will have brisk west winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Saturday; cooler interior. Sunday, fair; brisk west winds.

Southern New England—Fair Saturday; cooler at night. Sunday, fair; brisk west winds.

New Jersey—Fair Saturday; cooler at night. Sunday, fair; moderate to brisk west winds.

Western New York—Fair and cooler Saturday. Sunday, probably fair; brisk west and northwest winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and cooler Saturday. Sunday, fair; moderate to brisk west winds.

Northern New England—Fair Saturday; cooler Vermont. Sunday, fair; brisk west winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	44	45	4 P. M.	48	61
6 A. M.	44	45	6 P. M.	47	56
9 A. M.	47	51	9 P. M.	44	55
12 M.	47	52	12 P. M.	44	55

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 52; for the corresponding date last year it was 48; avergae on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 40.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 48; at 8 P. M. it was 56. Maximum temperature, 62 degrees at 12 noon; minimum, 43 degrees at 5 A. M. Humidity, 68 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 56 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.12 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.96 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
12:05–116 E. 4th St.; Morris Rechman.	Trifling
12:15–528 E. 120th St.; Meyer Pane.	Trifling
1.45–238 William St.; Rhinelander estate.	$25,000
3:20–217 E. 59th St.; not given.	....Unknown
8:00–172 Delancey St.; Benjamin Bexler.	$25
8:00–269 Eldridge St.; not given.	...Trifling
11:00–129 E. 98th St.; Frank Moran.	Trifling
11:50–550 E. 138th St.; L. Richard.	.....$200
11:55–135 E. 34th St.; Charles Van Doran.	$10
1:45–20 E. 30th St.; Martha Washington Hotel.	.....$300
3:30–230 E. 120th St.; Celine.	...Trifling
4:40–423 E. 126th St.; John Denno.	..Trifling
5:25–1,421 Glover St.; Dr. — Graham.	...Trifling
6:35–863 Front St.; A. Dinner.	.....Trifling
7:25–1,015 Grote St.; not given.	.....None
7:30–69 Eldridge St.; G. Belkropky.	.....$50
9:40–Willett St., between Houston and Stanton Sts.; paving brick.	..Trifling
9:50–20 St. Nicholas Place; C. H. Christman	.....Trifling

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BROWN, ADDISON, (died April 9;) left $100 realty, $750,000 personalty; $500 to Woodlawn Cemetery; personalty in Summer and Winter residences at Cragsmoor, N. Y., and 45 West Eighty-ninth Street to wife, Helen; insurance to wife, Helen; jewelry to children, Addison, Ralph G., Stanley Noel, and Elinore; stocks and bonds in custody of New York Life Insurance and Trust Company in trust for benefit of wife and children; $100 each to brother, Charles H. Brown; sister, Anna M. Gale; brother-in-law, Stephen H. Gale; brother, Melvin Brown; Edwin C. Lane, and John Cocks; $500 each to nephew, Frederick M. Brown; sister-in-law, Susan B. Brown; Susan E. Wisdom; nephew, Edwin Stanton Brown; Margaret Cogswell, and Sophie Kamensky; $200 to the Rev. Henry M. Cary, $100 each to Kittie B. Welch, Cogswell Welch, Alice Cary Hobson, Addie May Greenman, Charles Greenman, and Arthur Greenman; $300 to Alexander Richmond; $200 each to servants who have been in employ three years continuously up to time of his death, following bequests out of residue after all legacies and expenses; $5,000 to Bradford (Mass.) Academy, $500 each to Children's Aid Society, Five Points House of Industry, Sailors' Home, New York Y. M. C. A., Society for the Suppression of Vice, Isaac T. Hopper Home, Tuskegee Institute, West Newbury (Mass.) Library Association, American Unitarian Association, and First Congregational Church of New York, Unitarian; $1,000 to charitable societies of the First Congregational Church, Unitarian; $10,000 to Harvard University, $5,000 to Amherst College, 200 shares of United States Steel preferred to New York Botanical Garden; residue to be added to trusts in custody of New York Life Insurance and Trust Company.

CARROLL, JAMES, (died April 4;) left $1,000 realty and $1,500 personalty to wife, Mary A. Carroll.

DETWEILER, JOHN, (died April 2;) left $4,000 realty and $200 personalty in equal shares to son, John Detweiler, and daughter, Clara Gildersleeve.

GRANT, SARAH JOSEPHINE, (died April 11;) left not more than $15,000 realty and not more than $15,000 personalty; released husband, Eugene F. Grant, from all obligations up to 1906; residue in equal shares to daughters, Frances A. Grant and Theodora Rieck Grant; sons, Eugene G. Grant, William G. Grant, and Gerald G. Grant.

HIGGINSON, SARAH A., (died March 16;) left not more than $900 personality; $1,000 to New York Foundling Hospital; $400 to Charles P. O'Hara, jewelry to pastor of St. Vincent Ferrer's Church; books and pictures to Sister Superior of New York Foundling Hospital; residue in shares to cousins, William L. O'Hara, Joseph M. O'Hara, Juanita I. O'Hara, Sarah A. McNamara, and Agnes V. Dougherty; one-sixth of residue divided between Joseph M., Willie L., Charles P. and Juanita I. O'Hara.

LOPINTO, GIUSEPPE, (died Nov. 30, 1911;) left $1,000 realty in equal shares to children, Rosaria Le Pinto Mitaro, Cira Le Pinto Alongi, Francesco, Marietta, and Antonio Le Pinto.

PORTINGER, Elizabeth Lloyd, (died Oct. 13;) left $700 realty, $10 personalty to husband, George Portinger.

WAGNER, WILLIAM, (died April 13;) left more than $5,000 personalty; $1,000 each to nephews, Jake, Samuel, Simon, and Abraham Weinberg, and Louis Haas and niece, Bella Davis; $1,000 to Fannie Mainzer; $2,000 to Morton Mainzer; $300 to Hugo Mainzer; $700 to Millie Fischer.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following request of the Board of Estimate for the employment of Alfred Ellinger, statistical clerk; Dr. John H. Carroll, examining physician; Alfred P. Legro, Inspector; Miss S. Elvira Hodges, statistical clerk; H. Maxwell Lakeman, statistical clerk, and Miss Magdalen Moment, compiler of hospital data.

Request of the Commissioner of Public Works, Manhattan, for authority to employ Murray Quinn, as axeman.

Request of the Municipal Explosives Commission for authority to employ Albert Truns as stenographer and typewriter at $2,500.

Letter from the General Medical Superintendent of Bellevue Hospital, asking that the commission authorize the change of title of apothecary to pharmacist, in order that the title appearing on the pay rolls may conform with that of the budget.

Request of the Art Commission, that the commission certify the vouchers of R. M. Nelson as telephone operator.

Letter from Commissioner of Public Works, Manhattan, saying that the department is in urgent need of the services of six junior chemists, for appointment at a salary of $1,200 per annum and requesting that the entire eligible list of chemist be certified.

Request of the General Medical Superintendent of Bellevue Hospital for authority to employ Drs. H. Amling and Robert McCully as veterinarians.

Request of the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, for approval of the reassignment to duty of Cornelius O'Donovan, assistant foreman.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination at the New York Custom House for junior aid, for men only, on May 7 and 8, to fill vacancies in th's position as they may occur in the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture, for duty at Madison, Wis., at salaries ranging from $600 to $720 a year, and vacancies in positions requiring similar qualifications. The duties of this position are scientific and technical in character, consisting principally of chemistry, physics, and mechanical engineering, with especial application to the wood-using industries. Opportunity exists for promotion to higher positions. Competitors will be examined in the following subjects, which will have the relative weights indicated: Elementary algebra and geometry, 20; physics, 20; chemistry, 25; elementary mechanical drawing, 20; training, experience, and fitness, 15.

An educational training equivalent to that required for graduation from a mechanical training, technical, or scientific school, or experience in scientific or technical laboratories sufficient to give an equivalent training, is a prerequisite for consideration for this position. Competitors should provide themselves with drawing materials; other than paper, including a drawing board not less than 15 inches square. Statements as to training, experience, and fitness are accepted subject to verification. Age, 17 years or over on the date of the examination, which is open to all males who are citizens of or owe allegiance to the United States and who meet the requirements.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BARBER, AMZI L., (died April 17, 1909;) net estate in New York, $1,125,024.02; personalty, $1,279,194.11; bank deposits, $294.94; 5,000 shares Lorena Company, $802,000; 3,000 shares Dobbs Ferry Land Improvement Company, $445,500; 225 shares Ardsley Casino Company, $1,237.50; 1,000 shares New York Bank Note Company, $3,800; demand note of Ardsley Casino Company, $11,191.67; demand note of S. T. Davis, Jr., $15,000; realty, $5,700; Lots 30 and 40, Block 3,335, Bronx, $5,000; lot in Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., $700.

HANNING, EDWARD L., (died Dec. 11, 1903;) net estate, $9,815.71; personalty, $15,385.66; bank account, $5,385.66; mortgage on 546 Pearl Street, $8,000.

HOWELL, KATHERINE VAN LIEW, (died Aug. 6, 1911;) net estate, $72,000, promises at 40 West Forty-sixth Street.

McNULTY, BRIDGET, (died Jan. 17, 1909;) net estate, $348.58, cash on hand.

WATERHOUSE, ANN MARY, (died Jan. 12, 1909;) net estate in New York, $74,046.39; personalty, $74,986.25; 500 shares New York Central & Hudson River Railroad, $62,750; power of appointment over 97½ shares, same company, $12,336.25.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Following are the Supreme Court orders issued to-day by the Chief Justice:

238—S. D. Harper, plaintiff in error, vs. Grant Victor, United States Marshal, &c. Submitted, with leave for plaintiff in error to file additional brief within ten days.

245—Charles E. Barrett, plaintiff in error, vs. the State of Indiana. Submitted.

229—Madera Water Works, appellant, vs. City of Madera et al. Argument continued for the appellees and concluded for the appellant.

230—Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company, plaintiff in error vs. Thomas W. Brown. Argued for the plaintiff in error and submitted for the defendant in error.

232—Paul Charlton, as the next friend of Porter Charlton, appellant, vs. James J. Kelly, Sheriff of Hudson County, New Jersey, et al. Argued.

Day Call for April 21—234, 237, 239 (and 240 and 241,) 243, 244, 246, 247, 248, 249 and 250 (and 507.)

STATE.

Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

Martha G. D. Blanchi, appellant, vs. Maurice Leon and Charlotte T. Terry, respondents.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

In the matter of the Mercantile Trust Company.—Decree reversed, with costs to Mercantile Trust Company, to be paid out of the fund, and matter remitted to Surrogate as directed in opinion. Opinion by Clarke, J. Settle order on notice.

Laura Glover, as administratrix, respondent, vs. National Bank of Commerce of New York, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and demurrer sustained, with $10 costs. Opinion by Clarke, J. Order filed.

Ida Pollock, appellant, vs. Solomons's Independent Ice Company et al., respondents.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Henry Van Emden, appellant, vs. National Distilling Company, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

People ex rel. Daniel A. Curtin, respondent, vs. Henry S. Thompson, as Commissioner, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted to extent stated in order. No opinion. Order filed.

Same vs. same.—Order and judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Samuel Galler, as administrator, appellant, vs. City of New York, respondent.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Joseph E. Paisley, respondent, vs. Julius J. Mason and another, appellants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Philip W. Saitta, appellant, vs. the Anchor Line et al., respondents.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Pauline M. Harburger, respondent, vs. Walter Blair and another, appellants.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Martin Bolton, respondent, vs. New York Contracting Company et al., appellants.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Rose E. Crane, as administratrix, appellant, vs. Brooklyn Union Elevated Railroad Company, respondent.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

People ex rel. Floyd B. Pitts, relator, vs. Rhinelander Waldo, as Commissioner, respondent.—Writ sustained, proceedings annulled, and charges dismissed, with $50 costs and disbursements. Opinion by Clarke, J. Settle order on notice.

John G. Von Hofe, appellant, vs. Helmer F. Boelsen et al., respondents.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Michael J. Dady, appellant, vs. City of New York, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Equitable Trust Company, respondent, vs. Reese Carpenter and another, appellants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Isaac Harrions and another, respondents, vs. Chatan Realty Company, impleaded, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Stevenson Brewing Company, appellant, vs. Junction Realty Company, respondent.—Judgment modified as directed in opinion, and as modified affirmed, with costs. Opinions by Scott and Laughlin, JJ., (Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Settle order on notice.

Anne Jensen, appellant, vs. Louise Phillips, as administratrix, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Stevenson Realty Company, appellant, vs. Empire State Realty Company, respondent.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Ardo F. Daniels, individually, &c., respondent, vs. Wells-Fargo Express Company et al., appellants.—Judgment reversed and complaint dismissed on the merits, with costs in this court and at Special Term to each of the defendants separately appearing and answering. Opinion by Scott, J. Settle order on notice.

Louis Korn, respondent, vs. Joseph H. Freedlander, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event, unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce verdict to $10,000, with interest from August, 1908, in which event judgment as modified and order affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

Louis Korn, respondent, vs. Joseph H. Freedlander, appellant.—Order affirmed, without costs.—No opinion. Order filed.

Edward T. Kennard, as executor, respondent, vs. Bernhard J. Ludwig, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Edward Hollander, appellant, vs. Charles J. Hudson and another, respondents.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, on opinion in 152 App. Div., 131. Order filed.

Morris E. Jacobs, respondent, vs. Julius A. Bernstein and another, appellants.—Judgment and order reversed and a new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event, unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce recovery to $1,016.51, with interest from Jan. 3, 1911, in which event judgment as so modified and order affirmed, without costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of the, application of Frank Yans for appointment of trustee under will of Franz Amrhein, deceased.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs, without prejudice to renewal of an application for appointment of substituted trustee upon giving notice to the beneficiaries, as required by law. Opinion by Clarke, J. Order filed.

Cascade Hotel Company vs. Orleans Estate Company.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

New York County.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II.—McAvoy, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Platzek, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S. No day calendar.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J. Mount Vernon Trust Co. v. Dursle—Henry Smith, Bauer v. Simon—Arthur M. Levy.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Linzer v. Hudes—Robert F. Wagner.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J. Kress v. Power—Franklin Brooks.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Salzsieder v. Nolan—Roy M. Robinson. Harms v. Laher—William T. Quinn. King v. Keenan, (2)—William L. Cahn.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J. Fanny I. M. Leith v. Cora B. Redfern—Samuel Brand. Kate Macy Ladd v. Arthur Garsch—Percival Wilds. Edwin Kaufman v. Bella Cohn—Percival Wilds.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Putnam, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Blackmar, J. Litigated motions. No day calendar.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 87.

Transfers, to take effect 8 A. M., April 18: Acting Captain—William A. Jones, 9th Detective District to 5th. Lieutenant—Daniel J. Carey, 147th Precinct to Detective Division. Sergeant—A. T. Atwater, 153d Precinct to 150th. Patrolman—W. Schneider, 22d to 33d; J. A. Cogan, 37th to 33d; G. L. Petry, 39th to 33d; A. V. Pitt, 153d to 32d, and T. J. Leonard, 153d to 56th. Mutual, to take effect 8 A. M., April 18: Patrolmen—F. J. Minnick, 23d to 29th, and A. F. Connell, 29th to 23d.

Assignments.—Lieutenant—Daniel J. Carey, Detective Division, to command 9th Detective District, from 8 A. M. April 18. Patrolman—E. J. Sullivan, 153d, mounted, from 8 A. M. April 18. (Temporary.) Patrolmen—M. H. Gescheidt, 1st, to C. O. Squad, 10 days, from 8 A. M. April 18; D. A. O'Connell, 6th, and W. T. Reynolds, 43d, to C. O. Squad, 10 days, from 2 P. M. April 18; W. H. Van Kirk, 33d, as driver of patrol wagon, 10 days, from 9 A. M. April 18. To C. O. Squad from precincts indicated, 10 days, from 4 P. M. April 18: J. M. Coffey, 10th; M. McCann, 10th; F. F. Coughlin, 146th; W. C. Goehring, 146th. (Detective Division.) Acting Detective Sergeants, First Grade: R. Cavone, 10th, and J. J. Finan, 30th, to 39th, 10 days, from 4 P. M. April 16. Acting Detective Sergeants, Second Grade: D. Devoti, 6th, to 30th, 10 days, from 4 P. M. April 16; G. D. Barnitz, 37th, to District Attorney's office, 5 days, from 10 A. M. April 18. (Discontinued.) To mounted duty, from 8 A. M. April 18: Sergt. A. T. Atwater, 153d. Patrolmen: A. V. Pitt, 153d; T. J. Leonard, 153d; T. McLaughlin, 153d.

Leaves of Absence, (with full pay.)—Captain: George A. Alondle, 278th, 4 days, from 12:01 P. M. April 17, to be deducted from vacation. (Without pay.) Sergeant: R. H. McGill, 40th, 2 days, from 10 P. M. April 17.

Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 76.

Appointed Fourth Grade Firemen, after three months' probation, to take effect at 8 A. M. April 21, and assigned as indicated: F. Gemtsch, Engine 1; L. F. Kiefer, Jr., Engine 10; V. J. Davis, Engine 30; S. E. Mendelson, Engine 58; A. Dunn, Engine 72; P. J. O'Brien, Engine 205; A. A. McLaughlin, Engine 226; J. Du Bois, H. and L. 1; J. T. Tenety, H. and L. 5; E. C. Freudenthal, H. and L. 6; D. J. Callahan, H. and L. 12; C. A. Cramb, H. and L. 35; J. J. Dornseif, H. and L. 105; C. Crockett, H. and L. 119.

Special leave of absence, without pay, for 30 days, from 8 A. M. May 25: Fireman, Third Grade, Julius A. Unrath, H. and L. 35, for family reasons.

Fines: Fireman, First Grade, Richard H. Rooney, Engine 132. Charges: (1) Disrespectful language to superior officer, (2) assaulting his superior officer; one day's pay on first charge and ten days' on second; total, 11 days. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 153, Rules and Regulations, 1912, Fireman, First Grade, Cornelius F. Collins, H. and L. 110, $5 for loss of coat badge 2,523.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—First Lieut. W. W. Rose, Coast Artillery Corps, relieved from duty on staff of Commanding Officer, Coast Defenses of Baltimore; to Fort Monroe, Virginia, or duty on staff of Commanding Officer Coast Defenses of Chesapeake Bay, as assistant to Quartermaster.

First Lieut. J. D. Burnett, Seventeenth Infantry, detailed member of board to meet at Fort McPherson, Georgia, for examination of candidates for the Military Academy, vice Second Lieut. A. C. Evans, Seventeenth Infantry, relieved.

First Lieut. J. B. Corbly, Twenty-fifth Infantry, recruiting officer, relieved from duty at Pittsburgh, Penn.; return to Columbus Barracks, Ohio.

Orders March 15 relating to Capt. R. C. Moore, Corps of Engineers, revoked.

Orders March 15 directing Capt. T. H. Dillon, Corps of Engineers, to proceed to Chattanooga, Tenn., revoked; wait further orders at Forth Leavenworth, Kansas.

Capt. W. V. Cotchett, Fourth Field Artillery, relieved assignment to that regiment and attached to Sixth Field Artillery.

First Lieut. E. K. Sterling, Third Cavalry, to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, to attend camp of instruction, militia cavalry officers of Seventh and Eighth Cavalry Districts, organized militia, thence to Denver.

First Lieut. J. J. Burleigh, infantry, assigned to Third Infantry.

Second Lieut. H. H. McGee, Second Cavalry, relieved from duty at Military Academy; to Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, for duty for twenty-eight days, thence to West Point, N. Y., for duty.

First Lieut. S. H. McLeary, Coast Artillery Corps, relieved from duty with Signal Corps and assigned to Forty-seventh Company, Coast Artillery Corps.

Leaves—Capt. W. H. Clopton, Jr., Thirteenth Cavalry, seven days; First Lieut. E. C. Jones, Medical Corps, fifteen days; First Lieut. E. P. Tignor, dental surgeon, five days.

The Navy.

Lieut. J. M. Poole, detached Assistant Inspector of Machinery, William Cramp & Sons, Philadelphia, May 20, to Asiatic Station.

Lieut. W. F. Cochrane, detached the Jouett; home and wait orders.

Lieut. C. T. Blackburn, detached the Beale; home and wait orders.

Lieut. W. H. Lee, to navy yard, Charleston, S. C., May 16.

Ensign L. R. Brown, detached the Florida; to the New Jersey.

Ensign J. A. Logan, detached the Oregon; to the West Virginia.

Ensign W. Buckmaster, detached the Wyoming; to the New Jersey.

Ensign L. A. Davidson, detached the New Hampshire; to the Beale.

Ensigns R. E. P. Elmer and S. Mills, detached the North Dakota; to the New Jersey.

Passed Assistant Surgeon E. P. Huff, detached the Florida; to the Scorpion.

Passed Assistant Surgeon J. J. Straeten, detached the Tonopah; to the Florida.

Passed Assistant Surgeon P. T. Dessez, detached navy yard, Boston; to the Tonopah.

Assistant Surgeon D. C. Walton, detached the Scorpion; home and wait orders.

Gunner H. C. Smith, detached the Oregon; to the Pittsburgh.

Chief Machinist W. C. Gray, detached the Baltimore; to the Iowa.

Chief Machinist A. T. Percival, to the Cleveland.

Marine Corps.

Lieut. Col. C. H. McCawley, detached Headquarters Marine Corps; to Depot of Supplies, San Francisco.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Rhode Island at Hampton Roads, Montgomery at New York City; Cyclops, Lebanon, and New Hampshire at Norfolk Yard; Sterling at Lambert Point, Supply at Shanghai, Walke at Newport.

Sailed—Celtic, from Hampton Roads for Boston; Panther, Ontario, Yankton, Solace, Wyoming, and Montgomery, from Hampton Roads for New York; Albany, from Shanghai for Hankow; Rocket, from Norfolk for Tangier Sound, Chesapeake Bay; Beale, from Norfolk for Newport; Orion, from Guantanamo for Hampton Roads.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:17|Sun sets..6:42|Moon sets..4:28

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	6:13	6:35	12:05	12:22
Governors Island	6:40	7:05	12:42	12:58
Heil Gate	8:30	8:50	2:22	2:38

Arrived—Friday, April 18.

SS Mauretania, Liverpool, April 12.
SS Adriatic, Liverpool, April 19.
SS Panama, Colon, April 12.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, April 15.
SS El Rio, Galveston, April 12.
SS Oceania, Gibraltar, April 7.
SS Vincent, Para, March 30.
SS Wittekind, Bremen, April 5.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Monsenisio	Lisbon	April 4
Graf Waldersee	Hamburg	April 2
Jelling	Santiago	April 8
Clan Maciver	Oran	Mar. 31
River Delaware	Oran	Mar. 31
Southport	Liverpool	April 1
Morro Castle	Havana	April 15
Hesperus	Hamburg	April 3
Indranayo	Gibraltar	April 9
Kura	Algiers	April 1
Winnie	Huelva	April 1
Provence	Havre	April 12
Colorado	Key West	April 13
Apache	Jacksonville	April 16
Allanton	Penarth	April 8
Camboage	Lisbon	April 5
Charlois	Rotterdam	April 6
Kiefel	Bremen	April 9
Vaderland	Antwerp	April 9
Mayaro	Trinidad	April 11

DUE TO-MORROW.

New York	Southampton	April 12
Columbia	Glasgow	April 12
Saxonia	Naples	April 7
Santa Rosa	Brazil	April 2
Orotava	Bermuda	April 16
Niagara	Havre	April 12
Antilla	Tampico	April 19
City of Atlanta	Savannah	April 17

DUE MONDAY.

President Lincoln	Southampton	April 11
Potsdam	Rotterdam	April 12
Finland	Antwerp	April 12
Allemania	Inagua	April 17
Minnetonka	London	April 12
Europa	Naples	April 9
Cosmo	San Juan	April 16
Stephano	St. John's	April 16
Momus	New Orleans	April 16

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

Mails Close. Vessels Sail.

G. Washington, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Majestic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Progreso, Trinidad	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Brazos, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Pastores, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Algonquin, Turks Island	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carl Schurz, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Guiana, St. Thomas	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
African Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Vandyck, Argentina	12:00 P.M.	4:30 P.M.
Moltke, Madeira	6:00 A.M.	3:30 A.M.
Advance, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Zeeland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Perugia, Naples	——	2:00 P.M.
Minneapolis, London	——	10:00 A.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow	——	8:00 A.M.
America, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
*Arcadian, Bermuda	——	1:00 A.M.
Czar, Libau	——	2:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	12:00 M.
Comal, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
Concho, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
El Mundo, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
Yaguez, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.

*Arcadian mail closes 10:30 P. M. Friday.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Drumcree, La Plata... 2:30 A.M. 5:00 A.M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Advance, Colon ..... 11:30 A.M. 3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of sailing.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., APRIL 18.

SS Provence, Havre to New York, was 350 miles E. at noon; due 19th, 8 A. M. French Line.

SS Uranium, Rotterdam to New York, was 250 miles E. at noon; due 19th, 9 A. M. Uranium Line.

SS Kleist, Bremen to New York, was 800 miles E. at noon; due 21st, 8 A. M. North German Lloyd.

SS Vaderland, Antwerp to New York, was 323 miles E. at noon; due 19th, 1 P. M. Red Star Line.

SS Indiana, Genoa to New York, was 290 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 19th, 9 A. M.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Herman Frasch, Sabine to New York, was 375 miles S. E. of Sabine Bar at noon.

SS El Oriente, Galveston to New York, was 235 miles S. E. of Galveston Bar at noon.

SS Morro Castle, Havana to New York, was 100 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS El Alba, Galveston to New York, was 345 miles S. E. of Galveston Bar at noon.

SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 250 miles S. E. at 7 P. M.

SS Cristobal, Colon to New York, was 291 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS City of Atlanta, Savannah to New York, was 25 miles N. E. of Frying Pan at noon.

SS Larimer, Port Arthur to New York, was 193 miles S. E. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 11 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.

SS City of Everett, New Orleans to New York, was 182 miles N. E. of Tortugas at 10 A. M.

SS Denver, Galveston to New York, was 98 miles W. of Tortugas at 7 P. M.

SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, was 50 miles N. of Jupiter at 8 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Russia, at Rotterdam, April 17.
SS Lorraine, at Havre, April 18.
SS Stolzenfels, at Port Said, April 18.
SS Bermudian, at Bermuda, April 18.
SS Ardoyne, at Palermo, April 17.
SS Hylas, at Delagoa Bay, April 13.
SS Alstina, at Havre, April 16.
SS York Castle, at East London, April 18.
SS Philadelphia, at Plymouth, April 18.
SS Laurentic, at Queenstown, April 18.
SS Noordam, at Boulogne, April 18.

Sailed.

SS Celtic, from Queenstown, April 18.
SS Ancona, from Palermo, April 17.
SS Monadnock, from Barbados, April 15.
SS Clement, from Barbados, April 15.
SS Alconda, from Marseilles, April 16.
SS Trignac, from Cardiff, April 17.
SS Volturno, from Rotterdam, April 17.
SS Camoens, from Rio Janeiro, April 16.
SS Thespis, from Barbados, April 16.
SS Orotava, from Bermuda, April 18.
SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, from Southampton, April 18.

Passed.

SS Koranna, New York for Aden, passed Gibraltar.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close in New York at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco) Nile ..... April 20
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Tacoma) — Tacoma Maru ..... April 24
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline ..... April 24
Tahiti, Cook Islands, and New Zealand (via San Francisco) Aoranga. April 23
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Mongolia ..... April 28
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco) United States Transport. April 30
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand (via San Francisco)—Ventura. May 1
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of India ..... May 2
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver)—Makura ..... May 9
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Siena.. May 15

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

EDUCATION NOTES.

A committee has been appointed by President Churchill to confer on the ungraded schools. It will meet on Monday at 2:30 P. M. at the office of Commissioner Isadore M. Levy, 320 Broadway.

The New York Association of High School Teachers of German will hold a meeting at 11 A. M. to-day at the Gregorian Hotel, 42 West Thirty-fifth Street. Prof. Decker of the State Normal College, in Albany, will speak on "How Far Can the Direct Method of Teaching Modern Languages Be Used in the American High School?"

The class of 1888, Normal College, will celebrate its twenty-fifth anniversary by a luncheon at the Hotel McAlpin on April 26.

The Mothers' Club of Public School 128, Brooklyn, will hold a meeting in the school building, Eighty-third Street and Twenty-first Avenue, on the afternoon of April 22.

The Schoolmasters' Association of New York and Vicinity will hold a meeting at 10:30 this morning at the Mechanics' Institute Building, 20 West Forty-fourth Street.

The Association of Men Teachers on the eligible lists prior to Jan. 1, 1912, will hold a meeting at 10 o'clock this morning at the City College Club, 63 West Fifty-sixth Street.

The Literary Association of the Morris Evening High School will give an entertainment in the school's auditorium and gymnasium on the evening of April 25. An admission fee will be charged, and the proceeds will be applied to furthering the aims of the association.

The Flushing High School Athletic Association will present the comedy, "The Blunderstone Burglary," in the auditorium of the school on the evening of May 9. An admission fee will be charged, and the proceeds will be devoted to the benefit of the athletic association.

Those members of the Interborough Association of Womeg Teachers who have failed to contribute to the testimonial to Miss Grace C. Strachan, District Superintendent and President of the association, have received a circular saying that the time limit for the payment of one month's salary for that purpose has been extended. They are assured that the association has a perfect right to collect such a testimonial.

STEAMSHIPS.

KAISER WILHELM DER GROSSE
SAILS TUESDAY, APRIL 22, 10 A.M.
KAISER WILHELM II
SAILS TUESDAY, APRIL 29, 10 A.M.
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
Express Sailings — Twin-Screw Sailings.
Kronprinz Wilhelm ..... May 6 | Kleist (Bremen Direct) ..... Apr. 22
Kronprinzessin Cecilie ..... May 13 |

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Lower—Bond Position Little Changed, but Money Is Growing Easier.

Money eased further both here and in London yesterday. The receding tendency in rates which has been under way in the call and time money markets is extending to commercial discount rates. Commercial paper, which recently was being sold on a 6 per cent. basis, dropped during the early part of this week to 5¾ per cent., and yesterday was sold on a 5½ per cent. basis. It is pertinent to inquire in this connection whether increased supply or diminished demand accounts for the decline in rates. The relatively low rates quoted for call money and for time loans on collateral while commercial paper of high grade was being discounted at 6 per cent. seemed clearly due to the limited demand for accommodation of that class rather than to an abundant supply of money. The difficulty which banks have been experiencing in obtaining rates satisfactory to themselves on call loans has had the effect of inducing somewhat freer purchases of commercial paper, and in part the recession in rate is accounted for by this influence. If the experience of some active dealers in commercial paper be taken into account, however, it would seem that a lessened supply of paper has contributed to the lowering of the discount basis. That in turn bespeaks a slowing down of trade, the commercial paper market thus confirming indications which other phenomena of the situation had afforded. There could, of course, be a considerable slackening from recent activity and the volume of business still be very large.

It has almost universally been taken for granted that along with tariff revision and the discussion precedent thereto would go a reduced volume of trade, particularly in the lines most directly affected by changes in import duties. To the extent that the present condition of the commercial paper market and other elements in the general situation suggest some slackening in commercial activity they are but bearing out previously well defined expectations. Such a movement at this time is doubly interesting when considered as offering a cure for a situation some of whose uncomfortable results have lately been seen in the unsettled state of the investment market. No sign was afforded yesterday that the flotation of the St. Paul bond issue had blazed the way for a new buying movement in the bond market. Yesterday's market in bonds was much like those of other recent days, though the pressure upon prices was perhaps a little less pronounced. Those who have funds to invest seem to be awaiting new issues rather than to be seeking opportunities among outstanding securities. In the light of this attitude on the part of investors the fact that the St. Paul bond issue was only partly subscribed might be regarded as affording indication that opportunities for investment upon still more favorable terms, judged at least by the bare interest yield, are awaited by investors. The effect of such an attitude is perhaps to make the scarcity of capital seem greater than it really is. With the yields on bonds rising and with interest rates declining it may be a question of only a brief time before the common ground which has been sought as between borrower and lender will be found.

Some of the day's advices from abroad suggested that events were moving rapidly toward the settlement of the Balkan problem, and the further decline in discount rates at London indicated an increasingly easy money position there. Possibly the rapid decline at London represents an over-reaction from recent money stress, for perspective demands for money are still very large, but the very decline in discount rates and the more optimistic views regarding the political situation may well hasten the return to use of the money which has been hoarded abroad.

The stock market dropped back into dullness and heaviness. In contrast with the declines which were recorded in most issues were a few sharp gains, such, for example, as the 5¼ point net advance in Mexican Petroleum, for which the increase in the company's dividend rate from 4 per cent. to 6 per cent. was offered in explanation. Neither that advance nor the few others which occurred were suggestive of the real spirit of the day's trading, for the general level of prices closed at a decline of a substantial fraction. Southern Pacific was one of the stocks which was under incerased selling pressure. Since the discussion of a plan was first taken up with Mr. McReynolds it has appeared as not improbable that he might feel called upon to disapprove any scheme which did not provide for a change in the status of the Central Pacific which is now owned by the Southern Pacific, but which Mr. McReynolds's predecessor felt should be transferred to the Union Pacific. It came to be believed yesterday that this probability has been considerably strengthened, and no great confidence was therefore felt that a plan could be successfully formulated along the line of the suggestions which the Union Pacific representative will probably make to the United States Court at St. Paul on Monday. Those suggestions were formulated when it was believed that the plan could be restricted to the mere disposal by the Union Pacific of its Southern Pacific holdings. It is not now considered at all certain that a plan expressed in such simple terms will be accepted as fulfilling the spirit of the Supreme Court's decision.

$5,000,000 Bond Company Formed.

DOVER, Del., April 18.—A certificate of incorporation was filed at the State Department here to-day for the Public Utilities Bond Investment Company, with a capital stock of $5,000,000. It is a New York concern, though the incorporators, Walter P. Carrow and W. F. Cook, are of this city.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	April 17.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,313,357	$14,972,560	$265,817,590
Int. rev.	912,213	14,119,916	245,295,357
Corp. tax	40,470	438,265	4,635,314
Miscellaneous	90,384	2,518,967	42,651,373
Tot. receipts	2,356,515	32,049,440	558,800,635
Expenditures	4,524,950	34,662,576	548,892,631
Surplus	*2,268,442	*2,613,135	10,007,004

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

The condition of the United States Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was:

Working balance, $76,010,990.

In banks and Philippine Treasury, $42,257,999.

Total of general fund, $144,085,801.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Public Service Commission has approved all legal matters having to do with the issue of $19,000,000 Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad Company 5 per cent. notes.

Berton, Griscom & Co. were informed by telegraph yesterday that the loss from flood damage to the Memphis Street Railway Company would be less than three-tenths of one per cent. of the gross earnings for the year.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

No Telephone Financing.

With a decline in the price of American Telephone & Telegraph shares has come a rumor of further financing, to be accomplished through another large offering of the convertible bonds. Officials of the company say that no financing is in sight. The company sold $67,000,000 of 4½ per cent. convertibles in January, on which the second payment of 50 per cent. is not due until Sept. 1. A year's expenditures by the American Telephone & Telegraph Company amount usually to between $50,000,000 and $75,000,000, the improvement programme depending largely upon the state of trade. The proceeds of the January sale are expected to suffice for all of the current year's needs.

***

The Movies in Wall Street.

Two automobiles carrying moving-picture actors and a photographer sought to stage a little play of life in the metropolis near the busy corner of Broad Street and Exchange Place yesterday afternoon, but desisted when several hundred clerks and messenger boys massed themselves about the players. If there is one thing the financial district boy likes better than anything else it is a chance to crowd up close to a moving-picture machine to grin into its blinking eye.

***

St. Paul Bonds Steady.

There were sales of $271,000 of the new St. Paul 4½ per cent. bonds on the Stock Exchange yesterday at between 99¼ and 99½, the closing price being made at the higher figure. It was expected in some quarters that when the failure of the bankers to dispose of the entire issue became known the bonds would sell off. One house which obtained a considerable block at the usual discount of ¼ from the offering price of 99½ became nervous over the outlook and began telegraphing to out-of-town banks Thursday afternoon offering to sell its allotment at cost price. The amount offered was taken and the dealers were out their expenses on the transaction.

***

New Market Leader.

Mexican Petroleum maintained yesterday the reputation attached to the "newer industrial" group. The shares were in so great demand from the start of business that the issue became a market leader, being barely surpassed by Steel in point of activity. The aggregate turnover of Steel was 29,000, while 28,800 shares of Mexican Petroleum changed hands. The petroleum stock was aided in its advance by well-substantiated rumors of a coming increase in the common dividend. Numerous traders who participated in the first hour of buying, when quotations rose nearly three points, said that they were merely acting on the estimate of probable earnings for 1913, as given in the annual report, but the news of the dividend increase from 4 to 5 per cent. before the close showed that good advance information had prevailed in some quarters. The favor in which the shares were held for the day was clearly indicated by the fact that final sales were made at prices close to the top, although hurried covering of short contracts seemed to give considerable assistance after the larger dividend became a fact.

***

Steel's Fluctuations.

The extremely narrow range within which Steel fluctuated in yesterday's market was a subject of comment among brokers. The stock was fairly active, but demand was so nearly on a parity with the pressure of offerings that only three-eighths of a point intervened between the low and the high price. The way the stock marked time was all the more noticeable in contrast with the range of Mexican Petroleum, which swung through 5⅝ points from bottom to top.

***

A Problem of the Tariff.

The question is being asked in the steel trade whether or not the tariff bill is beginning to instil a greater portion of caution into business sentiment than was thought probable a few weeks ago. The independent mills report a falling off in new orders, although specifications continue to appear steadily, and the Steel Corporation is expected to show another decline in unfilled April tonnage. The companies have future business booked of sufficient extent to keep them busy nearly at capacity until after mid-Summer, but there should be in evidence at this time more active inquiries for Fall delivery than are reported if steel making is to continue at the high rate of March and April.

***

Oil Stock Brokers Shocked.

The passing of the Prairie Oil and Gas dividend was a distinct shock to brokers who have been considering the former Standard Oil constituents as excellent investments. Until the Prairie Oil Directors decided, without any preliminary warning whatever, to conserve earnings by withholding them from stockowners, it would have been called rank heresy to suggest on the Curb that there was possibility of such action. Large annual returns at regular periods and larger payments in the shape of melons have cast a golden glamor over the oil stocks. The prevailing course of quotations has been upward, and there seemed to be no reason why they should not continue to loftier heights than already reached. The passed dividend disturbed some pleasant dreams.

***

St. Paul's Old Bonds.

With the offering of St. Paul's general mortgage bonds bearing 4½ per cent. interest at 99½ it became necessary to write off something from the market price of the previous issue, which bore 4 per cent. interest. The St. Paul's general 4s sold yesterday for the first time since April 8, making a new low price at 91, or 3½ points below the previous quotation. Early in the year this issue sold at 99.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.06	Julia	.01
Alpha Con	.01	Justice	.04
Belcher	.25	Kentucky Con	.01
Best & Belcher	.03	Mexican	.15
Bullion	.01	Occidental Con	.70
Caledonia	1.15	Ophir	.18
Challenge Con	.03	Overman	.30
Chollar	.04	Potosi	.03
Confidence	.32	Savage	.03
Con. Cal. & Va.	.07	Sag Belcher	.08
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.21
Crown Point	.25	Union Con	.00
Gould & Curry	.03	Yellow Jacket	.25
Hale & Norcross	.04		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	6.32½	Comb. Fraction	.03
Jim Butler	1.12½	Diamondf'd D.	.01
MacNamara	.20	D'field B. B.	.02
Midway	.54	Florence	.44
Mispah Exten	.74	G'field C. M.	2.12½
Montana	1.75	G'field Merger	.29
North Star	.24	Jumbo Exten	.28
Rescue Eula	.17	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Exten	2.32½	Silver Pick	.07
Tonopah Merger	.97	Nevada Hills	1.07½
West End	1.70	Round Mtn	.54
GOLDFIELD.		MANHATTAN.	
Atlanta	.15	Manhat. Con	.09
Booth	.06	Man. Big Four	.83

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot	7	7¾	Jackpot	5¼	6½
Elkton	58¾	59¾	McKinney	60	63
El Paso	435	450	Old Gold	2¼	3½
Findley	3½	4½	Portland	97	100
Gold Dol.	10½	12	Vindicator	92	94
Isabella	12½	13½	Ray, B. H.	4½	6¼

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Trading Very Light—Prices Irregular—Bonds Are Firmer.

Transactions in unlisted securities yesterday were on a small scale, with price movements irregular. Standard Oil of New Jersey rose sharply from the low sale of 341, and closed at an advance of 8 points at 350. Bond dealings were small, with Brooklyn Rapid Transit 5s closing at 95⅞, ¼ of a point advance.

***

Transactions reported yesterday were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	Br.-Am. Tob.	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23½
510	Inter. Rubber trust ctfs.	10⅞	10⅞	10	10
150	Man. Tran.	1⅝	1 13-16	1⅝	1 13-16
4,000	*Mays Oil	20	20	19	19
250	Pu. S. & R.	2 3-16	2⅛	2 3-16	2 3-16
150	St. Oil of N.J.	343	351	341	350
3,000	Un. Cigar St. of Am.	94½	94¼	92⅜	93¼
100	U. S. L. & H.	12	12	12	12

RAILROAD.

35	‡Am. L. & Tr.	379	379	375	375

MINING STOCKS.

100	Alaska Gold Mines	13½	14	13⅜	13⅝
	*Beaver Consolidated	37	39	37	39
	Bessie Gold D. pf.	12¼	13¼	12½	13½
	Braden Copper	8½	8⅝	8½	8⅝
	Buffalo Mines	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
	Butte-New York	1	1¼	1	1¼
	*C. O. D. Consol	5½	6⅛	6	7
	Con. Ariz. Smelt	⅛	5-16	¼	5-16
	Davis-Daly Copper	1⅞	2⅛	1⅞	2⅛
	*Dia. Black Butte	3	4	2	3
	*Diamond Field D.	4	5	4	5
	First National	2¼	2½	2¼	2⅝
	Mines of America	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
	McKinley-Darragh	1 15-16	2	1 15-16	2
	Nevada Hills	1 1-16	1⅛	1 1-16	1⅛
	Nipissing Mines Co.	9	9⅛	9	9⅛
	*North B. Copper	⅜	⅜	⅜	½
	Pacific Smelters	1-16	3-32	1-16	3-32
	South Utah M. & S.	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
	Tonopah Mining	5⅞	6	5⅞	6⅛
	Tri-Bullion	5-16	⅜	7-16	3-16
	Tularosa	½	¾	½	¾
	United Copper	½	⅞	½	⅞
	United Copper pf.	3	6	3	6
	*Wetlaufer Silver	16	18	16	16
	Yukon Gold	2 9-16	2 11-16	2 9-16	2 11-16

LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING COMPANIES.

	Lightning C.-G. D.	⅞	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛
	*New Jersey M. Co.	16	17	16	17

BONDS.

$14,000	Braden Copper 6s	173	185	173	185
	Chi. Elevated 5s	96⅜	97⅛	96⅜	97⅛
	Havana Tobacco 5s	61	63	61	63
	Mason Valley 6s		100		100
	N. S. City 4½s, 1960	96½	97	96½	97
	N. Y. City 4½s, 1962	96½	97	96½	97

*Sell cents per share. †Ex dividend.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Friday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	17¾	18½	17½	18½
Atlantic Refining	603	610	590	600
Borne-Scrymser	300	320	300	320
Buckeye Pipe Line	164	167	160	165
Chesebrough Mfg.	665	680	660	680
Colonial Oil	120	130	115	130
Continental Oil	1850	1900	1850	1900
Crescent Pipe Line	63	65	63	65
Cumberland Pipe L.	75	80	75	82
Eureka Pipe Line	365	370	365	375
Galena-Signal Oil	195	200	195	203
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	140	145	140	145
Indiana Pipe Lines	130	140	125	135
National Transit	42	44	42	44
New York Transit	335	340	335	340
Northern Pipe Line	112	115	110	115
Ohio Oil	126½	128	126	127½
Prairie Oil & Gas	280	295	280	290
Solar Refining	620	640	630	660
Southern Pipe Line	250	255	250	260
South Penn. Oil	945	955	945	955
S. W. Pipe Lines	155	160	155	160
Standard Oil (Cal.)	179	182	176	178
Standard Oil (Ind.)	316	323	310	317
Standard Oil (Kan.)	555	560	555	565
Standard Oil (Ky.)	400	410	390	410
Standard Oil (Neb.)	300	310	300	310
Standard Oil (N. J.)	350	355	343	346
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	625	635	615	625
Standard Oil (Ohio)	265	275	265	275
Swan & Finch	185	200	190	200
Union Tank Line	64	66	64	67
Vacuum Oil	180	182	178	182
Washington Oil	26	28	32	32
Waters-Pierce Oil	1400	1500	1400	1500

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	April 18. Bid.	Asked.	April 17. Bid.	Asked.
British-American	23½	25½	23⅝	23⅝
Conley Tinfoil	285	295	285	295
Johnson Tinfoil & M.	175	185	175	185
J. S. Young	160	170	160	170
MacAndrews & F.	193	203	195	205
P. D.-Am. Tobacco	220	235	225	235
R. J. Reynolds	270	275	270	280
R. J. Reynolds pf.	114	115	120	120
Tobacco Products	120	140	120	140
Tobacco Co. pf.	84½	90	88	89
United Cigar Stores	93½	94	93½	94½
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	110	114	110	114

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper 5	Mar. 15, '15	98⅛	98⅜	5.80
Am. Locomo. 5	Oct., 1913	99¼	100⅛	3.25
Am. Locomo. 5	Oct., 1914	99	100	5.00
Ann Arbor 5	May, 1913	98	100	5.00
Austrian Gov. 4½	July, '14-'15	97⅛	97⅜	5.00
Balt. & Ohio 4½	June, 1913	99⅞	100¼	4.00
Boston & Me. 5	Feb., 3, '14	99⅝	99⅞	5.15
B. R. T. 5	July, 1918	95⅜	95⅞	5.85
Ches. & Ohio 4½	June, 1914	98⅜	99	5.20
Chi. & W. I. 5	Sep., 1915	98¾	99⅛	5.20
Chi. Ed. Rys. 5	July, 1914	96⅞	97	4.45
Chi., H. & D. 4	July, 1913	99⅝	99⅞	4.50
Erie R. R. 6	Apr. 8, '14	100⅛	100⅜	5.62
Erie R. R. 5	Oct., 1914	99¼	100	5.00
Erie R. R. 5	Apr., 1915	98¼	98⅝	5.25
Gen. Motor. 6	Oct., 1915	98¼	98½	6.25
Gen. Rubber 4½	July, 1915	96¼	97	5.95
Hocking Val. 4½	Nov., 1913	99⅝	100	4.50
Hudson Coal 5	Sep., 1915	97	98½	5.45
Illinois Cent. 4½	July, 1914	99¼	99⅝	4.85
Int. & Gt. No. 5	Aug., 1914	97¼	98	6.35
Inter. Harv. 5	Feb. 15, '15	99⅝	99⅞	5.15
K. C. R. R. 5	May, 1913	99	99	50.00
K. C. S. & L. 6	Sep., 1912	88	91½	
Lack. Steel 5	Mar., 1915	95¼	96¼	7.00
L. S. & M. S. 4½	Mar. 15, '14	99⅝	99⅞	4.85
Met. St. Ry.	April 17.			
N. Y. Cent. 5	May, 1913	88	96	31.00
Mex. M. C. 4½	Sep., 1913	97	98½	7.80
Mich. Cent. 4½	Mar., 1914	99⅜	99½	6.05
M. & St. L. 6	Feb., 1914	99½	99⅝	6.90
M., K. & T. 5	May, 1913	99⅞	100¼	3.20
Mo. Pacific 5	June, 1914	98⅜	98⅝	7.80
Mon. T. & P. 6	Apr., 1915	99¼	99⅝	6.95
Nat. Rys., M. 4½	June, 1913	98	99	9.50
N. Y. Cent. 4½	Mar., 1914	99⅝	99⅞	4.80
N. Y. Cent. 4½	May, 1915	98¼	99	5.05
N. Y. N. H. & Hart. 5	Dec., 1913	99⅛	100¼	4.85
St. L. & S. F. 5	June, 1913	99	99⅞	5.75
St. L. & S. F. 6	Sep., 1914	99	99⅝	6.37
Seab. A. L. 5	Mar., 1916	98	98½	5.55
Southern Ry. 5	Feb., 1916	99¼	99⅝	5.25
Sulzber'r & S. 5	June, 1916	98¼	98¾	5.20
U. S. S. R. M. 5	Aug., 1914	98¼	99⅜	5.05
Union Typew. 5	Jan., 1918	96	97¼	6.05
Utah Co. 6	Apr., 1913	99¾	100	6.00
W. U. & M. 5	Aug., 1913	99⅝	100¼	4.00
W. U. & M. 5	Aug., 1918	100	100⅛	4.99
W. Maryland 4	Apr., 1913	97	98½	5.50

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Con. Power	112	112	112
15	Con. Power pf.	115¾	115½	115½
5	Finance & Guar.	110	110	110
15	Houston Oil, tr. ctf.	21	21	21
190	Seab. Air Line	18½	18½	18½
2,085	United Rwys.	26¼	25⅞	26⅛
20	U. S. Fidelity	197	197	197

BONDS.

$5,000	Balt. Elec. 5s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝
5,000	Balt. City 4s, 1961	95	95	95
1,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1930	84½	84½	84½
4,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1940	93½	93½	93½
19,000	Con. Power 4½s	87	86⅝	87
4,000	Coal & Coke Ry. 5s	95	95	95
1,000	City of Jacksonville 5s, 1924	102¾	102⅜	102⅜
1,000	Con. Coal ref. 4½s	90¼	90¼	90¼
2,000	Con. Coal conv. 6s	99¾	99⅜	99⅜
3,000	Cotton Duck 5s	73	73	73
1,000	Con. Gas 5s	106½	106½	106½
2,000	Col. & Gr. 1st 6s	103½	103½	103½
2,000	Carolina Cent. 4s	90½	90½	90½
1,000	City & Sub. 5s (Washington)	102	102	102
2,000	Fairm't & Clarks. Traction 5s	100½	100½	100½
2,000	Georgia & Ala. 5s	104	104	104
5,000	Ga., Car. & N. 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼
1,000	Maryland 4s, 1926	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
1,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	98	98	98
5,000	Merch. & Miners' equipment 5s, 1915	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
1,000	United Rwys. 4s	84¼	84¼	84¼
5,000	West. N. Caro. 6s	101	101	101

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
110	Adventure	3¼	2⅞	2¾
120	Allouez	36	36	36
1,705	Amal. Copper	77⅛	76¼	76⅛
7	Anaconda	38	38	38
50	Arizona Com.	3 9-16	3 9-16	3 9-16
50	Boston & Corbin	6¼	6⅛	6¼
5	Butte & Balakiala	2¼	2¼	2¼
30	Butte & Superior	30⅜	30½	30½
15	Calumet & Ariz.	66½	66½	66½
375	Chino	41⅝	40¼	40⅝
80	Copper Range	44⅝	44¼	44¼
120	Daly-West	3	3	3
140	East Butte	12⅜	12⅛	12⅜
200	Franklin	7	7	7
1,025	Giroux	2¼	2 3-16	2¼
1,233	Granby	63⅜	63	63½
10	Greene-Cananea	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝
110	Hancock	21	20½	20½
130	Hedley	32¼	32	32½
100	Indiana	12½	12½	12½
10	Island Creek	53	53	53
300	Kerr Lake	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
25	Lake	14½	14½	14½
140	Mason Valley	7	6⅞	7
30	Nevada Con.	17½	17½	17½
110	New Arcadian	2	2	2
5	Nipissing	9	9	9
380	North Butte	30	29⅝	29⅝
10	North Lake	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
185	Old Colony	5	4⅞	5
20	Pond Creek	22¼	22¼	22¼
410	Pond Ck. rights	90c.	85c.	90c.
20	Quincy	70	69	70
50	Ray Con.	18⅞	18½	18⅞
25	Shannon	11⅞	11	11⅞
5	Shattuck	23¼	23¼	23½
100	Superior & Boston	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
25	Tamarack	30¼	29⅝	30
220	Tuolumne	2⅝	2½	2⅝
270	U. S. Smelting	41¼	40⅝	40⅝
44	U. S. Smelting pf.	48¼	48¼	48¼
50	Utah Con.	9	9	9
30	Wolverine	60½	60½	60⅝

RAILROADS.

15	Atchison	102⅛	102¼	102⅛
5	Atchison pf.	100¼	100⅜	100⅛
7	Boston & Albany	205½	205½	205½
285	Boston Elevated	97½	96½	97
1,150	Boston & Maine	66	64	64¾
10	Bost. Pub. Sl. pf.	65	65	65
25	Fitchburg pf.	107	107	107
40	Mass. Elec. pf.	77	76½	76½
169	N. Y., N. H. & H.	115½	115¼	115¼
14	Northern N. H.	120	120	120
3,600	Penna. rights	55c.	54c.	55c.

TELEPHONES.

2,258	American	120½	120¼	120⅝
200	Mexican	3¼	3¼	3½
33	New England	148	146½	146½

MISCELLANEOUS.

70	Am. Agr. Chem.	53½	53	53½
26	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	95½	95¼	95½
60	American Sugar	114	113	113
37	Am. Sugar pf.	114½	114	114
36	Am. Sugar pf.	116½	115½	115½
7	Am. Wool pf.	78¾	78¾	78¾
85	Dominion Coal	277	273	277
8	Ga. Ry. & El. pf.	83¾	83⅜	83⅜
275	General Electric	139⅝	139¼	139⅜
61	Mass. Gas.	89¼	88⅜	88⅜
10	Mass. Gas pf.	92¼	92¼	92½
100	Mergenthaler	218½	218½	218½
10	Mex. Petroleum	64⅝	64⅜	64⅝
2	Pullman	150½	150½	150½
45	Reece Folding	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
10	Rumely	34¼	34¼	34¼
74	Swift	106	105½	105½
118	Torrington	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜
140	United Fruit	163¼	162	163
65	United Shoe Mach.	48¼	48¼	48¼
5,570	U. S. Steel	62¼	61⅜	62
75	U. S. Steel pf.	108½	108	108

BONDS.

$18,000	A. T. & T. col. 4s	87⅞	87¼	87¼
18,300	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4½s, full pd.	103¼	102⅜	102⅜
3,000	C., B. & Q. Jt. 4s	94⅛	94⅜	94½
5,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	99⅝	99¾	99¾
9,000	El. Col. Yarn 5s	99	99	99
4,000	Western Tel. 5s	99½	99¼	99¼

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alaska Gold	13½	13⅝	Houghton

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1913.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales April 18, 1913	235,978
Same day last year	333,174
Total year to date	28,066,873
Same period last year	43,438,053
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	72.68—.33
Same day last year	81.98+.12

	High.	Low.
Range year to date	79.10	70.99
Same period last year	83.36	75.24

	Call Money. High.	Low.	Ren'al.	Sterling Exchange. High.	Low.	Close.
April 18, 1913	3	2½	2½	$4.8640	$4.8630	$4.8635
Same day last year	3	2½	2¾	4.8730	4.8725	4.8730
Range year to date	7	2	..	4.8790	4.8570	....
Same period last y'r	5	1¾	..	4.8760	4.8630	....

Closing Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
3	3½	100	Allis-C. tr.rcts.3d pd.	3½	3½	3½	3½	...
76⅜	76⅞	20,000	Amalgamated Cop.	77⅛	77¼	76½	76⅝	— ⅜
32½	33½	900	Am. Beet Sugar	32⅝	32⅝	32½	32½	— ¼
33½	33⅝	8,000	Am. Can	34⅛	34¼	33⅜	33½	— ⅛
94½	95	1,015	Am. Can pf	95⅞	95¾	94	94⅞	— ½
67⅞	72	200	Am. Cities pf	70¼	70¼	70	70	— ¼
48	48¼	100	Am. Cotton Oil	48	48	48	48	...
25	25½	100	Am. Hide & L. pf	25⅞	25⅞	25⅝	25⅝	— ½
25⅝	26½	200	Am. Ice Securities	26	26	26	26	+ ¼
10	10½	200	Am. Linseed	10	10	10	10	— ¼
33¼	33½	1,000	Am. Locomotive	34	34	33⅝	33⅝	— ¼
68⅜	68½	2,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	68⅝	69	68¼	68⅝	— ⅛
103½	103⅝	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	103½	103½	103⅛	103⅜	— ⅛
84½	85½	153	Am. Smelt. Sec.pf.B.	85	85	85	85	— ½
113⅛	114½	100	Am. Sugar Refining.	113⅛	113⅝	113½	113⅝	— ½
130	130¾	3,150	Am. Teleph. & Tel.	129½	130	129½	130	+ ⅛
234	245	200	Am. Tobacco	235	235	234½	234½	— ⅝
102¾	103½	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	102¾	102¾	102⅝	102⅞	— ⅛
19	23	50	Am. Woolen	19	19	19	19	...
38⅛	38¼	500	Anaconda Cop. Co	38⅛	38⅛	38	38	— ⅛
101⅜	102	1,400	Atch., Top. & S. F.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅜	101⅞	— ⅛
121½	122	200	Atlantic Coast Line	121½	121½	121½	121½	— ½
104⅝	105	400	Baldwin Loco. pf.	104⅞	104⅞	104⅜	104⅜	— ⅜
98⅜	98⅝	4,300	Baltimore & Ohio	99¼	99¼	98¼	98⅜	— 1¼
79	80	300	Baltimore & O. pf.	80	80	80	80	...
33⅞	34	300	Bethlehem Steel	34½	34½	34	34	— ½
70⅝	71	200	Bethlehem Steel pf.	71	71	71	71	— ½
89¾	89⅞	1,800	Brook. Rapid Tran.	90¼	90¼	89⅝	89⅝	— ½
8	8¼	300	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. S.	8	8	8	8	...
43¼	43⅞	8,800	California Petrol'm	43⅜	44⅛	42⅝	42⅝	— 1⅛
74	74⅛	1,200	California Pet. pf.	73	74½	73	74½	+ 1¼
244⅝	244⅞	4,800	Canadian Pacific	244½	244⅞	243⅞	244⅝	— ⅜
24⅝	24⅞	200	Central Leather Co.	25	25	25	25	...
92½	93	200	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	93	93	93	93	...
...	110	5	Cent. & So. Am. Tel.	110	110	110	110	...
66¾	67	7,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	67¼	67½	66¾	66¾	— ⅜
108⅞	109¼	2,200	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	109½	109½	108⅝	108⅝	— 1
138	138½	250	Chi., Mil. & St. P.pf.	138⅞	138⅞	138¼	138¼	+ ¼
132¼	133½	125	Chi. & Northwest'n.	132½	132½	132½	132¾	...
40¼	40½	3,375	Chino Copper	41½	41½	40¼	40⅝	— 1½
32	33	800	Col. Fuel & Iron	34	34	33	33	— 1
112	116	100	Col. & South. 1st pf.	116	116	116	116	...
174	178	200	Corn Products Ref.	175½	175½	175	175	— 3½
112	118½	200	Corrillard pf	113	113	113	113	...
133	134	200	Louis. & Nash.	133½	133½	133	133	— 1
178	183	100	Mercantile Mar. pf.	178	178	178	178	— 1½
63½	65	28,800	Mexican Petroleum	66	66⅝	63⅝	65⅝	+ 2½
94	96	100	Mex. Petroleum pf.	95	95	95	95	...
24⅞	25	300	Miami Copper	25	25	24⅝	24⅞	— ⅛
133	134½	450	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	134½	134½	133	133	— 1⅞
25⅜	26	100	M., K. & T.	26	26	26	26	...
37⅛	37¾	700	Missouri Pacific	38	38	37⅛	37½	— ⅜
117	117	200	Nat. Biscuit Co.	118	118	116½	116½	— ½
92	100	100	Nat. En. & S. Co. pf.	85	85	85	85	+1
17⅝	17½	500	Nev. Consol Copper	17⅝	17⅝	17⅛	17½	— ⅛
69	72	200	N. Y. Air Brake	70	70	69	69	— 4
102⅝	103	2,600	N. Y. Central	103½	103½	102⅝	102⅞	— ⅝
31	31½	200	N. Y. O. & W.	31½	31½	31	31	...
105¾	106½	100	Norfolk & Western	106⅝	106⅝	105⅝	105⅝	— ⅛
115	116	1,700	Northern Pacific	115⅝	115⅝	115	115	— 1⅛
114¾	114⅝	2,500	Penn. Railroad	114½	114½	114¼	114¼	— ¼
94	94⅞	100	P. C., C. & St. L.	94	94	94	94	— 1
19⅞	20¼	200	Pittsburgh Coal	20	20	20	20	...
82	84	200	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	83	83	83	83	...
26	26½	100	Pressed Steel Car	26½	26½	26¼	26½	— ⅛
32	33	100	Ry. Steel Spring	33	33	33	33	— ⅛
18½	18⅝	1,000	Ray Consol. Copper	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18½	— ⅛
164½	164⅝	47,600	Reading	165½	165½	164½	164⅝	— ⅜
91	92	300	Reading 1st pf.	91	91	91	91	...
25	25¼	300	Rep. Iron & Steel	25⅝	25⅝	25	25	— ⅛
21¼	21⅝	3,900	Rock Island Co.	21⅝	21⅝	21⅛	21⅜	— ⅛
36½	36⅝	300	Rock Island Co. pf.	37¼	37¼	36⅝	36⅝	— ½
29½	33¾	1,000	Rumely (M.) Co.	35	35½	34	34	— 1
71	74	500	Rumely (M.) pf.	74	74	73	73	— ½
54	55¼	100	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼	— ⅝
24½	25	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	24½	24½	24½	24½	— ½
48¼	50	5	St. L. & S. F. C. & E. Ill. new stock ctfs.	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾	— ½
18¼	18½	100	Seaboard Air Line.	18½	18½	18½	18½	— ¼
185	187	50	Sears, R'buck & Co.	100⅞	100⅞	99½	100	— 1
100⅜	100½	6,400	Southern Pacific	100⅜	100⅝	99½	100	...
26¼	26¾	500	So. Ry. extended	26⅜	26⅝	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅜
78½	80	500	So. Ry. pf. extended	78⅝	78⅝	78½	78½	— ⅜
37	38	100	Standard Milling	37	37	37	37	— ½
60	62	300	Standard Milling pf.	61½	61½	60	60	—6
27	28	400	Studebaker Co.	29	29	27½	27½	— 1½
35¼	35¾	700	Tennessee Copper	35¾	35¾	35¼	35½	— ½
108	109	100	Texas Co.	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	+ ¾
35¾	35¾	50	Third Avenue	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	— ⅜
152⅞	153	11,900	Union Pacific	153⅜	153⅝	152⅝	152⅞	— ⅝
84⅝	85	200	Union Pacific pf.	85	85	84⅝	84⅝	— ⅜
66⅜	68¾	100	U. S. R. & I. Co.ex d	67¼	67¼	67¼	67¼	—1½
63¾	64	100	U. S. Rubber	64	64	64	64	+ ½
62	62¼	29,000	U. S. Steel	62	62⅜	61¾	62	— ⅝
108	108½	100	U. S. Steel pf.	108¼	108¾	108¼	108¾	...
53¾	54¼	400	Utah Copper	53⅞	54	53¾	54	— ⅛
3	3½	180	Wabash	3½	3½	3½	3½	— ⅛
112	122	300	Wells Fargo Exp.	120	120	120	120	+5
66¼	67¼	100	W. U. Telegraph	66¾	66¾	66¼	66¼	— 1
63⅞	64½	600	Westingh. E. & M.	64	64	64	64	...
117	119	100	Westingh. 1st pf.	119½	119½	118½	118½	+2½
52¼	54	100	Wisconsin Central	53	53	53	53	— ½
93½	94	400	W'worth (F. W.) Co.	94	94	93½	94	— ½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100¼	100⅜
2s, c, 1930	100¼	100⅜
3s, r, 1918	102½	103¼
3s, c, 1918	102½	103¼
4s, r, 1925	113½	114½
4s, c, 1925	113½	114½
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100¼	101

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	140	148
Allis-Chal. pf.	...	⅝
Do pf, 3d paid	7	9
Am Ag C., 52	53⅝	55
Do pf.... 95	95½	96
A B S pf....	84	...
A B S & F 92	93½	...
Do pf.... 130	133	...
Am Cities. 37⅝	40	...
A C & F.. 50	50½	...
Do pf.... 114	115	...
Am Coal.... 70	100	...
A C O pf. 95	100	...
Am C Pr....	92	...
Do pf.... 100	109	...
Am Exp.... 159	162	...
A H & L.. 4¼	4½	...
Am Lin pf. 28½	29¼	...
Am Loc.pf. 103	104	...
Am Malt.. 9⅜	10	...
Do pf.... 83	86	...
Am Snuff.. 170	180	...
Do pf.... 103	105	...
Am St Fds 34	36	...
A S R pf. 115	116½	...
A T & C.. 60½	66	ex div.
A W W pf. 95½	97	...
A Wool pf. 77⅞	79½	...
A W P pf. 28	29	...
Ann Arbor. 50	70	Do pf. 50
Do pf.... 50	80	Assets R. 103
A. T. & S. F. pf....	100¼	Int H Cor. 104
Bald Loc.. 114	116	Do pf.... 112
Batop M.. 1⅜	1½	Int Paper. 9¼
B Un Gas. 129	133	Do pf.... 40
B. R & P. 108	113½	I S P pf. 38
Do pf.... 122	125	Iowa Cent. 8
Buf C. Co.. 27½	28⅝	Do pf.... 22
Canada So. 59	61	Kayser (J) 86
Case (J I) pf....	99¼	Do 1st pf. 103
C C & C....	91	K C. Ft S. pf....
C R R of N J, ex div....	320	350
Chi & Alt. 10	15	Kn Ice, C. pf. 25
Do pf.... 25	40	Kresge(S S) 65
Chi Gt W. 14½	15	Lack Steel. 30½
Do pf.... 30½	32	Lacl Gas.. 99½
C. & L. pf. 50	80	L E & W pf. 23¾
C & N W pf....	185	L-W B 1st pf. 100
Chi. St. P. M & Om. 120	140	Do 2d pf. 90½
Do pf.... 135	150	Lig & M. 220
C. C. C & St L....	50⅜	Do pf.... 113½
Col & So....	85	Long Isl'd. 38
Do 2d pf. 60	70	M'kay Cos. 82
Con Gas.. 132	133½	Do pf.... 67
Corn Carp. 74	84	Man Eleva. 128
Cuba R R pf....	94	Man Elev. 128
Cub-Am S. 20	40	Mex Cent. 100
Do pf....	92	Mex Nat. 4
Del & H. 150	161	M. St P & S S M pf. 142
D. L. & W. 380	390	Do 1 l... 70
D & R G.. 20	22	Mo. K & T
Do pf.... 36½	37½	

	Bid.	Asked.
D M & Ft D....	2½	5
D & Co pf.	97¼	97⅝
Do pf....	100	...
Dist Sec....	16½	17
D. S. S & A. pf....	6	7
Do pf....	12	13½
Du P de N Pow pf....	95	...
Du P de N & H....	114½	116
Erie 1st pf	44½	46½
F M & S..	12	15
Do pf....	34	44
Gen Ch....	178	185
Do pf....	100	107½
Gen Pet pf.	70	77
G & S P.	115	...
H. (G W).	168½	170
Do pf....	109	116
Hav Elec.	...	...
Hav elec., pf.	82⅝	86¼
Do pf, ex div....	93	97
Hock Val....	...	150
Homestake. ex div....	101	107
Inger-R.... Do pf....	100	...
Int Agric.. Do pf....	7½	11½
Int Harv..	105	...
Do pf....	110½	...
Int H Cor.	104	106
Do pf....	112	116
Int Paper. Do pf....	9¼	9¾
I S P pf.	40	41
Iowa Cent.	38	...
Do pf....	8	10
Kayser (J)	86	91½
Do 1st pf.	103	108½
K C. Ft S. & M pf..	70½	73⅝
K & T pf....	68	...
Do pf....	45	74
Kresge(S S)	65	74
Do pf....	98	99
Kn Ice, C. pf.	75	77½
Lack Steel.	30½	40
Lacl Gas..	99½	100¼
L E & W pf.	23¾	30
L-W B 1st pf.	100	103
Do 2d pf.	90½	94½
Lig & M.	220	224
Do pf....	113½	118
Long Isl'd.	38	42
M'kay Cos.	82	86
Do pf....	67	68½
Man Eleva.	1	4
Man Elev.	128	133
M Dep Sts.	71	74
Do pf....	100	103
Mex Mar....	4	4½
Mich Cent.	100	4
M & St L.	18	20
Do pf....	42	45
M St P & S S M pf.	142	145
Do 1 l...	70	80
Mo. K & T	24	25

	Bid.	Asked.
pf. ex d.	60½	61¾
N. C & St L....	138	145
Nat B pf.	117	120
Nat. Enam..	21½	23
Do pf....	82	90
Nat Lead..	49¼	51½
Do pf....	106	108
Nar Rys of M pf.	50½	53
Do 2d pf.	25½	25½
N Cent C.	40	60
N O. M & C. pf....	...	25
N Y, C & St L....	56	58
Do 1st pf.	94	102
Do 2d pf.	80¼	100
N Y Dock....	10	20
Do pf....	30	42
N Y, L & W....	10	12½
Do pf....	23	25
N Y, N H & H..	114½	116
N Y S R....	90½	92
N O T & C. pf....	107	110¾
Light....	72	80
Norf South.	45	50
N & W pf.	84½	86
North Am.	76	78
Ont Min....	2	2¼
Pabst M. pf.	106	110
Pac C. ex div.	80	90
Do 1st pf, ex div..	80	100
Do 2d pf, ex div..	80	100
Pac Mail..	25½	28
P T & T..	35	36
Peo Gas C.	111½	113
Peo & E..	10	15
Pett Mull..	20	26
Do 1st pf.	80	92
Phelps D.	200	210
Phila Co..	86	93
P. C. C & St L pf....	95	105
Pitts St pf.	90	99
P S C pf.	96½	100
Pub S Cor.	115	...
Pull Co....	159½	160
Quicksilver	3½	4½
Do pf....	4	6
R R Sec. C stk cts....	...	85
R S S pf.	95	99
Rdg 2d pf.	90	94
Rep I & S pf....	85½	87
R G M Co pf....	100	110
St. L. & S. F.	15	17

	Bid.	Asked.
St L & S F, C & E Ill ctfs.	...	103
St L S W 30⅔	...	34⅜
Do pf....	70	75
Sears-R pf	...	122½
Seab A L pf....	43½	44
S-S S & I.	31	35
Sul Pf. pf.	90½	96
So P R S.	...	70
Do pf....	...	107½
So Ry. M & O ctfs.	67	77
Studeb pf.	89	93
Texas Pac.	18	19
Third Ave.	102	105
T P L Tr.	91	100
T R & W.	13½	...
T, St L & W....	10	12½
Do pf....	23	25
T C I & R.	105	107½
Do pf....	103½	145
Unit Type..	89½	92
Do pf....	107	110¾
U B & C....	13	5½
Un Bag & P.	33	34
Un Cig M.	46	47½
Do pf....	90½	103
Un Dry G....	...	100
Do pf....	...	103½
U Rys In.	27	28
Do pf....	47	50
U S C I P	13	15
Do pf....	...	33
U S Expr..	104½	00
U S Ind A.	28	45
Do, pf....	87	100
U S R & I. pf....	1	1½
Do pf....	3	6
U S R Ist pf.	...	...
Do pf....	105½	106¾
Do 2d pf.	71	92½
Vand R R.	...	85½
Va-Car C Co....	34	34½
Do pf....	107½	109½
Va I, C & Coke....	48	53
Va R & P.	52	57
Do pf....	93	...
Vulcan D.	195	20
Do pf....	75	80
Wab pf....	10	11
Weym-B..	266	300
Do pf....	112	120
West Md..	40½	40⅝
Do pf....	57½	59
W & L E..	5¾	7
Do 1st pf	19	23
Do 2d pf	12	15
W'worth pf.	111	113

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, 1957	102¼	102⅝	102¼	103
4½s, 1957	102¼	102⅝	102¼	103
4½s, 1957	100½	101½	100½	101½
4½s, 1957	101½	101½	100½	101½
4½s, 1958	101	101	101	101
4½s, 1959	101	101	101	101
4½s, 1960	101	101	101	101
4½s, 1960	101	101	101	101
4½s, 1959	101	101	101	101
4½s, 1958	101	101	101	101
4½s, 1957	101	101	101	101
4½s, 1957	101	101	101	101
4½s, 1957

INSURANCE PROFITS TAXABLE AS INCOME

Mutual Companies Lose Fight in Caucus to Change Tariff Bill Provisions.

POLICY PAYMENTS EXEMPT

Accepting Textual Changes in Bill, Also Reserve Funds—Caucus, In Abide by Framers' Intent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The new income tax provisions of the Underwood Tariff bill were adopted by the Democratic caucus of the House this afternoon, along with the section embracing the administrative features. The income tax section was amended at five points, all dealing with the application of the tax to insurance companies, to make the intent of the proposed law more clear in three respects. These are:

First—The proceeds of life insurance policies paid upon the death of the person insured are not to be included as income, and, therefore, will not be subject to the income tax.

Second—The income tax is to be paid on the dividends paid to policy holders.

Third—The insurance companies are not to pay the income tax on their reserve funds.

The amendments, it was explained by Representative Cordell Hull of Tennessee, were intended to clear up certain portions of the bill which related to the insurance companies, but were wholly phraseological and did not change the intent of the bill as framed by the Ways and Means Committee. Representatives of the insurance companies objected to the language in the bill and insisted that it did not clearly set forth the purposes of the committee. The insurance companies of a mutual character also objected to the payment of the income tax on the dividends paid to policy holders. The Ways and Means Committee decided that there was no good reason why these dividends should be exempt from taxation, and the caucus supported that view. The amendments adopted make clear the purpose of the framers of the income tax section to require all insurance companies to pay the Government 1 per cent. on their net income. It does not allow such companies to deduct from their gross income, for purposes of taxation, the dividends which such companies pay to their policy holders.

The amendment which protects the reserve funds of the insurance companies from taxation, but makes clear the purpose of the committee to tax the dividends, was attached to the bill in four places. In the second section, on Page 146 of the bill, it was provided that the net income to be subjected to the income tax should be ascertained by deducting from the gross income all ordinary and necessary expenses, &c., and in the case of insurance companies the sums other than amounts paid within the year on policy and annuity contracts to policy holders as dividends or as return of premium payments, and, the net addition, if any, required by law to be made within the year to reserve funds."

Reserve Funds Exempt.

Representative Hull, who drafted the income tax section, insisted that the phraseology quoted would allow the insurance companies to deduct from their gross income their reserve funds, but would leave the dividends payable to policy holders taxable. However, to clarify the wording of this part of the law, Mr. Hull agreed to strike out the words above quoted and insert the following:

And in case of insurance companies, the net addition, if any, required by law to be made within the year to reserve funds and the sum, other than dividends, or return of premium payments, paid within the year on policy and annuity contracts.

This transposition of language, it is submitted, makes clear the intent to protect the reserve funds of insurance companies, but does not require payment of the income tax on dividends paid to the policyholders. This same change was also made on pages 148, 152 and 153 of the bill, where the original objectionable language was repeated.

The change with respect to the proceeds of life insurance policies paid after death was made in Section B of the income tax provisions dealing with the incomes of individuals, where the bill provided that the tax should be assessed on income, "including the income from but not the value of property acquired by bequest, devise, or descent, and also the proceeds of life insurance policies paid upon the death of the person insured."

It was argued by those who objected to this language that it would result in the taxation of life insurance policy proceeds paid upon the death of the person insured.

Members of the committee argued that a fair reading of this language showed that it was the purpose to tax, not the proceeds of life insurance policies, but such income as might be derived from the investment of such proceeds. However, to leave no doubt as to the matter, this phrase was amended so as to include payment of the tax on income, including the "income from but not the value of property acquired by bequest, devise or descent, provided the proceeds of life insurance policies paid upon the death of the person insured shall not be included as income."

This amendment was offered by Mr. Lobeck of Nebraska, and was adopted almost unanimously.

Other Amendments Defeated.

All other amendments to the income tax section were defeated. Various attempts to lower the amount of the incomes of individuals to be exempt from taxation were tried without avail. Representative Thatcher thought the tax should be paid by everybody having incomes of $1,000 and over. Representative Hobson proposed to make the limit $3,000, and Representative Sherley of Kentucky tried to reduce the limit from $4,000 to $2,400.

Mr. Sherley argued that, with all incomes under $4,000 exempt, too small a minority of the people of the country would be reached by the tax. By lowering the exemption limit, he said, more persons participating in this new form of direct taxation would become interested in the fiscal affairs of the Government and this, he thought, would ultimately put a check on Government extravagance. These amendments were all rejected.

Mr. Sherley also offered an amendment proposing to increase the surtax on incomes of individuals over $100,000 to 5 per cent. instead of 3 per cent. as proposed. This amendment was also beaten.

The caucus will take up to-morrow the final section of the bill, which contains paragraphs dealing with the proposed plan for reciprocal expansion of trade and commerce with foreign nations, the Philippine tariff, countervailing duties, marking of goods, discriminating duties, and imports in American vessels.

Raw silk and crude rubber, two items held over from the free list yesterday for further discussion, were retained in that schedule, attempts to make them dutiable having failed.

The constitutionality of the income tax, it became apparent to-day, was to be the principal subject of debate when its discussion began in earnest in Congress. Several members plan to attack it on the ground that it is unconstitutional. The committee is ready to contend that there is no ground for apprehension on that score.

Chairman Simmons of the Senate Finance Committee returned to Washington to-day and has called another meeting to-morrow of the Democratic members of the committee to further study of the Tariff bill.

It is anticipated that the bill will be completed in caucus by to-morrow evening or Monday and brought up in the House on Wednesday. Its passage by the House is expected by May 5.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

Wheat closed near the top prices of the session and showed net advances of ½ to ⅝c. Corn trading was not influenced by the favorable crop news, and final sales showed net advances of ⅛ to ⅜c. Oats moved in sympathy with the other cereals, showing net gains of ¼ to ⅜c. Cotton became extremely weak and unsettled, closing from 11 to 20 points net lower.

WHEAT.

The wheat market was dominated yesterday by bullish foreign news and further unfavorable reports from Kansas, including, in addition to dry weather talk, complaints of injury from chinch bugs and Hessian fly. Of these two influences, the strength of the Liverpool and Paris markets was the more important, as the trade was a little skeptical about the alleged adverse conditions in Kansas following so soon after recent very flattering advices from that State. The advance of ¾ to ⅞d at Liverpool reflected light supplies and the fact that most of the Argentine shipments of 5,864,000 bushels went to the Continent. Continued wet weather in France accounted for the advance of 1¼ to 1½c at Paris, in responding to this news, domestic markets were firm practically all day, closing ½ to ⅝c net higher and close to top point of the session. It was said, however, that on the bulge quite a line of wheat was sold by a number of commission houses on the idea that the bullish Kansas reports were exaggerated and that the export business did not bear out the alleged urgent needs of the English consumer. Only about half a dozen loads were reported up to the close, and Boston wires said bids were quite out of line in that market. With the exception of Kansas, crop and weather news continued to be of the same promising character as on previous days of the week, and The Modern Miller report was bearish. In the Northwest and Canada seeding was said to have become quite general. Spring wheat receipts were light, and Minneapolis again reported a good cash demand, while the Winnipeg market showed leading strength all day notwithstanding the very favorable weather outlook. The cash market here was somewhat irregular, No. 2 red being quoted $1.14½, nominal, elevator, and $1.16, nominal, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.00⅝, free on board, afloat, opening navigation.

WHEAT—FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Last Year.
New York—					
May.....	99⅛	98⅜	98⅜	98 3-16	1.15⅛
July.....	97⅞	97⅛	97⅞	97⅛	1.13½
September	96 3-16	95¾	96⅝	95⅞	..
New York Bonded—					
May.....	..	..	1.01¼	1.00⅝	..
July.....	1.01¼	1.01¼	1.01¼	1.00⅝	..
Chicago—					
May.....	91⅞	91¼	91⅝	91	1.13⅞
July.....	90½	90⅛	90⅝	89⅞	1.08½
September	89½	89	89⅝	88⅞	1.04⅝

CORN.

The weather news was ignored by corn, and prices had an upward trend most of the day until checked near the close by a little realizing, which depressed the list about ¼c, leaving final prices ⅛@⅜c above the previous night. The movement continued small, and farmers showed little disposition to sell their corn, preferring to take advantage of present fine weather to push field work. All of the interior cash markets reflected this general firmness. Liverpool was rather quiet, closing unchanged to ½c net higher. Export corn in the local market was quoted at 63½c, free on board, afloat.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Last Year.
May.....	.56	55⅝	55⅞	55½	78
July.....	.56¾	56⅜	56⅝	55⅝	74½
September	.57⅛	56⅝	56⅞	56⅝	74⅝

OATS.

Ignoring favorable crop news again the oats market was generally firm all day, with other grains closing ¼ to ⅜c net higher. According to the Modern Miller, the crop is nearly safe sowed. This was in line with private advices, which said that crop prospects were good, except possibly a smaller acreage in the flooded area. Cash oats in New York were steady, closing as follows: Standard white, 39½ to 40c nominal; No. 3, 38½ to 39c; No. 4, 37½ to 38c; natural white, 37 to 40c; white clipped, 37½ to 41c, all track.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Last Year.
May.....	35⅜	35	35⅛	34⅝	38½
July.....	34⅞	34⅜	34½	34¼	54⅛
September..	34½	34⅛	34¼	34	43⅜

PROVISIONS.

Some heavy buying of lard by commission houses, together with receipts of only 46,000 hogs at the West and a strong market for live hogs, caused sharp advances in the provision list yesterday. There was very little reaction at any time, final prices being almost the best point of the day. Receipts at Chicago were 10,000 hogs, with an estimate of 7,000 on Saturday.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Last Year.
Lard—					
May.....	$11.20	$11.07	$11.17	$10.97	$10.17½
July.....	11.10	11.00	11.12	10.95	10.40
Ribs—					
May.....	11.45	11.37	11.45	11.30	9.87½
July.....	11.22	11.12	11.20	11.05	10.10
Pork—					
May.....	19.87	19.75	19.85	19.60	18.10
July.....	20.05	19.82	20.00	19.75	18.47½

COTTON.

After a comparatively quiet morning the cotton market became extremely weak and unsettled yesterday, with almost all positions marking new low ground for the movement, under renewed old-crop liquidation and more or less general selling. The close was barely steady, and from 11 to 20 points net lower.

The market opened steady, at unchanged price to a decline of 2 points, which was about in line with the cables, and fluctuated within a range of 5 points during the morning. Selling on the favorable weather reports was restricted by nervousness over the old-crop situation, but the absence of any important demand for either July or July suggested that the scattering short interest had been pretty well covered on the advance of the two preceding days, and when a few near months selling orders appeared in the hands of leading spot brokers, offerings became general. Bearish week-end figures, reports of increased spot offerings from New Orleans, and predictions that the straddle long interest in the near months here might after all liquidate their contracts instead of taking up cotton for shipment to Liverpool, seemed to render the selling more aggressive. At any rate, May contracts broke to 11.72, or about 20 points under the high level of the morning, and while there was enough covering to check the decline, closing prices were within a point or two of the lowest.

It seems to be a more or less general opinion that owners of the local stock have sold May contracts against it. This stock amounts to a little over 200,000 bales. It is supposed that opposed to this short interest is a foreign long interest which has accumulated against sales in Liverpool at differences ranging from 95 up to 150 points or more. The question is whether this straddle long interest, or other longs, will maintain their position and accept deliveries, or whether they will attempt to liquidate before the first notice day. Arguments pro and con have occupied a good deal of attention in the trade for the past day or two, and meanwhile the scattering interest in the old-crop position has doubtless been considerably reduced. Spinners' takings for the week proved smaller than expected, and the decrease in the world's visible supply of American cotton was smaller than for the same week last year. Southern spot markets were unchanged to ⅛c lower.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 15 points lower, at 12.25 for middling upland; sales, 1,000 bales.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
April.....	11.98	11.97	11.75@11.80	11.94
May.....	11.98	11.72	11.74@11.75	11.49
June.....	..	..	11.75@11.77	11.90
July.....	11.91	11.71	11.74@11.75	11.89
August.....	11.75	11.58	11.59@11.60	11.76
September.....	11.47	11.40	11.38@11.40	11.50
October.....	11.44	11.31	11.32@11.33	11.44
December.....	11.47	11.34	11.36@11.37	11.47
January.....	11.43	11.30	11.30@11.31	11.42
March.....	..	..	11.34@11.36	11.47

COTTONSEED OIL.

Unusual activity and new high records marked the operations in cottonseed oil yesterday. In addition to active covering there was a large outside demand based on the continued strength of lard and the firmness of crude. The offerings were so light that this buying made a strong impression on the early market, although subsequent trading revealed a slightly easier feeling as a result of considerable profit taking by room traders. The undertone of the market was a little unsettled at the close, but leading traders still regarded the situation as bullish. Total sales for the day amounted to 29,000 barrels.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot.....	7.12	7.07	7.07@7.15	7.03
April.....	7.12	7.07	7.08@7.12	7.02
May.....	7.12	7.07	7.06@7.07	7.00
June.....	7.10	7.10	7.09@7.11	7.08
July.....	7.17	7.10	7.11@7.12	7.08
August.....	7.21	7.14	7.14@7.15	7.12
September.....	7.23	7.15	7.15@7.16	7.12
October.....	6.97	6.93	6.90@6.95	6.90
November.....	6.76	6.72	6.70@6.73	6.66

COFFEE.

Coffee opened 1 to 2 points up, with small offerings, and ruled generally steady, at one time showing a gain of 8 to 10 points. The close was 10 points higher for April and 2 to 5 points higher for other positions. Total sales, 43,250 bags.

Havre met an early decline of ¾@1f, which at the close was reduced to ⅛@¾f. Hamburg closed ⅝@1 pfennig down. Rio advanced 150 reis, and Santos was 100@150 reis higher. The cost and freight market was also firm. Sales were reported of about 6,000 bags of Victoria 7s and 8s at 10¼c. Spot coffee steady, 11¼c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
April.....	..	..	10.72@10.75	10.62
May.....	10.82	10.75	10.77@10.78	10.72
June.....	..	..	10.88@10.89	10.82
July.....	11.00	11.00	11.01@11.02	10.98
August.....	..	..	11.12@11.14	11.10
September.....	11.31	11.23	11.24@11.25	11.2
October.....	..	..	11.24@11.25	11.22
November.....	..	..	11.24@11.25	11.22
December.....	11.30	11.23	11.25@11.26	11.22
January.....	11.24	11.24	11.24@11.25	11.22
February.....	..	..	11.26@11.27	11.22
March.....	11.33	11.25	11.27@11.28	11.23

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, 36¼c; firsts, 35½@36c; seconds, 34½@35c; thirds, 33@34c; State dairy, finest, 35@36c; good to prime, 33@34c; common to fair, 29@32c; process, extras, 31¼@32c; firsts, 30@31c; seconds, 27@28c; imitation creamery, firsts, 30@31c; factory, current make, firsts, 28½@29c; seconds, 27½@28c; thirds, 24@25c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 25½@26c; No. 3, 23@24½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, held, colored, specials, 16¾@17¼c; white, 16¾@17c; colored, average fancy, 16@16½c; white, 16@16½c; lower grades, 12@15½c; fresh, colored, specials, 12¾@13c; white, 12¾@13c; colored average fancy, 12@12¼c; white, 12@12½c; undergrades, 11¼@11½c; dairies, held, best, 16@17c; Wisconsin, whole milk, twins, held, 14@16c; State, skims, held, specials, 12@13c; fair to choice, 9½@11c; fresh, specials, 9@10c; skims, fresh, choice, 7½@8¼c; skims, poor to fair, 5@7c; State, full skims and badly defective, 1@4c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 21c; storage packed, firsts, 19½@20½c; regular packed, firsts, Northerly sections, 18½@19c; Southerly sections, 18@18½c; seconds, 17½@18c; thirds, 17@17½c; dirties, No. 1, 16¾@17½c; No. 2, 15½@16¼c; checks, prime, 16@16½c; undergrades, 14@15½c.

Baltimore, fancy, 26c; Virginia, good to fine, 23@25c; Western and prime Southern, 22@24c; undergrade, Southern, 19@20c; goose eggs, 40@50c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, good to large size, fine lab., 22@23c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, whites, defective in size or color, 20½@21½c; State, Western, mixed whites, 20@20½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery, mixed colors, 21c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 19@20c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—The following are current wholesale market prices for Western beef cuts in New York City: Ribs, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 14c; No. 3, 12½c; loins, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 14c; No. 3, 12½c; rounds, No. 1, 13c; No. 2, 12c; No. 3, 11c; chuck, No. 1, 12½c; No. 2, 12½c; No. 3, 11c.

SUGAR.—The market for refined sugar was inactive, but prices were held firmly on a basis of $4.20 for fine granulated. The London beet sugar market was steady, with fair trading. April was quoted at 9s 9d, May at 9s 9¾d, and August at 10s ¾d. The local raw sugar market was firm. Spot prices were $3.36 for centrifugal, $2.86 for muscovado, and $2.61 for molasses sugar.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—The molasses market was steady, and good trade was reported in foreign and grades. Syrups were inactive, offerings were small, and prices steady. Quotations were unchanged.

RICE.—There was only quiet local trade in the rice market, but there was better demand reported in the South. Prices were steady. Quotations were unchanged.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Prices were advanced on some popular grades of flour because of the continued strength in wheat. Business was mostly of a jobbing nature, as dealers were unwilling to meet higher prices because of favorable crop reports.

Quotations: Spring patents, $4.55@$4.85; Winter straights, $4.00@$4.70; Winter patents, $4.80@$5.20; Spring clears, $4.10@$4.25; extra No. 1 Winter, $3.90@$4.20; extra No. 2 Winter, $3.80@$3.90; Kansas straights, $4.20 @$4.30; fancy Spring patents, $4.50@$4.80.

RYE FLOUR—Quoted: Fair to good, $3.50@ $3.80; choice to fancy, $3.85@$3.95. CORNMEAL—Quoted: Kiln dried, $3.30. BAGMEAL —Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.35; coarse, $1.25@$1.30. FEED—Quoted: Western Spring, $20.25; standard middling, $20.25; flour, $26.50; Red Dog, $28; bran, $26 bulk, $21.50 sacks; middlings, $24.50@$28; Red Dog, $29; oilmeal, $27.50@$28.

OILS.—Refined petroleum and linseed oil were steady and unchanged.

NAVAL STORES.—The turpentine market was firm at unchanged prices, but offerings were small owing to reports of firmer markets in the South. Resin and tar were quiet and unchanged.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The following is the forecast for Saturday and Sunday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Fair Saturday; cooler at night. Sunday fair; moderate west winds.

South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; light variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair Saturday; cooler in northern portion. Sunday fair; light to moderate south winds.

Western Texas—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

Utah—Local rains Saturday. Sunday probably fair, with rising temperature.

Oklahoma—Fair and cooler Saturday. Sunday unsettled.

Arkansas, Tennessee, and Kentucky—Fair and cooler Saturday. Sunday fair.

Ohio—Fair and cooler Saturday. Sunday probably fair; brisk west and northwest winds.

Indiana and Lower Michigan—Fair and cooler Saturday. Sunday probably fair; moderate north winds.

Illinois—Fair and cooler Saturday. Sunday fair; moderate north winds.

Upper Michigan and Wisconsin—Fair Saturday. Sunday probably fair, with rising temperature; light to moderate variable winds.

Minnesota—Fair Saturday. Sunday unsettled, probably showers in west portion; light to moderate variable winds.

Iowa—Fair Saturday. Sunday unsettled, probably followed by showers.

Missouri—Fair and cooler Saturday. Sunday probably fair.

North and South Dakota and Nebraska—Increasing cloudiness Saturday, probably followed by showers Saturday night or on Sunday.

Kansas—Fair in east, cloudy in west portion Saturday; cooler. Sunday unsettled.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Tax Upheld on Safety Razor Frames, Fig Candy, and Desiccated Milk.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday overruled a protest by R. F. Lang of New York against the classification under the act of 1909 of safety razors minus blades, returned at specific rates provided in Paragraph 152 for handles and unfinished razors. The importer asserted that the articles should come in at 45 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 190, as manufactures of metal.

Fentini & Latoraco and the Lauritano Brothers Company objected to an assessment of 1 cent a pound and 35 per cent. ad valorem on baked figs stuffed with almonds under the present law as sweetmeats, asking lower rates under Paragraph 275, as figs, or 20 per cent. ad valorem as unenumerated manufactured articles. Both claims were overruled.

The board also rejected a protest by W. A. Brown & Co. and S. Gumport of New York on merchandise described as separated milk powder, returned at 2 cents a pound under Paragraph 248, act of 1909, as preserved or condensed milk. One of several claims for a reduction was for entry at 2 cents a gallon under Paragraph 247, as fresh milk.

AMERICA USES MOST SUGAR.

Per Capita Consumption of Sweets 40 Pounds, Statistics Show.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The average per capita consumption of sugar in this country is almost forty pounds, according to statistics compiled by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. The report shows that in Great Britain the per capita consumption is about 43 pounds, but this is attributed to the large amount of sugar used in fruit canning and preserving for export.

About one-fifth of the world's sugar is used in this country. In 1909 and 1910 Americans consumed 3,285,771 tons, while the United Kingdom was second with 1,707,956 tons, Russia following with 1,199,389 tons, and Germany fourth with 1,116,315.

In 1909-10 the United States and its possessions produced 1,232,015 of a world total of 8,294,334 tons of cane sugar. In the six years from 1904 to 1910 the European production of beet sugar increased 8.6 per cent., while that of this country increased 113 per cent., although its total was still less than one-tenth that of Europe.

IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

Pennsylvania Labor Bill.

Competitors of Pennsylvania silk mills expect to be benefited by the child and female labor law just passed by the lower house of that State. The bill fixes the minimum age for child labor at fourteen, and the hours of female labor at nine. Under the present law the Pennsylvania manufacturers are able to work all their operatives sixty hours a week.

⁂

Saving by Importation.

Despite the high tariff, there are some things which can be imported in retail quantities at considerably lower cost than they are purchassable here. A case in point was the buying of a pair of water-tight wading stockings, such as are used by nearly all stream fishermen. After a 45 per cent. duty had been paid at this end, they cost the New York purchaser $7.98, postage from London included. The same stockings sell here at $9 and higher.

⁂

Not Afraid of Free Clothing.

Local manufacturing clothiers showed little interest yesterday in the attempt of some members of the House to put clothing on the free list. Should this be done, they said, the strongest competition would doubtless come from England, but as styles in that country do not suit the average American no anxiety was felt. The high-class tailoring trade would be hit, however.

⁂

White Hosiery Leads Demand.

Most hosiery mills are more than half sold up for Fall deliveries, which is unusual for this season. Southern business is particularly good. Popular numbers of boys' goods for prompt delivery are scarce. The chief demand in the primary and jobbing markets is for staple colors. The call for men's and women's white goods cannot be supplied.

⁂

Underwear Market Strong.

Mill agents report Spring and Summer underwear deliveries backward, and are pressed by requests to push goods through. In spite of tariff agitation they say their market is now stronger than for some time. In the primary market for heavy goods mills are entirely sold up and are preparing for next Spring. Their advance Fall selling was over normal, and substantial re-orders are coming.

⁂

Strikes Hinder Cordage Shipments.

Jobbers of cordage and rope report manufacturers behind in orders, owing to strikes. Rope is quiet because manila and sisal hemps are high. All lines are advancing except cotton goods, which are declining, directly affected by tariff uncertainty. Threats that certain mills will close are discredited. The trade would have no trouble adjusting itself to new tariff rates.

⁂

Cocoanuts Still on Free List.

Positive assurance was given yesterday to L. Schepp & Co., manufacturers of shredded cocoanut, by Congressman James P. Maher of Brooklyn, that cocoanuts would be permitted to remain on the free list, and no further attempt would be made in Congress to have the proposed duty of 1 cent a pound imposed. Mr. Schepp has led the fight of American manufacturers against the proposed duty on the ground that a duty would put an end to the industry in this country.

⁂

Printcloths Fairly Active.

Fair activity marked yesterday in the printcloth market here, though trading was uneven and false rumors regarding prices were prevalent. Some 38½-inch, 64-60s, moved at 4⅞ cents, some 38½-inch, 60-52s, sold at 4½ cents, and a few 38½-inch, 60-48s, were disposed of at 4¼ cents. The day's quotations follow:

27-inch, 56-52s	3c	38½-inch, 64-60s	4⅞c
27-inch, 56-56s	3 3-16c	38½-inch, 64-64s	5 1-16c
27-inch, 64-60s	3 7-16c	39-inch, 68-72s	5½c
28-inch, 64-60s	3¾c	39-inch, 72-76s	5¾c
28-inch, 64-64s	4c	39-inch, 80-80s	7c

Brown sheetings, Southern standard, 8@ 8¼c; brown sheetings, 4-yard, 56-60s, 6¼c; denims, 9-ounce, 14@17c; tickings, 8-ounce, 18½c; standard prints, 5½c, and standard staple ginghams, 6¾c.

DRY GOODS MOVEMENTS.

Warm Weather Braces Trade—Revival in Flood Territory.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 18.—Marshall Field & Co. in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, to be issued tomorrow, say:

"Warm weather, especially in the North Central States, has started a good volume of mail orders on seasonable lines. Representatives returning from the Southwest report very favorable merchandising conditions in that section, and retailers say that the outlook for a good business year in Texas was never more promising.

"Since our report of last week more merchants have been in from the territory that is tributated by the flooded district, but there was better demand reported in the South. Prices were steady. Quotations were unchanged.

"Re-orders on printed drapery fabrics and paper hangings in combination indicate an exceptionally good business among the increasing number of mercchants who are featuring these lines. The better grade of printed window voiles and chintzes seem to be in special favor.

"Shipments have been heavy on such lines as kid gloves, muslin underwear, laces, and embroideries, and ready-to-wear garments."

RUSSIAN SALT PRICES UP.

Higher Rates Followed Organization of Syndicate-Millers.

For several generations the salt derived as a natural sediment from the large and numerous salt lakes and marshes fringing the shores of the Black and Azof Seas, and also those in the vast depression at the north of the Caspian Sea, formed a very important factor in the industries and commerce of the Odessa consular district. According to Consul John H. Grout, the Russian Government at first levied a gobelle, or excise tax, on the trade, which brought in a heavy revenue. Toward the close of the reign of Alexander II., however, the tax was abolished, and this gave a great stimulus to the salt gathering industry, which soon nearly doubled in volume.

The industry which centred at Odessa, however, soon experienced trouble. The great fortunes amassed attracted considerable attention, and from time to time there were open attempts to form syndicates, or even one single combine, for the purpose of raising prices and reaping large profits—with the idea, in fact, of collecting from the consumer allthe State had relinquished. Eventually one such syndicate was formed at Eupatoria and gained great wealth. At the same time another and quite unforeseen construction to the development of the lake-salt industry appeared. This was the discovery of the immense underground field of rock salt in the Backmut region, which soon began to be worked. The syndicate obtained control of this rock-salt mining, and for some time there was no real competition in trade. The serious attention of the Government was attracted, however, and the syndicate was finally dissolved.

The present price of fine-ground salt at Odessa ranges from 8½ to 9 cents a pood, (36 pounds,) delivered into railway trucks, and even these figures are much higher than those which existed before the formation of the syndicate. It is said that the salt millers get too much profit from charging 1¼ to 2½ cents a pood for grinding, as rough crystal salt can be had at 6½ to 7½ cents a pood. The salt dealers in the Odessa district are now suceding hard to obtain railroad rates that will enable them to undersell rock salt in Poland and Western Russia and that obtained from boiling down brine pumped up from the layers under ground.

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Regarding the present condition of trade, Dun's Review says:

While the principal industries and trades are still experiencing some abatement of activity as a result of the recent floods in the West and the conservatism produced by the pending tariff readjustment, there is apparently no fundamental or permanent change in the situation. The reduction in the Bank of England rate of discount to 4½ per cent., the financial improvement in Germany, and the easier tendency of money in our own markets are among the most favorable developments of the week. Moreover, Winter wheat conditions are all that could be desired, foreshadowing a very large yield, and while seeding of Spring wheat has been somewhat delayed by the recent wet weather, cotton planting is progressing favorably. These influences the improved monetary situation and the encouraging crop outlook—account for the feeling of confidence which generally prevails in mercantile circles in spite of the reduction in current consumptive demands.

Bradstreet's says:

Better weather, excellent Winter-wheat crop reports, renewed activity by farmers, resumption of operations in the flooded districts of the Central West, and a more reassuring outlook in the lower Mississippi Valley are the leading favorable features of the week. Over against this must be set the increased prominence of tariff discussion, particularly as regards the textile industries in the Eastern States of the country, and the continuance of a degree of stringency in money, despite more evidences of easing, both at home and abroad. On balance, the situation presents a fairly favorable position, because the displacement of cold, wet weather by sunshine and warmth has made for more active retail trade at most points. Jobbing trade for immediate Spring and Summer months is still fairly active, and the arrival of seasonable weather makes for enlargement of activities in a myriad of lines connected with production and consumption.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The Foreign Novelty House has been organized for importing linen and cotton fabrics for women's garment trades. The New York office is at 126 West Twenty-second Street.

The total stock of sugar in Europe and America is 3,819,351 tons, according to Willett & Gray, against 2,559,826 tons last year at the same thereof dates. Total stocks and afloats together show a visible supply of 3,960,351 tons.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 18.—New companies incorporated to-day included:

Stull-MacCallum-Wilcoxen Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, dry goods and commission; $60,000. Eugene S. Stull, James MacCallum, Lloyd T. Wilcoxon, all of 71 Franklin Street, New York.

Capitol Development Company, Incorporated, of Brooklyn, realty; $10,000. Anthony Shimko, John Rudolf, John Shimko, 280 Sackman Street, Brooklyn.

Van Alstyne Farms, Incorporated, of Syracuse, general farming; $10,000. James M. Andrews, Frank L. Andrews, Harold B. Andrews, 1,114 East Genesee Street, Syracuse, N. Y.

Amherst Gas Company, Incorporated, of Buffalo, heat and power; $100,000. Arthur E. Hedstrom, James Murphy, Harry B. Hurley, Williamsville.

Empire State Hardwood Lumber Company, Incorporated, of Buffalo, lumber and timber; $10,000. Lewis A. Ackley, Louis Huber, Frederick W. Marquard, 84 Pine Street, New York.

Towne & Wade Grape Company, Incorporated, of Silver Creek, growing fruits; $50,000. George E. Towne, Bertha J. Towne, Arthur C. Wade, Jamestown.

J. W. Inman Company, Inc., of Schuylerville, hardware and supplies; $16,000. George Inman, Eva E. Inman, John W. Inman, Schuylerville.

Wood-Kennedy Finance Company, Incorporated, of Rochester, bonds, and mortgages; $50,000. William H. Kennedy, George A. Wood, John C. Price, 95 Maryland Street, Rochester.

J. M. Voith Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, machinery and tools; $100,000. Frederick Voith, Esther Voith, H. F. Greenleer, 200 Fifth Avenue Building, New York.

Glen Laundry Company, Incorporated, of Glens Falls; $20,000. Milo J. Gray, Howard C. Gray, Melvin R. Bullock, all of Glens Falls.

New York Business Buildings Corporation of Manhattan, construction and realty; $62,500. Henry H. Pierce, Edward H. F. Green, Edwin Hawley Van Wyck, 115 Broadway, New York.

D. Wolkoff Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, jewelry; $15,000. Herman B. Grossman, Daniel Wolkoff, Morris Durst, 119 East 116th Street, New York.

General Waterproofing Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, waterproofing and excavating; $16,000. Jerome W. Jackson, Gertrude M. Caffall, Samuel F. Frank, 41 Park Row, New York.

Fire and Sword Corporation of Manhattan, fuses and ammunition; $1,000. Frank Jurney, William A. Cooper, Harold N. Whitehouse, 143 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Erhard Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, musical instruments; $10,000. Samuel J. Bloomingdale, Hiram J. Bloomingdale, Irving I. Bloomingdale, all of 155 East Fiftyninth Street, New York.

Nelson-Greater Realty Corporation of Manhattan; $10,000. Thomas Nelson, Jr., Henry H. Booth, William Forster, 59 Wall Street, New York.

William Leslie French, Incorporated, of Manhattan, experts in handwriting; $10,000. William Leslie French, Stephen J. Leonard, Albert C. Travis, 52 William Street, New York.

The following foreign corporation was authorized to do business in New York:

Dan Talmage's Sons Company of Jersey City, growing cereals, milling, and manufacturing; $100,000. Dan Talmage, 112 Water Street, New York.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

The Daily Consular and Trade Report notes the following trade opportunities. Further information regarding them may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, care of the Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

10,788. AGENCIES WANTED—AMERICAN GOODS.—A firm of commission agents in a European country desires to represent American manufacturers of the following articles: Paraffin, phosphates of ammonia, glues, and special goods for the manufacture of velveteen, hardware, turpentine, acetate of lead, chemicals in general, raw cotton in bales, upper leather, glazed kid glove and patent leather, silk ribbons and socks, hams, lard, casings, motor cars and accessories, wooden staves, handkerchiefs, paper for newspapers, metals for making umbrellas, &c. This firm also desires to get in touch with importers of raw sheepskins, vegetable tanned sheepskins, olive oil, grapes, wines, and cork.

10,789. LIGHTING AND ENGINEERING EQUIPMENT.—An exporting firm in the United Kingdom would like to represent in British India firms in the United States in general lighting and engineering lines.

10,790. CEMENT MACHINERY.—A business man in Italy desires to represent on that market American manufacturers of cement machinery, particularly that used in cement factories, such as pulverizers, mixers, and machinery adapted for packing cement in sacks, all to be of the most modern improved types. References can be furnished, and correspondence should be in French, Italian, German, or English, the first three preferred.

10,791. ELECTRICAL GOODS AND GASOLINE LIGHTING APPLIANCES.—A foreign business firm has requested an American Consulate to put it in communication with American manufacturers of electrical goods and gasoline lighting appliances.

10,792. PROVISIONS AND OTHER SUPPLIES FOR FOREIGN GOVERNMENT.—An American Consulate General has forwarded a copy of a request for bids for the furnishing provisions and other supplies monthly to the War Department of a foreign Government. Cash will be paid for all supplies upon delivery at designated seaports. The supplies include rice, mess pork, mess beef, pigs' feet, stockfish, cod

CHURCH SERVICES TO-MORROW

Baptist.

CALVARY BAPTIST, West 57th St.—11, Dr. White, "Fidelity to the Fathers." 8—"The Voice of God." Calvary Grand Choir; Bowman, Cond.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d and Amsterdam, Dr. Goodchild, Pastor.
11—"The Need of Patience."
8—"A Dead Man's Power."
Everybody welcome.

Collegiate Baptist Church of the Covenant, West 33d St., between 8th and 9th Ave., Dr. Oscar Haywood, Pastor. Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 4 West 46th St.,
REV. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, D. D., Pastor.
9:40 A. M., Bible School Session.
Young Women's Class: Mrs. Merrett, Leader. Young Men's Class: Dr. Addison Moore, Leader.
11 A. M. & 8 P. M. PUBLIC WORSHIP.
SERMONS BY REV. HENRY M. SANDERS, D. D.

HOPE CHURCH, Broadway, 104th St., Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY, Pastor.—11. "Some Great Sayings of Jesus." 8, "Following Him."

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AV., COR. 31ST ST.
C. A. EATON, D.D., PASTOR.
will preach Sunday at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Union Bible Class, 9:45. F. W. Hagar, Leader.

MEMORIAL BAPTIST, Washington Square. EDWARD JUDSON, Pastor, will preach. 11—City Mission Sermon. "The Romance of the Mustard Seed." Luke, 13:19. And it grew and became a great tree. 8—"Parable of the Dragnet," Matt., 13:48. They sat down and gathered the good into vessels, but the bad they cast away.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH, 5th Av., near 126th St.,
J. HERMAN RANDALL, PASTOR.
Morning Lecture, 10 o'clock, Hon. A. Prendergast. Morning Service, 11 o'clock, subject "The Confidence of Faith." Evening Service, 8 o'clock, subject "Thomas Cranmer"—Great Leader Series.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av.—Rev. Harold Pattison, D. D., preaches 11 A. M., "The Mellowing Years"; 8 P. M., "Drifting to the Leeward."

Brooklyn.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange St., Newell Dwight Hillis, Pastor.—Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Morning subject: "The Naturalness and Beauty of the Christian Life." Evening subject: "Tendencies Toward Racial Degeneration: What Our Experts on Eugenics Say About the Causes of the Apparent Deterioration of the American Physique."

Christian Science.

Services Are Held in the Following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church, Central Park West and 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church, 125th Street and Madison Ave.
Fourth Church, 600 West 181st Street.
Fifth Church, Madison Avenue and 38th St.
Sixth Church, Park Avenue and 61st Street.

Church of the New Jerusalem

New York Society of the New Church, (Swedenborgian.)

NEW CHURCH,
THIRTY-FIFTH ST., BETWEEN PARK AND LEXINGTON AVENUES.
REV. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor.
Rev. J. Paul Dresser, Associate Minister.
Sunday School, 10 A. M. Service, 11 A. M.
THE PASTOR WILL PREACH.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th Street.
Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor, preaches 11 A. M. at 8 P. M., Special Musical Service, a scene from Mendelssohn's "Elijah." Wednesday, 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

Disciples of Christ (Christian.)

CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 West 81st St.
Rev. JAMES M. PHILPUTT, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M., Pastor will preach; 8 P. M., Rev. Walter M. Houshalter of East Orange.

Ethical Culture.

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE, Founded 1876.
Meeting House, Central Park West and 64th St. 11 A. M.—Miss JULIA LATHROP, Speaker. Subject: "The Duty of the Nation to the Children."

Jewish.

FREE SYNAGOGUE,
CARNEGIE HALL. Sunday at 11
RABBI NATHAN KRASS, D. D., will speak on "VICTORY OVER THE LAW."
ALL ARE WELCOME.

TEMPLE BETH-EL,
FIFTH AV. AND 76TH STREET.
REV. DR. SAMUEL SCHULMAN
SUNDAY MORNING AT ELEVEN,
"IS THERE A PLACE FOR HOLINESS IN MODERN LIFE?"

TEMPLE EMANU-EL,
5th Av. and 43d St.
Saturday, 10:30, sermon by Dr. Silverman. "Preparation for Passover." Sunday, 4 P. M. sermon by Dr. Enelow. "The Passing and the Permanent in Judaism." All are welcome.

Lutheran.

CHURCH OF THE ATONEMENT, Broadway and 93d St. Wm. M. Horn, Pastor. Services 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 73d, Dr. Remensnyder.—Services, 11 and 8.

Methodist Episcopal.

BEDFORD STREET, Corner Morton.—11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M., Rev. George W. Downs, Pastor. Welcome.

MADISON AV. M. E. CHURCH, Corner 60th Street,
Rev. Wallace MacMullen, D. D., Pastor.
Preaching Morning & Evening by the Pastor. Wed. Eve. Prayer Meeting led by Dr. MacMullen.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH, West End Av. and 86th St.
C. L. GOODELL, D. D., PASTOR,
will preach at 11 and 8.

New Thought.

DR. JULIA SETON SEARS,
Founder of the New Thought Church and School, (Church of the New Civilization,) will conduct the regular services of the church at the Republic Theatre, 42d St., near Broadway, to-morrow morning at 11:15. Subject: "MAN'S INCREASING VISION." Special Music. All are invited.

MARY ETHERIDGE CHAPIN,
The World's Greatest Teacher,
Berkeley Theatre, 44th St. & 5th Ave.
Sundays, 11 A. M. Delightful musical program. Subject: "Health of Religion."

NEW THOUGHT CHURCH,
32 West 43d St. F. W. Sears speaks 11 A. M. Finest Pipe Organ in the World.
Organ Recital and Sacred Concert 10:30 A. M. Free seats. YOU are invited.

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 5 West 58th St. Sunday, 11 A. M.: Thursday, 8 P. M. Speaker, W. Ellis Williams. Public invited.

UNITY SOCIETY, 305 Madison Av.
Mrs. Sorhia Yan Marter speaks. Subject: "THE CONSTRUCTIVE POWER OF JOY."
Sunday, 8 P. M., 305 Madison Av.
Monday, 3 P. M., 8 East 37th St.

VILLA FAULKNER PAGE.
Sundays, 3:30. Professional Woman's League, 1,999 Broadway. Subject, April 20: "SELF-HEALING."
Good music. Public invited.

Presbyterian.

BROADWAY
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
114th St. and Broadway.
Rev. WALTER D. BUCHANAN, D. D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 8.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, WEST 57TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. Afternoon subject: "COMPLEX AND CONTRADICTORY CHARACTER."
9:45 A. M.—Young Men's Bible Study Club.
3:15 P. M.—Sabbath School.
Devotional Service Wednesday at 8 P. M.
ALL WELCOME.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Fifth Av. and Fifty-fifth St.
Preacher to-morrow.
THE REV. J. H. JOWETT, D. D.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
The midweek service in the Chapel on Wednesday at 8:15 P. M. will be conducted by Dr. Jowett.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West 22nd Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Work preaches morning and evening.

LABOR TEMPLE,
14th St. and 2d Av.
JONATHAN C. DAY, D. D., Supt.
Sunday afternoon-evening programme. Bible School, 4 Pictures; 5, Lecture on "Indian Music" by Miss Florence Haubiel Pratt; 8, Preaching Service.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON SQUARE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 24th Street.
Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D., Assistant Minister.
The Pastor will preach at 11 A. M. Mr. Montgomery 8 P. M.

Presbyterian.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av., 11th to 12th St.
Rev. Dr. HOWARD DUFFIELD, Pastor.
11 A. M.—"The Goal of Life."
8 P. M.—"The First Church."

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 73d St.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by the Rev. CHAS. ALEXANDER RICHMOND, D. D., President of Union College.

THE BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Av. and Thirty-seventh St.
Ministers: { Frank Latimer Janeway.
Mr. Janeway will preach at 11 and 4 o'clock. Bible School and Classes, 9:45 A. M. Midweek Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M. Noon Service Every Week Day, 12:30-12:50.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Avenue, between 120th and 122d Streets, at eleven o'clock. Preacher, the Rev. Prof. G. A. Johnston Ross, M. A. The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Cor. 10th St. (one block west from B'way.)
GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor.—Public worsulp to-morrow 11 A. M., 8 P. M. The Pastor will preach. Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Amsterdam Avenue at 105th St.
Rev. A. Edwin Keigwin, D. D., the pastor, will preach at 11:00 A. M.; at 8:00 P. M. illustrated lecture, "In Darkest America," by Col. Damon, Salvation Army; Wednesday, 8:00 P. M., Dr. Fagnani speaks.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. ANSON P. ATTERBURY, D.D., } Pastors
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D.D., }
Dr. ATTERBURY preaches at 11 A. M.
Dr. EVANS at 8 P. M.

PREACHING SERVICES AT THE NEW CHURCH HOUSE, 603 W. 178TH ST.
The Rev. WILLIAM W. COE, D. D.,
WILL PREACH AT 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M.

Brooklyn.

LAFAYETTE AVENUE, Brooklyn, cor. So. Oxford, (three sq. from Atlantic Av. Subway Sta.) Rev. CHARLES CARROLL ALBERTSON, Minister. Services, 10:30 and 7:45.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Av. and 111th St.
Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
8:00 A. M.—Holy Communion.
10:00 A. M.—Morning Prayer.
11:00 A. M.—Preacher, Dean Grosvenor.
4:00 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Richard P. Henshaw.
4:30 P. M.—Daily Evensong; choral, except on Monday and Saturday.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH, West End Av. and 81st St., Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.—Holy Communion, 8 A. M.; Morning Prayer and Sermon by the Rector, 11 A. M.; Choral Evensong, 4 P. M. Strangers Welcome.

ALL SOULS', (Anthon Memorial,) St. Nicholas Av., 114th St.—Rev. G. STARKWEATHER PRATT, Rector. Services, 8, 11, and 8.

CALVARY CHURCH,
4th Av. and 21st St.
The Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.
Holy Communion, 8, 10:15; Morning Prayer, Litany, and Sermon, 11; Organ Recital, 7:30; Evening Service, 8.

CHRIST CHURCH, Broadway and 71st St., G. A. Strong, Rector.—8 A. M., 11 A. M., Rev. Stanley Brown-Serman; 8 P. M., Rev. H. St. G. Burrill.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 139 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector—Low masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9; solemn mass and sermon, (Rector,) 10:45. Evensong and sermon at 4.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11 A. M.—Morning Service and Sermon, Dr. Grant, Subject: "The White Man's Burden."
4 P. M.—Mendelssohn's "Elijah."
8 P. M.—Addresses, Lorsun, Inc., Speaker, Mr. Julius Henry Cohen. Subject: "A Constructive Programme for the Organization of a Whole Industry."
9 P. M.—Discussion, Parish House, 12 West 11th St.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST, 551 5th Av. Rev. Herbert Shipman, Rector. Services, 8, 11 A. M., 4 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION, 6th Av. and 20th St.,
REV. HENRY MOTTET, D. D., RECTOR.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Service and Sermon, (Rector.)
12 M.—Holy Communion.
3:15 P. M.—French Service, (Rev. P. Griglio.)
3:30 P. M.—Children's Service, (Rev. R. Foote.)
8 P. M.—Service and Sermon, (Rev. M. K. Bailey.)

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, MADISON AV. AND 35TH ST.
REV. H. C. ROBBINS, RECTOR.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer, Sermon, (Rector.)
4 P. M.—Evening Prayer, Address, (Rector.)

CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, 11th St. west of 7th Av.
John Brooks Leavitt, Esq., will speak at 8 P. M. on "Should the Name of the Protestant Episcopal Church Be Changed?" All are cordially invited.

CHURCH of the TRANSFIGURATION, 1 E. 29, GEORGE CLARKE HOUGHTON, Rector.—Communions, 7, 8, 9 o'clock. MARTIN'S MASS and SERMON, 10:30.) EVENSONG, 4 o'clock. SERVICES DAILY at 7, 9, & 5 P. M.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY, 334 West 57th St.
Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L.
Holy Communion ..... 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer: Preacher, The Rector. 11 A. M.
Evensong: Preacher, Rev. Dr. Rushton. 8 P. M.

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 45 Est 27e Rue. Services religieux le dimanche a 10½ h. et 8h. Rev. Wittmeyer, Recteur.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St. Dr. SLATTERY, Rector, 8; and 11 (Rector); 4 (Rev. Mr. Bachman); 8 (Rev. Mr. Edwards.)

ST ANDREW'S, 5TH AV. AND 127TH ST. Rev. GEORGE R. VAN DE WATER, D. D., Rector, will preach at 11 A. M. on "IS PEACE WAR?"
At 8 P. M. twenty-fifth anniversary of this parish chapter of St. Andrew's Brotherhood. Speakers: Mr. EDWARD W. KIERNAN, and Rev. JAMES L. LASHER.
All Brotherhood men cordially invited.

ST. ANN'S CHURCH,
140th St. and St. Ann's Av.
Rev. W. Bertrand Stevens, Rector.
CHURCH SOCIAL WEEK.
Holy Communion 8; Holy Communion 11, (Rector,) Service and Sermon 8, (Archdeacon Pott.)

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Madison Av. at 44th St.,
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, the Rector.
4 P. M.—Preacher, the Rector.
Special Music, "The Resurrection," Stanford.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 71st St.
Holy Communion, 8; Sunday Schools, 9:45.
Morning Service, 11, (BISHOP COURTNEY.) Afternoon Service, 4, (REV. MR. CAREY.)

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE,
Tenth St. and Second Av.,
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
10:30 A. M.—Special Musical Service.
11:00 A. M.—Divine Service, with sermon by the Rector.
4:00 P. M.—Abridged Evening Prayer, with five-minute address by the Rector, followed by University Extension lecture.
8:00 P. M.—"The Socialist Pulpit," followed by Forum. The Rev. Irwin Tucker, Minister.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
Fifth Av. and 53d St.,
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Morning Service and Sermon.
4—Evensong and Address.

TRINITY CHURCH

SUNDAY SERVICES:
7:00, 7:30 A. M., HOLY COMMUNION.
10:15 A. M., MORNING PRAYER.
11:00 A. M., LITANY, SERMON AND HOLY COMMUNION.
3:30 P. M., EVENSONG AND SERMON.
8 P. M., MISSION SERVICE AND SERMON.
WEEK-DAY SERVICES:
7:30, 9 A. M.; 3 P. M.
SHORT SERVICE FOR BUSINESS PEOPLE DAILY (EXCEPT SATURDAY) AT 12 M.
CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.

TRINITY CHAPEL,
West 25th St., off B'way, at Madison Square.

WEEK DAYS, 7:30 and 9 A. M., 4 P. M.
SUNDAYS, 8 A. M., Holy Communion; 11 A. M., Holy Communion, (Sermon;) 8 P. M., Evensong (Choral) and Sermon.

Reformed.

FORT WASHINGTON REFORMED CHURCH,
Fort Washington Avenue and 181st St.
Rev. A. J. Muste at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St.—Rev. J. R. Duryea, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services 11 and 8 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM, Lenox Av. and 123d St.,
Rev. Edgar Tilton, Jr., D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—Preaching by Rev. Robert K. Wick.
8 P. M.—Preaching by Dr. Tilton.

Protestant Episcopal.

MADISON AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH,
Madison Avenue, corner of 57th Street.
11 A. M.—RUSSELL H. CONWELL.
8 P. M.—REV. FDCK. F. SHANNON, D. D.

SOUTH CHURCH, Park Av. & 85th St., Rev. THOMAS REED BRIDGES, D. D., Minister.
MANOR CHURCH, 348 West 28th St.
Rev. JAMES PALMER, Ph. D., Minister.
Divine service at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. at both churches.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Morning: "The Lord of the Harvest." Evening: "The Folly of the Wanton Life."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Quartet accompanied by Harp and Violin.
Adult Bible Classes at 9:45 A. M.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. At 4:30 P. M., subject: "The Lord's Song in a Strange Land." Choir assisted by Mr. Hans Kronold, 'cellist.

Reformed Episcopal.

FIRST REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Madison Av. and 55th St., W. D. Stevens, D. D., rector. Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 East 15th St., Manhattan, and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Theosophy.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY LECTURE, BERKELEY THEATRE,
44th St., near 5th Av.
Sunday evening, 8:15.
"MYTHS AND THEIR MEANING."
BY L. W. ROGERS.
Admission Free.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, 253 West 72d St.—Public lecture Sunday evening at 8:15. Subject: "The New Testament," by T. R. Prater.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS', (Unitarian,) 20th St. and 4th Av., Rev. SOMADER SLICER, Pastor.
Rev. OSCAR B. HAWES, Associate Pastor. Unitarian Church, Germantown, Penn., will preach. Services at 11 A. M. All cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH (Unitarian.) Park Avenue and 34th Street.
JOHN HAYNES HOLMES, MINISTER.
11 A. M., Morning Service, Mr. HOLMES will preach. Subject: "THE SOCIAL EVIL: (1) WHAT IS IT? (2) WHAT ARE WE GOING TO DO ABOUT IT?" All Welcome.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH, Corner 121st Street. Services at 11 o'clock. Prof. William Wallace Fenn, D. D., of Harvard Divinity School, Cambridge, Mass.

Brooklyn.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian,) Pierrepont and Monroe Place, Brooklyn, 3 blocks from Borough Hall Subway Station. Rev. John H. Lathrop. Service at 11.

Universalist.

The Church of the Divine Paternity, Central Park West and 76th St.
Rev. FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M.: "MARK TWAIN—Humorous Pessimist."

Y. M. C. A.

DAYTON FLOOD.
23d St. Y. M. C. A., near 7th Av., at 4.
ILLUSTRATED LECTURE.
HENRY D. DICKSON, an Eye-Witness.

DR BOOKER T. WASHINGTON,
Negro Progress in the South."
West Side Y. M. C. A., 57th St. and 8th Av., 4 o'clock. Music by the Orpheus Male Quartet.

Other Services.

BAHAI CONVENTION.
General meeting Sunday, April 27, 3:30 o'clock, Berkeley Lyceum, 19 West 44th St. All welcome.

DEBATE: SINGLE TAX VS. SOCIALISM. Chairman, Rev. John Haynes Holmes, N. Y. College of Music, 130 East 58th, 8 P. M. Admission, 10 cents.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 44th St. and 8th Av., Rev. A. B. Simpson, Pastor.—Sunday, April 20, 10:30 A. M., Rev. A. B. Simpson. 8 P. M., Rev. J. Gregory Mantle.

SPANISH EVANGELICAL CHURCH, 24th St. and Madison Av., 24th St. entrance. Rev. Samuel F. Gordiano, M. A., Pastor. Sundays, 3; Thursdays, 8 P. M. Spanish students welcome.

SPIRITUAL AND ETHICAL SOCIETY, 142 West 125th St.—Mrs. Helen Temple Brigham, inspirational speaker, morning and evening. Evening theme: "The World's Unrest."

TWENTIETH ANNIVERSARY
THE RESCUE SOCIETY.
MIDNIGHT MISSION
(OLD CHINESE THEATRE,)
5-7 DOYERS STREET.
MONDAY, APRIL 21, TO SATURDAY, APRIL 26,
EVERY NIGHT AT 9:30 P. M
REMARKABLE PROGRAMME OF PROMINENT CLERGYMEN.
HEAR THAT MILITANT BROTHERHOOD.
THOMAS J. NOONAN, Supt.

VEDANTA: SWAMI BODHANANDA, 135 West 80th St.—3 P. M., God-Intoxicated Atheists. Tuesday evening, Gita.

SCHOOLS.

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All languages taught by native teachers.
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Waltz, two-step, barn dance, aesthetische and fancy dances, all guaranteed in five private and four class lessons for $5; lessons any hour, day or evening, without appointment, with music.
TURKEY TROT, TANGO, ONE-STEP, BOSTON TAUGHT QUICKLY. PRIVATE LESSONS.
SEND FOR LARGE FREE BOOKLET.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW York County.—GEORGE C. VAN TUYL, Jr., as Superintendent of Banks of the State of the New Stoppani, Plaintiff, against CHARLES M. SCHWAB, John J. Cudahy, Thomas Alexander, Roy S. Alley, as administrator with the will annexed of the estate of A. J. Campbell, deceased; Julius Alsberg, Charles A. Austin, Levester G. Ball, David Homer Bates, Irby Bennett, Henry A. Bingham, Mamie G. Blakemore, George Brenner, Henry L. Bulkley, Edward R. Buhler, Robert W. Bunten, Anson W. Burchard, Angie E. Brown, Henry M. Bolton, Francis X. Butler, George H. Cachoene, Bertha T. Calm, William G. Cruse, George W. Cane, John H. Carpenter, James E. B. Carpenter, "Arthur" B. Chandler, the name "Arthur" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Albert E. Chandler, Ernest L. A. Christianson, Martin J. Condon, George M. Courts, Thomas James Coulter, Rose A. Cowen, George D. Crabbs, "Henry" H. Craver, the name "Henry" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Nutty; Thomas O'Connor, Bernard F. O'Neil, "Frederick" B. H. Paine, the name "Frederick" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Noyes Palmer, as trustee of the estate of H. M. Palmer, deceased; John M. Parker, Herman Paull, William K. Phillips, Phoenix Insurance Co., Walter H. Pike, Edward L'Estrange Phipps, John B. Ransom, Joseph L. Regan, Joseph B. Reichmann, Joseph G. Robin, George Herbert Risley, Robert S. Rettew, George T. Rogers, Jacob Rupert, Philip Ruxton, Warren L. Samson, John J. Schmitt, Schwarzchild & Sulsberger Co., Charles M. Sclsm, Louis Seligsberg, John M. Shaw, John G. G. Shope, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Guernsey Curran, Derby Crandall, James Dangerfield, Clarence A. Dawley, Charles Courter Dickinson, Jr.; William D. Du Bois, Pauline Horn Drew, Edgar C. Ely, George A. Farnham, Gladstone Fessenden, "John" F. Fetter, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Frank Foley, Marian L. Fugate, "Robert" K. Gilbert, the name "Robert" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Frank D. Gheen, "William" E. Goldsborough, the name "William" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; James H. Griffith, Mary W. F. Griffith, Eustice A. Hall, James B. Haines, Jr.; Edith P. Halstead, John T. Harper, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Frieda Hart, John Hetterman, Phillip S. Henry, Burton D. Herron, Wilfred Hunt, Irene S. Hunter, "William" T. James, the name "William" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Edgar Jones, Sarah F. Kalbfleisch, Elsie F. Kerby, Walter C. Kerr, Marquis L. Keyes, Charles S. Krom, Edward D. W. Langley, William M. Laws, James D. Layng, James W. Leonard, Jefferson Livingston, Michael J. Lynam, "John" P. Makley, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; "Charles" W. McLester, the name "Charles" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; John Mitchell, Charles Arthur Moore, Jr., Robert B. Moorhead, Frank R. Mowrer, George R. Nutty, Bernard F. O'Neil, Noyes Palmer, as trustee of the estate of H. M. Palmer, deceased; John M. Parker, William K. Phillips, Phoenix Insurance Co., Walter H. Pike, Edward L'Estrange Phipps, John B. Ransom, Joseph G. Reichmann, George Herbert Risley, Robert S. Rettew, Warren L. Samson, John M. Shaw, Barrett Smith, Harvey D. Smith, George Rodney Smith, John J. Spalding, Stamford Trust Company, as trustee for Helen G. Archibald under the will of Samuel Fessenden, deceased; Stamford Trust Company, as trustee for Content Fessenden, under the will of Samuel Fessenden, deceased; "David" Cliffe Stone, the name "David" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Beverly R. Robinson, as Trustee in bankruptcy of Van Schaick & Co., a copartnership composed of John B. Schaick and Derby Crandall; Elmer Warner, Edithe C. Watson, Aaron Weil, "Benjamin" F. Williams, the name "Benjamin" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Sarah F. Kalbfleisch, Elsie F. Kerby, Walter C. Kerr, Marquis L. Keyes, Charles S. Krom, Edward D. W. Langley, William M. Laws, James D. Layng, James W. Leonard, Jefferson Livingston, Michael J. Lynam, "John" P. Makley, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; "Charles" W. McLester, the name "Charles" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; John Mitchell, Charles Arthur Moore, Jr., Robert B. Moorhead, Frank R. Mowrer, George R. Nutty, Bernard F. O'Neil, Noyes Palmer, as trustee of the estate of H. M. Palmer, deceased; John M. Parker, William K. Phillips, Phoenix Insurance Co., Walter H. Pike, Edward L'Estrange Phipps, John B. Ransom, Joseph G. Reichmann, George Herbert Risley, Robert S. Rettew, Warren L. Samson, John M. Shaw, Barrett Smith, Harvey D. Smith, George Rodney Smith, John J. Spalding, "Stephen" Speyer, "Edward" L. Stahlman, the name "Edward" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Stamford Trust Company, as Trustee for Helen G. Archibald under the will of Samuel Fessenden, deceased; Stamford Trust Company, as Trustee for Content Fessenden, under the will of Samuel Fessenden, deceased; "David" Cliffe Stone, the name "David" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Beverly R. Robinson, as Trustee in bankruptcy of Van Schaick & Co., a copartnership composed of John B. Schaick and Derby Crandall; Elmer Warner, Edithe C. Watson, Aaron Weil, "Benjamin" F. Williams, the name "Benjamin" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Edgar S. Wyman, "John" C. Ziegler, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; George S. Krom, Thomas A. Ennis and Charles F. Stoppani, copartners, doing business under the firm name of Ennis & Stoppani; Lindsay Russell, as Receiver and Trustee in bankruptcy of Ennis & Stoppani; "Edward" L. Renhold, the name "Edward" being fictitious, the Christian name being unknown to plaintiff.

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Leonard A. Glegerich, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 7th day of March, 1913, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 7th day of March, 1913.

Dated New York, March 7th, 1913.
FRANK M. PATTERSON,
Attorney for the Plaintiff, office and Post Office address, 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.
Notice is hereby given that it is the intention of the Corporation Counsel of the City of New York, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 4 of the Laws of 1891 and the several statutes amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, to make application to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part III thereof, to be held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 21st day of April, 1913, at the opening of court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, for the appointment of three disinterested freeholders, residents of the Borough of The Bronx in the City and State of New York and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Park Avenue distant seventy-six and fifty-six one-hundredths (76.56) feet southerly from the southerly side of East 138th Street, said point being the intersection of the easterly side of Park Avenue and the southerly side of East 138th Street; running thence southerly along the easterly side of Park Avenue one hundred and seventy-seven and one-hundredths (77.95) feet; thence easterly parallel or nearly so with the southerly side of East 138th Street one hundred and twenty-nine and five one-hundredths (129.05) feet to a point on the westerly side of Canal Street West distant one hundred and forty-nine and five one-hundredths (149.05) feet southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Canal Street West and the southerly side of East 138th Street; thence northerly along the westerly side of Canal Street West seventy-four and ninety one-hundredths (74.90) feet; thence westerly parallel or nearly so with the southerly side of East 138th Street one hundred and seven and seven one-hundredths (107.07) feet to the point or place of beginning.

A fuller statement setting forth the location and boundaries of the said lands and parcels of said land and the rights, franchises, easements or privileges sought to be taken or affected thereto and a brief statement as to the title, interest, rights, easements, terms or privileges sought to be acquired by the City of New York in this proceeding in, or pertaining to said lands or parcels of land is shown upon each of three similar maps or plans adopted by the Public Service Commission for the First District of the State of New York on the 11th day of March, 1913, and on the memorandum accompanying said maps and plans and attached thereto, and which maps or plans with the said memorandum accompanying the same and attached thereto, together with a certificate of the approval and adoption thereof by the Public Service Commission for the First District of the State of New York, signed by the members of said Public Service Commission approving and adopting the same were filed as follows:

One in the Department of Public Works, in the office of the President of the Borough of The Bronx, on the 12th day of March, 1913; one in the office of the Register of the County of New York on the 2nd day of April, 1913, and a certified copy of one of said maps or plans with the memorandum accomp

Jam St, May 2, 1912; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 176 Broadway.....$100
SAME PROPERTY; Rudolph Wallach Co to Terrain Realty Co, 95 Liberty St, April 15; same attorney $100
GREENWICH AV, w s, 151.10 ft n of Charles St, 21x73.3; Vienna Pressed Yeast Co. to Fleischmann Co., 689 Washington St, April 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1
LEXINGTON AV, 1,012, w s, 17x80; David Winters to David L. Durra, 1,012 Lexington Av, Nov. 8, 1912; attorneys, Spiro & W., 149 Nassau St.....$100
LEXINGTON AV, w s, 17x80; Lexington Av, 1,074, w s, 17x80; Bessie, wife of Thomas P. Fitzgerald, to Muckion Holding Co., 1,074 Lexington Av, (mtg $25,000,) April 11; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St.$100
PARK AV, w s, 16.5 ft s of 40th St, 16.5x80; Jennie P. Forbes to Emery L. Ferris, 600 West 144th St, (mtg $22,500,) April 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1
RIDGE ST, 87, w s, runs w 75 x n 25 x w 50.7 x s 51 x e 125.7 to street x n 25 to beginning; Supreme Ridge Realty Corporation to Ambrose H. Rosenthal, 1,701 Pitkin Av, Brooklyn, all liens, April 15; attorney, Samuel Chugerman, 189 Montague St, Brooklyn $1
ST. NICHOLAS AV, n w corner of 190th St, 97x120; Dakota Realty Co. to 190th St. Holding Co., Inc., 35 Nassau St., (mtg $72,000,) all liens, April 17; attorney, Charles H. Friedrich, 35 Nassau St.....$100
THOMPSON ST., 152-4, e s, 48.11x98.10; Amos F. Eno to Citizens Investing Co., 226 Lafayette St., March 31; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1
25TH ST, 250 and 252 West, s s, 50x98.9; Philip Levy to Henry Harburger, 1,980 7th Av, ½ part; Florence Cohen, 325 Central Park West, ½ part, and Sarah Schlosser, 158 East 60th St, ½ part, (mtg $47,000,) April 17; attorneys, Myers & S., 299 Broadway $100
122D ST, 109 West, n s, 19x100.11; Charles Mayne to Charles A. Williams, (mtg $10,000,) June 1, 1908; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway..$100
SAME PROPERTY; Charles A. Williams to Edna H. Brady, June 1, 1908; same attorney $100
SAME PROPERTY; Edna B. Havey to Anna C. Kelly, East Orange, N. J., (mtg $10,000,) April 16; same attorney.....$100
SAME PROPERTY; Caroline Mayne to same, quitclaim, April 16; same attorney....$100
130TH ST, 25 East, n s, 16x99.11; Clara Auler and others to Harry A. Grant, 154 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, (mtg $8,000,) all liens, April 14; attorney, Thomas Hooker, 309 Broadway $100
131ST ST, s s, 430 ft e of 7th Av, 20x99.11; William R. Rose to Rebecca Schwabach, 690 West 113th St, C. A. G., all liens, April 16; attorneys, Weed., H. & M., 62 William St $1
122D ST, 10 East, s s, 25x99.11; Eva Segelbohm to Hannah Ostrow, 948 Kelly St, all liens, April 17; attorney, S. N. Tuckerman, 320 Broadway $1
123D ST, 32 West, s s, 25x99.11; James C. Thomas to Millie Schwarz, 1,044 Findlay Av, (mtg $20,700,) April 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100
134TH ST, 51 East, n s, 25x99.11; Isaac Sakolski to Fisher Levine, all title, Oct. 4, 1909; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$100
SAME PROPERTY; Fisher Levine to Kate Blank, 997 Union Av, B. & S., April 8; attorney, same.....$100
SAME PROPERTY; Kate Blank to Kenton Realty Co., 135 Broadway, (mtg $11,000,) B. & S., April 9; attorney, same.....$100
142D ST, 231 West, n s, 25x99.11, (foreclosure April 15) James A. Lynch, referee, to William W. Johnson, 612 North Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y., and others, trustees of Alvin J. Johnson, for benefit of Minnie A. Worth, April 16; attorneys, Merrill & R., 100 Broadway $8,400
3D AV, 794, w s, 20x80; David and Rose Winters to David L. Durra, 1,012 Lexington Av, Nov. 8, 1912; attorneys, Spiro & W., 149 Nassau St.....$100

Bronx.

COLLEGE AV, s e corner of Cottage St, —x—; Mott Haven Co. to St. Rita's Roman Catholic Church, 446 College Av, April 17; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av. and 148th St $1
COURTLANDT AV, 843, s w corner of 160th St, 23.6x97.7; James C. Thomas to Millie Schwarz, 1,044 Findlay Av, (mtg $8,500,) April 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $100
CROTONA AV, s w corner of 176th St, 49x100; Checchina Carucci to Fanny Jarmulowsky, 27 East 95th St, (mtg $50,000,) Feb. 24; attorney, B. Alexander, 165 Broadway.$1
DE KALB AV, w s, 25 ft s of 212th St, 25x100; John B. Lawrence to W. G. Crockett, South Norwalk, Conn., Dec. 8, 1912; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $1
ELDER AV, w s, 103.11 ft n of Westchester Av, 40x100; Winnie Co. to Minnie F. Nealy, 1,170 Clay Av, April 16, (mtg $20,000,) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 176 Broadway $100
FLEETWOOD AV, w s, 400 ft s of 183d St, 50x100; Oscar B. Thomas, referee, to Dalton Parmly, Oceanic, N. J., Nov. 21, 1912; attorney, M. J. White, Mount Vernon, N. Y. $4,650
GARRISON AV, s s, 75 ft e of Bryant Av, 50x100; Matilda Lowy to Lawrence Davis, 370 Hudson Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $5,500,) March 4; attorney, Charles H. Freidrich, 35 Nassau St. $1
JEFFERSON AV, s e corner of Jones Av, 25x100; Annie J. Murphy and another to John Roache, 238 East 123d St, quitclaim, April 16; attorney, J. J. Flood, 149 Broadway $1
LONGFELLOW AV, w s, 100 ft n of 172d St, 50x100; Samuel Strasbourger, referee, to William R. Rose, 309 West 81st St, April 3; attorneys, Rose & P., 128 Broadway $3,500
LONGFELLOW AV, w s, 150 ft n of 172d St, 50x100; same to same, April 3; attorneys, same $3,500
LONGFELLOW AV, w s, 200 ft n of 172d St, 50x100; same to same, April 3; attorneys, same $3,300
LOTS 13 and 14, Block 14, Section 1, of Bathgate estate; Gustav Killenberg to Clara Killenberg, 1,379 Taylor Av, March 22, (mtg $1,000;) attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av $100
LOTS 12 and 13, map of Pugsley estate; Garvey Brothers Co to Annie Demmerle, 1,554 Bryant Av, April 17, (mtg $1,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $100
LOTS 3 to 7, 82 to 85, map of Lobbaus Park; August Buhrmeister to Sarah Wiseman, 371 Convent Av, quitclaim, April 11.$1
LOT 2, Parcel 2, map of Knickerbocker Trust Co.; Ira Webster Realty Co. to Daniel Ryan to George B. Cobb and another, 225 West 46th St, quitclaim, April 11; attorney, D. F. O'Brien, 1,482 Broadway $600
MORRIS AV, s s, 87 ft n of 183d St, 18.9x117.6; Sophia W. Dauchy to 912 Tiffany St. Corporation, 49 Wall St, April 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co, 160 Broadway.
MORRIS AV, e s, 115.9 ft n of 183d St, 18.9x117.6; Mary A. Duer and others, executors, to same, April 15; attorney, same....$8,000
MORRIS AV, e s, 97 ft n of 183d St, 37.6x117.6; 912 Tiffany St. Corporation to Steinmetz Construction Co., 1,416 Glover St, April 18; attorney, same $100
NELSON AV, n s, 50 ft w of Bland Av, 50x100; Land Co. I. of Edenwald to Margaret A. Hatrick, 3,528 Reservoir Av, April 11; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av $1
OLMSTEAD AV, s w corner of Blackrock Av, 33x100; Blackrock Av, s s, 100 ft w of Olmstead Av, 25x108; Blackrock Av, s s, 150 ft w of Olmstead Av, 50x108; Olmstead Av, w s, 83 ft s of Blackrock Av, 25x100; Gustav Killenberg to Clara Killenberg, 1,379 Taylor Av, March 22, (mtg $18,000;) attorney, H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker St.....$100
PROSPECT AV, 1,322, e s, 37.6x100; Millie Schwarz to Ella A. Thomas, 89 West 134th St, April 15, (mtg $33,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100
ROSELLE ST, w s, 145.4 ft n of Silver St, 25x147.1, Lavilla M. Murphy to Janette F. Stauder, 1,517 Roselle St, (mtg $2,200,) April 19; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 166 Broadway $100
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w corner of 173d St, 155.5x—; Ekin Holding Co. to Trask Building Co., 1,718 Southern Boulevard, April 16; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St $100
ST. MARY'S AV, s e corner of Central Av, 25x100; Marcus Rosenthal to Henry F. Kranz, 145 Bleecker St, Brooklyn, (mtg $375,) April 16.....$100
TIFFANY ST, 912, e s, 50x110; Steinmetz Construction Co. to 912 Tiffany Street Corporation, 49 Wall St, (mtg $42,000,) April 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1
TINTON AV, e s, 162.5 ft n of 163d St, 72.11x192.2; Hyman Peskin to Annie Alkoff, 987 Union Av, April 15; attorney, A. Cohen, 13 Park Row $1
TINTON AV, e s, 85.5 ft n of 163d St, 72.11x192.10; Annie Alkoff to Jacob Peskin, 604 East 160th St, April 15; attorney, A. Cohen, 13 Park Row.....$1
VALENTINE AV, w s, 199.5 ft s of 180th St, 25x90.7; Christina Peters to Henry R. Stelling, 2,057 Valentine Av, (mtg $5,750;) April 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $100
VILLA AV, 3,095, w s, 19x136.9; Rovella Realty Co. to Filomeno Isernio, 3,095 Villa Av, April 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100
178TH ST, s s, 50 ft w of Davidson Av, 16.6, 50; Billiken Realty Co. to Viola B. Welsker, 32 West 184th St, April 17, (mtg $5,500; attorney, William R. Osborn, 165 Broadway.$1
1487 ST, s w corner of Richardson Av, 100 x 209; 241st St, n e corner of Bronx Boulevard, 50x100; Ellsworth J. Healy, referee, to Aurelia L. Leubuscher, 5 West 124th St, (mtg $9,300,) April 17; attorney, F. C. Leubuscher, 258 Broadway.....$2,000

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVE. C, 107-109, w s, 39.4x63; Harris Schonseit to Moses Goodman, 592 West 113th St, April 18, prior mtg $61,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Moses Goodman, 287 Broadway $5,000
EAST BROADWAY, 295, n s, 27, irregular to Division St; Rudolph Wallach Company to Terrace Realty Company, 95 Liberty St, April 15, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway $20,000
MADISON AV, s w corner of 48th St, 100.5x 74.9; Ritz Chambers Co to Charles Welsberg, 171 West 71st St, April 18, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lachman & G., 32 Nassau St $25,000
MITCHELL PL, n s, 18 ft e of 1st Av, 18x80.10; Grace Meyer to James A. Shephard, 883 Stone Av, Brooklyn, prior mtg $1,000, due July 31, 1913, 6 p. c., April 18; attorney, G. H. Hyde, 41 Park Row.....$450
THOMPSON ST., 152 to 154, e s, 48.11x98.10; Citizens Investing Company to Amos F. Eno, 32 5th Av., April 17, 1 year; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway.....$35,000
3D AV, 715 and 717, e s, 37.1x80; Terrence J. Lynch, devisee to Myron Straus, 6 Storm Av, Arverne, L. I., April 17, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. H. Cragg, 44 Court, Brooklyn $1,000
6TH AV, s e corner of 47th St, 70x22; Thomas J. Goodwin to John H. Hindley, 131 West 75th St, April 17, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..$105,000
15TH ST, s w s, 100 ft s e of 3d Av, 22x103.3; Daniel Schmidt to F. William Heide, 98 West 94th St, April 18, (mtg $16,000,) due Oct. 18, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Ament & A., 110 Nassau St. $3,300
31ST ST, s s, 150 ft e of 8th Av, 25x32.5; Margaret E. Weil to William Goldstone, 2 West 89th St, April 18, prior mtg $15,000, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $2,000
SAME PROPERTY; same to Rose Baer, 219 East 40th St, April 18, prior mtg $17,000, due Oct. 21, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney same. $800
42D ST, 633 West, n s, 21x100.5; Arthur B. Applet to Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway, April 17, due, &c., as per bond $6,500
45TH ST, s s, 400 ft w of 9th Av, 25x100.4; Terence H. Forrest to Elizabeth McGrady, 124 Sterling Pl, Brooklyn, Oct. 29....$2,000
57TH ST, 21 East, 23x100.5; Fannie Arnheim to William Scholle and others, 13 East 49th St, April 18, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$40,000
58TH ST, 341 East, 21x100.5; Amalie Muller to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, April 18, prior mtg $8,000, 3 years; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St. $2,000
90TH ST, s s, 165 ft e of 1st Av, 43.1x92; Catherine E. McKenna to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, April 18, due as per bond $9,000
97TH ST, 160 East, s s, 27.1x100.11; Edna M. Troescher to Myron Straus, 6 Storm Av, Arverne, L. I., April 17, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. H. Cragg, 44 Court, Brooklyn. $500
130TH ST, 495 West, 25x99.11; Isidor Kosminsky to Emanuel Marks, executor, Philadelphia, Penn., April 2, due as per bond; attorneys, Hollander & B., 10 Wall St..$4,000

Bronx.

ANDERSON AV, s w corner of 165th St, 50x100.8; Alvis Soeller to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, April 18, due as per bond $3,000
BECKER AV, or 241st St, s w corner of Fulton St, or Richardson Av, 100x100; Becker Av, or 241st St, n e corner of Marion St, or Bronx Boulevard, 50x100; Aurella L. Leubuscher to Marie Freese, 77 Epprit St, East Orange, N. J., prior mtg $9,300, April 17, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. C. Leubuscher, 258 Broadway $3,000
CLINTON AV, e s, 297.5 ft n of 181st St, 16.6x145.2; Frederick E. Buser to Mary E. Brady, 560 West 162d St, April 17, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$4,000
CLINTON AV, e s, 264.4 ft n of 181st St, 16.6x145.2; Frederick E. Buser to Mary E. Egner, 319 West 93d St, April 19, 3 years; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $4,000
CLINTON AV, e s, 280.11 ft n of 181st St, 16 6x145.2; Frederick E. Buser to Minnie Hummel, 3,688 Broadway, April 17, 3 years; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $4,000
DAWSON ST, 880 to 890, e s, 75.10x—; Winale Realty and Construction Co to Adolph H. Fischer and another, trustees, 129 West 70th St, April 18, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $60,000
FREEMAN ST, 570, n s, 40x—; Frederick Jantzen to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, April 16, prior mtg $30,000, 5 years; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St.....$3,000
LOTS 3 and 4 Block D, map of Section D of Edenwald; Margaret A. Hattrick to Bridget Sheridan, 1,670 Boston Road, April 17, due July 1, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av..$800
LOTS 279 to 282, map of 369 lots, Hunts Point Realty Co; Utility Realty Co to Charles E. Lansing, 32 West 95th St, April 18, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway. $4,000
LYMAN PLACE, w s, 192.8 ft n of 169th St, 75x55.3; Benenson Realty Co to Manhattan Mortgage Co, 200 Broadway, April 18, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$5,500
ROSELLE ST, w s, 145.4 ft n of Silver St, 25x147.11x139.6; Janette P. Stauder to Lavilla M. Murphy, Huntington, L. I., April 17, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $2,300
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w corner of 173d St, 155.5x—; Trask Building Co. to Ekin Holding Co., 15 Wall St, April 16, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St $26,000
TELLER AV, s w corner of 167th St, 40x100.1; O. J. Schwarzler Co. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, demand, 6 p. c., April 10; attorney F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.. .....$35,000
TELLER AV, w s, 40 ft s of 167th St, 38.4 x100.1; same to same, April 10, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney same. $22,000
TELLER AV, w s, 78.4 ft s of 167th St, 153.4x100.1; same to same, (four mtgs, each $22,000,) April 10, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney same $88,000
VILLA AV, 3,095, w s, 19x136.9; Filomeno Isernho to Robert T. Turnbull, Campbell, N. Y., April 17, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,000
WEBSTER AV, w s, 400.4 ft n of 179th St, 50x180; George Dieckmann to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, 5 years, April 18; attorney, E. J. McGuire, 51 Chambers St $30,000
WESTCHESTER AV, 1,633; William R. Ehler to Charles Kling, 360 Mosholu Parkway, Installments, 6 p. c., April 16; attorney, H. H. Rittenbusch, 80 Maiden Lane. $12,000
138TH ST, s s, 202.6 ft of Southern Boulevard, 17.11x100; Mary Zmrzer to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, April 17, due as per bond.....$4,000
141ST ST, s s, 231.9 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 25x85; Frederick J. Janizen to Pauline A. Peetz, 36 East 33d St, April 11, 1 year, 6 p. c. $1,000
157TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of Elton Av, 100x101.10; Benenson Realty Co. to Rockland Realty Co., 260 Willis Av, prior mtg $20,000, 1 year, 6 p. c., April 16; attorney, E. C. Bell, 509 Willis Av.....$40,000
180TH ST, s s, 96.2 ft w of Mapes Av, 50x118.2; Lebro Construction Co. to Noah Spingarn, 207 West 78th St, April 17, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $42,000
182D ST, s s, 127.6 ft w of Hughes Av, runs s 105.11x w 22x s 0.11x e 50x n 5.10x w 3.11x n 93.6x w 25; Nellie G. Klenke to Martin Walter, 1,935 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, prior mtg $4,000, due as per bond, April 5; attorneys, Martin & H., 265 Broadway $300
183D ST, s s, 66.8 ft w of Belmont Av, 16.8x 75; Sarah Deshel to Phebe B. Munro, 325 Amsterdam Av, April 16, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,500
204TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of Cadiz Place, 25x100; Carmine Vetrano to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, April 18, due as per bond.....$1,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

BROADWAY, 1,115 to 1,117, all; Louisa M. Gerry to Einstein Wolff & Co., 463 Broadway, 20 years from Feb. 1, 1913; attorney, Nath'l A. Elsberg, 27 William St..$83,256
MADISON AV, 546, all; Simeon J. Drake to Nicholas Martin, 6 East 30th St., 15 years from May 1, 1913 .....$4,500
MOTT AV, w s, 146.3 ft s 138th St., 31x81, all; Bradley L. Eaton to City of New York From Feb. 19, 1913, to June 30, 1914; attorney, Geo. S. Coleman, 154 Nassau St, for term $2,500
WESTCHESTER AV, 1,053, store floor and basement, &c.; Chas. Kling to Wm. R. Ehler, 840 Westchester Av, 15 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, Gustave Frey, 3,429 3d Av $6,500
3D AV, 1,833, n. store floor and basement; Morris Konnensohn to Salvatore Rizzotto, 1,833 3d Av, 10 years from Aug. 1, 1912; attorney, M. Macaluso, 237 East 107th St $504
3D Av, 1,754, front store and basement; Simon Frank to Salvatore Rizzoto, 1,833 3d Av, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, M. Macaluso, 237 East 107th St. $480
107H ST, 227 East, all; Sophie Bleyer to Herman Levinsohn, 227 East 10th St, 5 years from April 1, 1913; attorney, E. M. James, 21 Park Row. $1,140
23D ST, 30 East; The No. 30 East 23d St. Co. to Ernest H. Ash, 1,141 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorneys, Mann, B. & S., 886 Broadway $4,500
36TH ST, 147 West, all; Finney & Mathews to Wm. Postel, 27 Ogden Av, Jersey City, N. J., 21 years from Sept. 1, 1913; attorney, J. A. Mooney, 55 John St. $3,500

MECHANICS' LIENS.

CHRYSTIE ST, 197 and 199; Antonio Bonagur against Minsker Realty Co., Inc., owner and contractor; Hinkle Iron Co., contractor $66
FULTON ST, 59; George A. Jordan against estate of William Post, owner; Estey Wire Works Co., contractor $240
LENOX AV, w s, corner of 116th St, 60x105x irregular; Electric Fountain Co. against Leander H. Crall and Howard E. Crall, owners; Paul Redner, contractor.....$175
LUDLOW AV, e s, 260.3 ft w of Castle Hill Av, 108x108; Hugo C. Cook against William Becker, owner, (renewal) $150
SAME PROPERTY; Christian Vorndran's Sons against same, (renewal).....$75
OGDEN AV, 1,207; George Colon & Co. against Carr Building Co., owner and contractor $255

BUILDING MATERIAL.

EDWD. CORNING, Pres. CHAS. F. BERGER, C.E., V. Pres.
EDWARD CORNING CO.
BUILDERS
100 W'm. St. NEW YORK

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Joseph P. Day
REAL ESTATE
31 Nassau Street.

REAL ESTATE—MANHATTAN.

West Side.

MAGNIFICENT "MARBLE MANSION" FOR SALE OR LEASE

The ideal place for a high class BOARDING SCHOOL; also eminently suited for a PRIVATE SANITARIUM. The "Marble Mansion" is located on a beautiful plateau adjacent to Isham Park and 215th St Subway station, contains twenty-five large rooms, electric elevator, a conservatory on the ground floor, swimming pool, solarium and observatory on the roof. The views from the various rooms are unrivaled. Decorations to suit.

Also the palatial dwelling for same purposes, N. W. corner 89th St. and West End Av.

THE MARBLE ARCH CO.
216th St. & Broadway, Manhattan
'Phone Audubon 1222.

50th Street, Near Fifth Av.

Magnificent American basement dwelling; thoroughly up to date; decorated in materials; five baths, electric light; no reasonable offer refused; full brokerage paid. Will rent.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY,
156 BROADWAY.

A LITTLE GEM.

Examine 453 Convent Av., (149th St.) 4-story American basement dwelling; 11 rooms; electric light, parquet floors; little cash necessary; fine condition. Caretaker. PRICE ONLY $13,000.

East Side.

FOR SALE

We have taken in part payment for a larger property a unique American basement house in one of the choicest Fifth Avenue residence blocks, viz.:

No. 16 East 64th St.

It contains 21 rooms, 6 baths, 8 toilets, an electric passenger elevator, steam heat from street, gas and electric light. To a prompt purchaser who will take it, just as left by the former owner, a well-known banker, and will save us cost of redecorating, we will make a very attractive price. House open; caretaker on premises. Particulars of any good broker or the owners,

Charles Buek Construction Co.,
7 East 42nd Street

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HTIMS DERF
176 Midwood St.,
near Bedford Av. Whole section restricted against flats and two-family houses. $8,500.
Two story, basement and cellar, with extension; twelve rooms and bath; decorated. Fred M. Smith, Brooklyn. Telephone.

1-family stone & brick, only $4,675. Subway. Bargain. Postal brings full particulars. The Rapelyea Co., 390 Elderts Lane, Brooklyn. (Grant Ave. Station Kings Co. "L.")

Corner 15-Room Brick
2-FAMILY WITH GARAGE.
All Improvements—Near Subway.
TERMS TO SUIT.
JOHNSON, corner 10th Av. and 71st St.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGES
We have several choice Bronx Investment Properties to Exchange. WHAT CAN YOU OFFER?
J. Clarence Davies
149th St. and Third Av.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREment, notice is hereby given that an act, Assembly No. 1,305, Senate 1,831, Int. 1,204, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

To amend the Greater New York charter in relation to assessments for local improvements confirmed after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and eight.

Further notice is hereby given that a Public Hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's Office in the City Hall, in The City of New York, on Tuesday, April 22, 1913, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Dated City Hall, New York, April 18, 1913.
WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Furnished Rooms advertised in The New York Times can be depended upon to be in good locations and to have all the comforts of home.—Adv.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

SAGAMORE

BRONXVILLE, ADJOINING LAWRENCE PARK

The most beautiful part of that beautiful village—the highest grade residential development near New York City.

Magnificent trees, fine views, high and hilly land; broad, winding macadam roadways. Every conceivable improvement.

An exclusive residential park, due to beneficial restrictions and careful selection of residents. Thoroughly built up by owners of all-year-round homes, worth, with the land, $50,000 to $12,000, and averaging $25,000. Golf, tennis and country clubs near by.

Only fifteen miles from the new Grand Central Terminal. Frequent electric expresses. Seven minutes' walk to Bronxville station. Fifty minutes to the theatre by motor car. Fine public garage.

Everything finished. No pioneering. No assessments. Taxes moderate. Fine schools. High grade local government. No mosquito nuisance.

A few of the choicest plots are now publicly offered for sale to purchasers of a satisfactory type at very moderate prices.

ANDERSON REALTY COMPANY, Agents,
Gramatan Bank Building, Bronxville, N. Y. Tel. 826 Bronxville.

Country Residence Near the Water
With Water Rights—9 Rooms—3 Baths—Price $14,000.

English Country House, in exclusive section, surrounded by private estates, near Country, Golf and Yacht Clubs. Located at

SOUTHFIELD POINT
On the Sound, Stamford, Conn.

Southfield Point is a highly developed and restricted residential community, with all municipal improvements.

50 minutes from Grand Central Station. 115 Electric Trains Daily.

A Few Water Front Sites For Sale. Prices, $100 to $125 a Front Foot.

BADGLEY, JONES & GOOD, Selling Agents,
505 Fifth Av., at 42d St. Telephone 716—Murray Hill. New York City
Southfield Point described in our booklet B, furnished on request.

A BARGAIN

10-room house in first-class condition; built on large plot, frontage 106 feet; surrounded by hedges and large trees; finest residential section; 2 minutes from Lowerre Station; price $12,000, terms to suit.
OWNER, 19 LANDSCAPE AVE., South Yonkers.
Near Van Cortlandt Park.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

YOU CAN BUY A HOME
FOR $5,900—ACTUALLY WORTH $6,500.
Semi-bungalow, seven large rooms and bath; every modern improvement; workmanship, materials, and fixtures GUARANTEED. Location one of choicest restricted parks in New York City. 28 minutes from Manhattan, Penn.-Long Island electric system. 5 minutes' walk from express station; 90 trains daily, 3 trolley lines. A high-class home; moderately priced; very easy terms. Must be seen to be appreciated.
Call, write, or 'phone 3876 Cortlandt.
J. MEAD BRIGGS, 200 Broadway, N. Y.

JAMAICA HOUSES
For Sale, Rent and Exchange
H. B. PEARSALL, JR.
376 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.

BUSINESS MEN, ATTENTION!

Beautiful home overlooking Long Island Sound, every modern improvement; highly restricted neighborhood; 3 minutes' walk to station and beautiful sandy bathing beach; only 23 minutes from Herald Square; must have $500 cash at once, balance easy terms. Address Shore Front, 313 Times Downtown.

JAMAICA-NORTH

Beautiful house, 7 rooms, tile bath, attic, steam heat, all improvements; fine location, 2 blocks station. Price $3,950; bargain. Easy terms.
JAMES M. CAUFIELD,
328 Fulton St., Jamaica. Open Sundays.

BUSINESS MEN, ATTENTION!

Beautiful home overlooking L. I. Sound; every modern improvement; highly restricted neighborhood; 3 minutes' walk to station and beautiful sandy bathing beach; only 23 minutes from Herald Square; must have $500 cash at once; balance easy terms. Address Shore Front, 316 Times Downtown.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AN IDEAL HOME

In a restricted section within 20 minutes of Penn. station, located on plot 40x100, house 25x32, with piazza 8 ft. wide; living room 20x12; dining room 18x13; kitchen 11x13; large butler's pantry and refrigerator inclosure; 4 master's bedrooms, den and sewing room; tiled vestibule and bath room; combination electric light and gas fixtures; installation for pneumatic cleaning; laundry and toilet in cellar; servants' quarters on third floor and space for two additional bedrooms, if needed; birch and white-wood trim throughout, with parquet floors; hot water heating system; sewer connections; price $7,900; terms $250 cash; balance as rent. For particulars address Secretary, Room 202, 347 5th Av.

WHAT ABOUT THIS SUMMER?

Every family man owes it to his wife and children to investigate our
SUMMER BUNGALOW COLONY—

SALTAIRE

A colony of refined people, within commuting distance of New York. Water, gas, etc. BOATING, BATHING, FISHING.
Atlantic Ocean on One Side, Great South Bay on the Other.
BUNGALOWS with large plot, **$1800 UP**
SOLD ON EASY TERMS.
For full particulars, etc., apply
FIRE ISLAND BEACH DEVELOPMENT CO.
1328 Broadway. Tel. Greeley 1697.

English Colonial House,

just completed, on high North Shore of Long Island. 30 minutes from Penn. Station now. 12 rooms and 4 baths. Hollow tile and tapestry brick, fireproof construction; located in private residential park. 5 minutes' walk to station and water. Docking and bathing privileges; golf and tennis courts; sewers, electricity, macadamized streets, sidewalks; private police protection; school adjoins park. The price at which this home is offered makes it a **distinct bargain.** Will not rent; no brokers. Will be shown by appointment only. Address Owner, Box R 115 Times.

A COUNTRY PLACE.

House of Colonial design, just remodeled and redecorated, containing five master's bedrooms, three baths, two servants' rooms, and having gas, steam heating, and water. The property of 3 acres has also stable, fine trees, garden, fruit, etc., and is in a choice location at

MERRICK, LONG ISLAND.

The place may be seen at any time by appointment. Price $4,000 a year. Address Owner, Box G 330 Times Downtown.

BUNGALOW

artistically and substantially built; 5 rooms; modern improvements; spacious porches; up to date in every respect; combination gas and electric fixtures; easy commutation; only 42 minutes from city; best bargain of the year; $150 cash, balance easy monthly payments. Address Bungalow, Box 314 Times Downtown.

Distinctive Home, Bargain, Queens.

Will sell on reasonable deposit and $40 monthly, or will rent with option to purchase; large living room, with tapestry brick fireplace, parquet floors, special hardwood trim; asphalt street, gas, electricity; tennis courts; refined community; 30 minutes from Manhattan. P. P. Edson, 1 West 34th St. Tel. 6546 Greeley.

SHORE FRONT ESTATE

Rare opportunity to purchase 30-acre estate; 1,000 feet of white sandy beach, entrancing water views; old homestead containing 12 rooms, all modern improvements, stable and garage; many fine large trees; commuting distance; positively a bargain. Theodore S. Hall. 47 West 34th St.

SOUTHAMPTON

A large house on the lake, a good-sized house on the ocean, and houses in other locations to let. Apply to
J. METCALFE THOMAS
19 LIBERTY ST., N. Y.

Cozy Homes IN River View Manor
at Hastings-on-Hudson

If you ever expect to own a home, you should see River View Manor. To reach take New York Central to Hastings-on-Hudson. Autobus meets trains.

Hastings Homes Co.
105 WEST 40TH ST., N. Y.

YOUR HOME

should be in a select neighborhood, where there are all city improvements. We have such a place, fully restricted, within a few minutes' walk of fine bathing beach, and less than fifty minutes from Grand Central Station. Just the place for a Summer or all year home. Write for full information, S. B. Co., 111 Times.

PELHAM MANOR
NEW—NATCO RESIDENCE
Tile-Stcco.—Spacious 11 rooms, 4 tiled baths, Vapor heating system; quartered oak trim. Fireproof garage, holds 2 motors, room, bath.
Both fully equipped.
About 1 acre; restricted location, high elevation.
PRICE RIGHT.
O'CONNOR & McCANN,
221 Huguenot St., Tel. 594, New Rochelle, N. Y.

Bellehaven, Greenwich, Conn.

For sale at attractive price, country home, especially adapted for year round occupancy. Beautiful parked grounds of five acres, ornamented with sunken gardens. MacMonnies fountain, sun dial, horticultural grouping, garage, stable and gardener's cottage. House contains 8 master's bedrooms, 6 baths, sufficient servant quarters; ready for occupancy; no exchange desired. Phone 710 Murray Hill. BADGLEY, JONES & GOOD, 505 Fifth Av.

SEE QUAKER RIDGE
before you locate.
Station and office on the property.
Quaker Ridge Improvement Co.,
New Rochelle, N. Y.

Ryesdale Estates

Mamaroneck Station; overlooking Sound; convenient to Rye Beach; homes for rent, sale, or built to suit you; sold only to approved purchasers. 25 West 42d St. Tel. 3745 Bryant.

Larchmont.

Edw. C. Griffin & P. H. Collins
Property of the better class in
Larchmont AND VICINITY
'Phone 852 BANK BUILDING, Larchmont, N. Y.

Mount Vernon.

New Two Family House 8 rooms, 2 baths to each apartment; large piazza, living room, open fireplace.
RENTAL $60 TO $65.
Will sell on right terms.
COOLEY REALTY CO.,
39 Prospect Av., Tel. 3400. Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

New Rochelle.

BIG BARGAIN CENTER AVE. NEW ROCHELLE.
Owner spared no expense in construction and details in making this a **perfect home:** 11 rooms, 3 baths, electricity, gas; splendid pl

Real Estate

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE OR LEASE
Large plot, 20,000 square feet, factory section, near water front; best transit facilities in Bronx. D. A. Trotta, 391 East 149th St.

65x100, AT LAFONTAINE AVE, near 179th St., with small house; sell cheap or exchange. Steinmetz, 1,007 East 180th St.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

Artistic old English residence; stucco on terra cotta block, tile roof, 12 rooms, all modern improvements; beautiful grounds, high-class trees and shrubs; no expense spared in building; occupied 9 months; few minutes from station; 90 trains daily; must sell quickly; terms to suit purchaser. Owner, O. P. X., Times.

FLUSHING.
16th Street, Murray Hill.
SPECIAL BARGAIN.—New eight-room house, hardwood trim, parquet floors, every improvement; $5,750, easy terms. Inquire of owner, Room 175, 45 Broadway, New York. Phone 8847 Rector.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.
Sage Foundation; one of the best corner plots; five minutes to station; in section improved by handsome homes; will sell close long term mortgage at lowest interest rate. Owner, G 517 Times Downtown.

JAMAICA PROPERTY EXCLUSIVELY.
Acreage, lots, houses.
BENJAMIN H. SWEET,
824 Fulton St., Jamaica, New York City.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or to Let.

Fine lots, near trolley, Staten Island; $250 each; $5 monthly. "Guarantee," 83 Times Downtown.

Westchester—For Sale or to Let.

FINEST VIEW
Between Hudson and Sound.
Finished country seat near White Plains at genuine sacrifice; cost $87,000; price almost half; easy terms.
EDWARD M. WEST, INC.,
331 Madison Avenue, Depot Square,
Murray Hill 4430—Phones—413 White Plains. N. Y.

Attractive bungalow at Rye to rent. Only five minutes' walk from Oakland bathing beach. Four rooms and bath, two porches. Big open fireplace. Completely screened. Electric lighted. Gas range. Modern plumbing. Comfortably furnished. For season, $400. J. W. Macy, 456 4th Av., N. Y. C.

RYE, NEW YORK.
To rent for season; large house; fully furnished; beautiful and convenient location; 7 acres, stable, chicken houses, lawns; garden planted; all in perfect condition; $1,700.
J. H. Skillin, 174 Fulton Street, N. Y.

Pocantico Hills—House, 10 rooms, bath; nearly 2 acres; fruit; dry, healthful air; 700 feet altitude; on Putnam Division of N. Y. Central, 23 miles from New York; adjoins estate of John D. Rockefeller, Esq. Putnam, 41 West 82d St., New York.

Stucco country home of 11 rooms and 3 baths; steam heat, unobstructed view and right of way to Sound; city conveniences; 50 minutes from Grand Central Station; price reduced to $11,500, on terms. Thos. J. Good, 245 Fifth Ave.

Bronxville.—To rent, furnished, June to October, Colonial cottage, 8 rooms, 2 baths; plot 100x100; garden; $350. Warren & Skillin, 174 Fulton St., New York.

Charming home to lease, unfurnished, one or more years; 12 rooms, improvements; nine acres. Henry Franck, 141 Broadway. Phone 5450 Cortlandt.

PELHAMWOOD.—Thirty minutes; 8 rooms, 2 baths; near station; modern. Kellogg, 450 Riverside Drive.

Devine, Hastings-on-Hudson—Property for sale and rent. River View Manor, Hastings vicinity.

Larchmont.
Larchmont—Detached modern cottages, opposite golf grounds; 8 rooms; $40, $45 monthly by the year. Collins, 54 Franklin St., N. Y.

New Rochelle.
Attractive 10-room house, 2 baths, hot water, heat, gas, and electricity; high elevation; restricted propery; price reasonable for quick sale. Apply to owner, John Schudy, 3 Faneuil Place, New Rochelle, N. Y.

Scarsdale.
Scarsdale.—Stucco dwelling, nicely decorated, 10 rooms, 2 baths, large plot; rent, $1,000; sale, $12,000. Angell, 507 5th Av., and Scarsdale.

White Plains.
At White Plains ideal home, 12 rooms, 2 baths, shower bath; every modern improvement; about one acre of land, to be sold less than cost, at your terms.
WM. E. MORRELL,
15 Court St., White Plains, N. Y.

At White Plains or Scarsdale, most complete list of properties for rent, furnished or unfurnished, year or season.
WM. E. MORRELL,
15 Court St., White Plains, N. Y.

Yonkers.
My $15,000 house at Park Hill, Yonkers, for $13,500; twelve rooms; three baths; all improvements. Irvin Cobb, 330 West 102d St.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

Hackensack, N. J.—A beautiful 15-room house, 9 bedrooms, with garage; all improvements; steam heat; combination gas and electric fixtures; fine location; large corner; size plot, 150x132; within five minutes of two railroads; trolley passes the door; large shade trees on grounds; price $24,000; $10,000 can remain on mortgage at 5 per cent. Address Henrietta Bauer, owner, 500 Park St., Hackensack, N. J. Telephone 137 Hackensack, N. J.; 3065—Beekman, New York.

FOR SMALL FAMILY.
Ideal home at Hillsdale, choicest Jersey suburb; restricted neighborhood; 5 minutes from express station, 1 block from school; 5 rooms and tiled bath; reception hall; open fireplace in living room; built-in bookcase; large kitchen; exceptional view; large verandas and plenty of shade; $250 cash, balance like rent; write for photograph. W. J. Rich, 802 Singer Building.

House For Sale at Oradell, N. J.—Eighteen miles out; seven rooms and bath; steam heat; all improvements; parquet floors; newly decorated; corner lot, 50x150 feet; large shade trees; sidewalks and curbs laid; private garage; grape arbors, &c.; fine location; an ideal home at a bargain price, $6,000. Apply to owner, W. E. Williams, 53 Pine St., New York.

$3,850 for an elegant house; six rooms and bath; fine location; 5 minutes' walk from station; best of train service; all improvements; 300 feet elevation; only 5 miles from Broadway; the greatest bargain ever offered; only $400 cash required; will send photos of house. V. V. Champlin, 510 Times Building, New York City.

Nutley, N. J.—Dwelling, 7 rooms and 2 finished rooms in attic; all improvements; gas and electric light; lot 100x150; high and dry; seven minutes to West Nutley Station; flowers and fruit trees, &c.; terms and price on application to owner. G 316 Times Downtown.

Modern tile house, 9 rooms, tile bath, separate, built-in shower, vapor heating; concrete porch, floors; large sleeping porch; highest section Ridgewood; commanding 20-mile view. Photo and particulars of Owner, Box 21, Ridgewood, N. J.

Contractor compelled to accept two new houses as payment for bill offers them for $5,500 and $4,700 each (less than cost,) on easy payments; excellent location; every improvement; well built. P. O. Box 12, Ridgewood, N. J.

For Sale.—An eight-room house, bath and all improvements, beautifully situated on Oradell Heights, overlooking Hackensack Valley; garage; terms to suit. Clarence Demarest, Owner, 24 Malden Lane, N. Y., or Oradell, N. J.

Actual Bargain.—Choicest corner lots main avenue, for sale below value; trolley carrying thousands between Newark, Passaic, Paterson, passes property; splendid opportunity to double investment. A 304 Times Downtown.

Will you join our building colony, 18 miles out on the C. R. R. of N. J.? Choice building sites near the depot, with improvements; on easy terms. For particulars, address Box 304, Harwood, N. J.

Englewood.—For rent, furnished or unfurnished; tenant's preference considered in redecorating throughout; eleven rooms; desirably located residence. Loder, 30 Church, New York.

Long Branch, West End, Elberon—Furnished cottages for rent. "Remember the name." Conference by appointment. Wardell & Burke, West End.

N. J. Coast Real Estate.—Furnished cottages, river and ocean front properties, farms. Write your wants. Arthur Holtson, Long Branch, N. J.

ASBURY PARK, ALLENHURST, DEAL.
Cottages for sale and rent.
WM. C. BURROUGHS, ASBURY PARK, N.J.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

COLD SPRING-ON-HUDSON.
(GARRISON AND WEST POINT.)
CASCABELLA, the property of Capt. Henry Metcalfe; 7 acres; 700 feet above river; all conveniences, municipal and residential.
WM. M. BENJAMIN CO., 55 Liberty St.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.
Ideal all-year-around home in beautiful Woodmere, one minute from electric express to Brooklyn and New York; charming Colonial house with large living room, open fireplaces, sun parlor, two baths, hot water heating, gas and electricity, on lot 80x125 in grove of trees; finest environment; splendid water; investigate. William K. MacDonald, agent, Woodmere, L. I.

GARDEN CITY, L. I.
For sale, new brick house, built for owner's occupancy, eleven rooms, three baths, hot water heat; 5th St., near Cathedral. Inquire J. A. Coen.

$550 cash buys 50x100 Woodmere plot; 31 minutes out; 80 electric trains daily; price $1,900. Thomas J. Good, 548 Riverside Drive.

Port Washington.—New stucco home, 8 rooms, 2 sleepers, $6,200; $250 cash, 20% monthly; reduces photos. Friend, 47 W 34th St., Greeley 2000

Sea Cliff, L. I.—Short front; beautiful house for sale; improvements; boathouses; near station. Winterroth Pianos, 8 Union Square.

Real Estate

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

$8,850.—4th St., above 6th Av.; private block; 3-story and basement stone; 11 rooms and tiled bathroom; furnace; beautiful hardwood throughout; newly decorated; readily worth $10,500; your terms; see this exceptional offering.
JEROME PROPERTY CORPORATION,
6th Av. and 3d St.

New England—For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE FOR SALE, BANTAM LAKE.
Nicely finished cottage, all furnished, with all improvements, at Bantam Lake shore front, Litchfield County, Conn. Particulars. Inquire P. O. Box 172, Waterbury, Conn.

This small advertisement is a big opportunity for one who would purchase a modern eleven-room country home, with acre plot; must be sold; your terms. C. D. L., Riverside, Conn.

Grand View Farm, 236 acres; Colonial mansion; stock, tools, apple orchards, pond; spring water in house and yard; $12,500. Kershaw, New Braintree, Mass.

Maryland For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—Gentleman's country place, Harford County, Md., near the Susquehanna River; 33 acres, 14-room house, hot water heat; outbuildings, stock, poultry, implements, fruit. Lawder & Co., 41 Equitable Building, Baltimore, Md.

Farms.

ILLUSTRATED GUIDE POSTPAID.
CHAPIN FARM AGENCY, BOSTON.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Builder has several excellent paying Bronx apartment houses in exchange for well-located lots. Write particulars. Owner 179, 3,013 3d Av.

Building Material

Tel. 2,363 Audubon. Established 1902.
T. V. O'CONNELL,
General Contractor.
Carpenter Work a Specialty.
504 West 145th St.

Mortgage Loans.

Abundance estate funds for Manhattan mortgage loans in any amount. Estates, 320 Times Downtown.

Wanted—$11,000 first mortgage on 3 houses, interest 6%. Principal, 2,960 3d Av.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

140th St., 312 West.—11 rooms, bath; large yard; rent, $67 month. Permit from J. R. Brown, 105 West 40th St.

Country Houses to Let—Furnished.

IN THE BEAUTIFUL RAMAPO VALLEY.
To rent furnished for the season, a most attractive little house and grounds. Particulars of
OAKLAND REALTY CO.,
500 5th Av., New York City.

CEDARHURST, N. Y.—TO LET by season or lease for year, a well-furnished house, 12 rooms, 4 baths, all modern conveniences, electricity, garage; near R. R. Station; large lot, trees, shrubs. References. Owner, 156 N. Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y. Phone 3748.

Rockaway Park, 17 West End Av.—Furnished cottage; ten rooms; half block from ocean; open for inspection Saturday and Sunday. Farrell, 140 Nassau, or your own broker.

WYCHMERE SEASHORE COTTAGES,
Cape Cod; rented completely furnished, $250 up; bathrooms; booklet. Box 53, South Harwich, Mass.

To let for the season, 12-room house, furnished, with use of boats on lake; lovely place for Summer. Address Coomes, Queens, N. Y.

Country Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

On the Sound, Byram Shore, Greenwich, Conn.—New home, 10 rooms, 3 baths, hot water heat, electricity; wide piazza; good grounds; moderate rent; garage. 4235 Schuyler.

Country Houses Wanted.

SMALL BUNGALOW WANTED.
A small, year-round, seashore, modern bungalow within hour's distance of Manhattan to rent, with option of purchase. V 94 Times.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Desk room and private offices, furnished or unfurnished; phone, stenographer, &c.; ground floor; quiet, exclusive real estate office; refined atmosphere; references required. Address Clapham, 245 West 34th St.

Loft—5,400 square feet; suitable for light manufacturing; near Wallabout freight station; light four sides; steam heat, electric elevator. 98-100 Grand Av., Brooklyn. Phone 2955 Prospect.

OFFICE AND STOCK ROOM.
129 WEST 31ST ST.
Shelving, desk, typewriter, telephone, heat, light, elevator; $30 month. Apply third floor.

For Rent.—Store, basement, and sub-basement No. 152 Church St., formerly occupied as a bicycle and auto tire business. Inquire A. Warshow, No. 116 Nassau St.

Loft, 88-90 Walker St.; 25x90; elevator, steam heat, power, sprinkler; rental, $1,000. Inquire S. Hellinger, 309 Broadway. Phone 4945 Worth.

Three lofts to let, heat, elevator, centrally located, for manufacturing or storage. G. B. Raffetto, 408 W. 13th St., New York City.

STABLE, east side, 14 stalls with wagon room and 50 stalls with wagon room. CHARLES BOHLEN, 23d St., corner 3d Av.

15th, 637 East.—Vacant lot, about 5,000 square feet; yearly lease: $80 monthly. Chas. Bohlen, Agent, 23d St., corner 3d Av.

Sublet—Desirable office suite, 1,706, Columbia Knickerbocker Building, 60 Broadway; heart of financial district.

Handsome large room, (unfurnished;) ample closet; reference; suitable professional man. 149 West 80th St.

$15 Up Month, 109 Broad St.—Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in modern fireproof building.

Lofts to let with power; moderate rent. Greenstein, 470 Flushing Av., Brooklyn.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Garage for 6 to 12 cars, living floors above, between 58th and 59th Sts., 8th to Lexington Avs. Full particulars promptly to Mercer & Son, 266 West 23d St.

Desk and office accommodation by engineer, preferably at 50 Church St.; state terms. Box W 66 Times.

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

To sublet from June 1 to Sept. 15, fully furnished apartment, 8 rooms and 3 baths, overlooking Hudson River; all light, airy rooms; rent, $166.67 per month, same as unfurnished. Apartment 8E, 318 West 100th St.

94th, 205 West. (near Broadway.)—Sublet 5 rooms, high class elevator apartment; artistically furnished; piano; light beautiful outside rooms; top floor; to be seen to be appreciated; $70. Riverside 5920. Hallboy.

West 127th St., (200 Claremont Av.)—An exceptionally well-furnished, six-room, corner apartment, facing Riverside Drive; for family appreciating first-class home; elevator, electricity; block Subway. Gayler.

Four dainty rooms; exquisite view Hudson; Knabe piano, books, linen, silver; telephone; express Subway; May 1; seen afternoon; $80. Apartment 53, New Daveno, in parlor, 3,495 Broadway.

124th St., 503 West.—Lady having cozy, well-furnished four-room apartment will sublet for entire Summer at normal rent to party giving good care. Phone 6650 Morningside.

Beautifully furnished eight-room apartment, with balcony, overlooking college grounds, from May 1 to Oct. 1; references required. Inquire 609 West 114th, Apartment 92.

119th, 435 West.—Attractive front apartment, three rooms, kitchenette, overlooking Columbia campus; sublet at sacrifice till October. Phone 8200 Morningside. Moore.

Attractive, newly decorated apartment; one large room, bath, kitchen, etc.; sublet five months; promenade roof. Apply Manager, Hotel Chelsea, West 23d St.

Sublet, May 1 to Oct. 1, completely furnished apartment, Stockton, 1,090 St. Nicholas Av.; will sublet unfurnished to Oct. 1, 1914. G 336 Times Downtown.

An exceptionally cool, light, seven-room apartment, May 1; "L" and Subway connection; near Central Park. Apply Superintendent, 76 West 82d.

Riverside Drive, 575.—Clean, comfortable outside room overlooking Hudson; very reasonable; gentlemen. Apartment 66.

Attractive apartment, either furnished or unfurnished, from May 15 to Oct. 15. Braucher, 9 Livingston Place. Rent very moderate.

Six and seven room apartments near the drive, on 110th and 112th Sts.; all newly furnished. Boucher, 605 West 112th St.

58th St., 57 West.—Sixth floor east; 8 rooms, 2 baths; complete, including Steinway grand; until Oct. 1; $150 month.

A thoroughly equipped 6-room housekeeping apartment, piano, books, linen, silver; must sublet at once. 7 West 92d St.

Attractively furnished apartment, six outside rooms; immediate possession; $75 month. Reed, 310 West 95th.

605 West 137th St.—A cozy, four-room apartment, near Riverside Drive, Subway station; reasonable. Burkhardt.

Attractive 8-room elevator apartment, furnished or unfurnished; concession. Kahn, 327 Central Park West.

Artistically furnished, light rooms, three baths, on Riverside Drive; electricity free. Phone Columbus 5751.

Corner apartment, six rooms; beautifully furnished; player piano. 49 Claremont Av., corner 119th St.

Five-room apartment for rent, furnished, May 1 to Sept. 22; reference, Apartment 55, 225 West End Av.

Real Estate

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av, 1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette; furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references: special rate on lease.

Completely furnished 6-room apartment; all conveniences; elevator, telephone, piano; excellent neighborhood; 2 blocks from Subway; an exceptional bargain to party able to furnish first-class reference. 531 West 112th St. Apartment 3B.

THE NEVADA,
70th St. and Broadway.
7-room apartment, beautifully furnished; all light rooms; facing Broadway; 2 baths; greatly reduced rent for Summer. Apt. 3C. Phone 684 Col.

MUST BE RENTED,
68TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
Reduced rents; seven-room, sunny apartment; beautifully furnished; second floor; immediate possession. Phone 8625 Col., Blakely, 190 Columbus Av.

Riverside Drive, 223, near 95th St., handsomely furnished eight-room apartment to let till October. Phone 7140 River. Van Horn.

Beautifully furnished seven-room apartment to sublet, near 103d St. and Broadway Subway station; reasonable. E 170 Times.

Apartments to Let—Unfurnished.

West Side.

CORNER SIX ROOMS AND BATH,
101 WEST 70TH ST.
Electric light and steam heat.
Rent $40 to $45. Apply to
L. J. Phillips & Co., Cor. 72d St. and Columbus Av.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 van load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. AMERICAN STORAGE CO., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2667 Bryant.

Rent, $32.50 to $47.50.
Corner apartment, facing Central Park, 6 and 7 choice rooms and bath, near 5th Av., corner 101st St. Superintendent, or Duff & Conger, Agents, Madison Av., corner 80th St.

Sublet 9 extra large, light rooms; first-class elevator house; low rent; to October. See Superintendent Pinehurst, northwest corner 180th St. and Fort Washington Av., or Moore, Schulte & Co., 1,685 Amsterdam Av.

To Sublet.—Unfurnished high-class eight-room apartment; two baths; in Manhattan; rent to October, $75 per month; thereafter $150 per month. F. D., Box G 278 Times Downtown.

88D ST., 71 WEST.
Seven large, light rooms and bath; suitable for doctor or dentist; rent reasonable. Apply premises, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

105TH ST., 202 WEST.
7 light rooms; bath; steam; single flat; desirable location; all improvements; $36-$40.

Sublet seven-room apartment, three rooms front; two baths; near Broadway; $75 per month. Telephone 7676 Morningside. Apt. 42, 521 West 112th St.

Five rooms, bath; elevator; southern exposure; excellent janitor; cool, light; May 15 to Oct. 1. Call or address L. E. R., 502 West 113th.

At special rents, elevator apartments, 4-6 large room suites, $32.50, $40 up. 221 West 141st, (7th Av.) Telephone 2030 Audubon.

55th, 350 West, (Dearborn, Apt. 4A.)—To sublet May 1, 3-room apartment with kitchen; all modern improvements. Inquire Supt.

CENTRAL PARK WEST (410).—Nicely furnished 6-room apartment; electricity, telephone. Fisher or Superintendent.

118TH, 405 WEST.—TO SUBLET, MODERN APARTMENT; 6 ROOMS, BATH; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE.

106th St., 65 West, (Central Park.)—Six and seven large, light rooms; modern conveniences; $33 up.

123d, 547 West, (Broadway.)—Elevator apartment; first class; front, sunny; six rooms, bath; $35.

107th, 19 West.—Corner 5-6 rooms, bath; all improvements; telephone, electricity; $42-$32.

29th St., 345 West.—Second floor; 6 large, light rooms and bath; improvements.

East Side.

Rents, $35.00 to $45.00.
Single flat, 7 large rooms and bath, all improvements, perfect order. No. 58 to 66 East 96th St. Apply Superintendent, or Duff & Conger, Madison Av. and 86th.

Rents, $25.00.
Six rooms and bath, all improvements, 1,051 Park Av., near 86th St. Apply Janitor.

83D ST., 110 EAST.—Six rooms and bath, newly decorated; steam heat, hot water. $35.

Brooklyn.

Overlooking Prospect Park.—Beautiful eight-room apartment, two baths, elevator, telephone service; rent, $900. Sonoma Apartments, Prospect Park West, corner 8th St., Brooklyn.

Bronx.

Boston Road, 1,024, (Near 165th.)—High-class five and six rooms; electric light; parquet floors; bath, telephone, &c.; well-kept house.

Nine rooms and bath, all improvements; upper part of two-family house. 947 Sherman Av., bet. 163d and 164th Sts.

New Jersey.

Montclair, N. J.—Seven rooms, unfurnished; eastern and southern exposure; 6th floor of new, modern fireproof building, to Oct. 1 or longer; unsurpassed location and view; 3 blocks from Lackawanna and surface lines. Apply J. L. Flannery, 59 Union St., Montclair, N. J. 'Phone Montclair 3147J.

Business Opportunities

TO MANUFACTURERS.
If handicapped by inadequate and inconvenient building, high rent and heavy taxation, why not move? Attractive New England city, railroad centre, with good transportation facilities, offers manufacturers cheap electric power (twenty-four service,) tax exemption for term of years; free factory site adjoining railroad; will erect factory with re-payment on installments; ideal labor situation with diversified industries; superior banking facilities. Address Y, 80 Times.

CAFE—RESTAURANT.
Large receipts; money maker for 30 years; gentlemen, ladies; no better location in city; 200,000 people pass daily; no other cafe for many blocks; 342 6th Av., near 21st St.; four Subway and elevated station near by; crowds of people all day long; improved, up to date; would coin money; entire five-story building, $10,000 and taxes. Call on owner of building, Parks, 235 West 103d, or telephone 3940 River.

Have you $50 to $400 to invest? We offer you a safe proposition with large profits within six months from present date. Ours is a unique selling plan. We are a corporation of unquestionable reliability. No broker's commissions. S 228 Times.

Party with $10,000 and good business capacity has splendid opportunity becoming identified with new business; large profits assured; investment secured; investigation courted; references; no agents. S 74 Times.

Want co-operative services of gentleman of organizing and selling experience in forming a company of splendid feature; $300 desirable, but not essential; references exchanged. Box 52, Weehawken, N. J.

WHY LEAVE MONEY IN THE BANK when you can double your salary in time by investing in reliable established business? Strictest investigation invited. Reliable, 203 East 48th St.

I have a retail cigar business in a prominent Broadway location doing $30,000 worth of business a year, and I want a partner with $2,500; manufacturer preferred. L 30 Times.

Educated, refined, business man, unquestioned ability and integrity, wants lady or gentleman backer; fruit and poultry raising; references exchanged. V 84 Times.

A few clean lines of goods wanted by San Francisco manufacturers' agency. S. Herzberg, 38 2d Av., New York. Phone 1400 Orchard.

Modern drug store outfit for sale cheap. Hammer's Pharmacy, 251 Wyckoff Av., Brooklyn.

Business Notices

PAWN TICKETS BOUGHT. } GOLD,
Diamonds, Oriental Pearls, } SILVER,
Colored Stones, Antique Silver. } PLATINUM.
Bank references. Open evenings. Private office.
BENJAMIN PEINGOLD, 469 6th Av., Between 28th and 29th Sts.
Established 18 years. Tel. 1254 Madison Sq.

TECHNICAL AND GENERAL DRAFTING. Designing, detailing, and tracing for all engineering and architectural work. Water color drawings. Blueprints. English, German Spanish, and French spoken. Phone 9783 Broad, E. Perez, 32 Broadway, Room 1,301.

Hydriatic, massage, electric treatments at patient's residence by man expert; appointment only. Ohlendarf, 100 West 97th St.

Schools.

Dressmaking and millinery thoroughly taught. School estab. 1876; hats made, patterns cut. McDowell School, occ, new bldg., 25 W. 35th.

Lost

NOTICE.—Certificate of Membership No. 964, issued by the New York Produce Exchange Oct. 13, 1882, to James Pyle, having been lost or mislaid, application has been made to the Board of Managers for a new certificate; all persons interested are hereby notified to show cause within the next six weeks why such new certificate should not be issued. L. B. HOWE, Secretary.
New York, April 15, 1913.

LOST.—Suitcase, between 34th St. and 9th Av., containing ladies' wearing apparel and black pocketbook; name Bert Hunter; reward. Herman, care Al Meyer, Gaiety Theatre Building.

LOST—On the 18th, between 94th St. and 100th St. and Columbus Av., pink coral necklace. Any one returning same will be handsomely rewarded. White, 311 West 94th.

LOST.—Diamond horseshoe scarfpin; lost in or near drug store, corner of 88th St. and Broadway; liberal reward. Charles Tyree, 527 West 34th St. Tel. 2000 Greeley.

LOST—A little flexible diamond chain bracelet, Liberty Theatre, Knickerbocker Hotel; reward. Mrs. Herbert McBride, Hotel Devon, 70 West 55th.

LOST—Bar pin, containing five diamonds set in individual gold rose settings; liberal reward for return. H. Weissenbach, 308 West 114th St.

LOST.—Platinum diamond studded watch and gold bracelet, C. D. Peacock on face. Return to M. Flynn 104 West 49th St. Liberal reward.

LOST—Diamond brooch, Bronx Park, boathouse; Saturday night; gift of dead parent; reward. Harver, 2,953 Bainbridge Av., Bronx.

LOST—April 16, watch fob and Phi Beta Kappa key; name engraved; reward. Notify E. E. Pierce, Hackley, Tarrytown, N. Y.

LOST.—Gold watch chain and cigar cutter, bearing name Channing Pollock; valuable for association; reward. 124 West 47th St.

LOST—Gold watch and fob, lost April 16; initials "M. A. P." Liberal reward. Return to 22 West 46th. Wexler.

LOST, (High reward paid.)—Marquise ring, sapphire and diamonds. 41 West 37th St. Brinhard.

LOST.—At circus Wednesday, child's gray silver fox fur collar; reward. 46 West 47th St.

LOST.—On 53d St., $10 bill. Return to cashier, The Warrington, 161 Madison Av. Reward.

LOST.—Kodak pictures, Madison Av near 62d St. Return 35 East 62d St. Reward.

$500 REWARD
FOR DIAMOND BAR PIN,
containing 8 stones in platinum setting; lost April 16 in Philadelphia. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Avenue and 37th Street.

$100 REWARD—Lost, a flexible platinum, diamond bracelet. A. S., Apartment 510, the Belnord, 86th St. and Broadway.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Bulldog, fifty pounds, white, brown side of head, tail cut, License 25,295 on collar; last seen corner Albemarle and Ocean Pkwy., Brooklyn, April 14, 9 A. M.; reward. 2,103 Albemarle Road, Brooklyn.

LOST—French brindle bull, 7 months old; answers to the name Chaser; male dog; lost Wednesday between 4 and 5 o'clock; reward offered. 460 West 147th. Dr. Wilson.

LOST—Boston bull, dark brindle, white face and chest, kink tail, bat ears; answers to name of Rumy; lost April 16. Reward if returned to 407 West 22d St.

LOST.—A small white Spanish poodle; answers to name of Puppy; reward. Return to Rhinock, "Stratford on Avon," 93d and Riverside Drive.

Automobile Exchange

Auto purchasers buying cars in the $1,000, $2,250, and $2,500 class can make profitable deal with wholesale representative pending the appointment of a local agent. The profit allowed the dealer will be allowed you if you buy now. We do this to make car known quickly, and if you are broad-minded enough to judge on its merit you will snap up these bargains. D., Box 5, Station N, New York City.

For Sale.—A 5-ton 1912 Mack dumping truck automobile for contractor or coal dealer; this truck has been used only one season and is in very fine condition. Price and terms can be had from A. J. Barbour, 315 Coal Exchange Bldg., Wilkesbarre, Penn.

Cosmo, (Auto Renting Department,) the best and most reliable auto renting service in the city; all new cars; by the hour, week, or month. 131 West 42d. Phone 6633 Bryant.

Premier touring; fully equipped and overhauled; four cylinder; $600.
Premier Co., 19 West 62d.

7-passenger Pierce-Arrow touring car, 1909. 6-48, for sale; no reasonable offer refused. J. S. Loucheim, 1,440 Broadway.

Reo roadster; torpedo foredoor; late model, equipped; $450.
Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Fifty slightly used cars of all makes taken in exchange; $150 up.
R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d St.

Reo the Fifth, 1912, centre control; equipped like new; bargain.
Reo, 19 West 62d.

Premier six cylinder; ran less than 4,000 miles; equipped; bargain.
Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Auto truck, 2 ton, new, never used; cost $3,000; will sacrifice for cash. Address L. N., 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

1910 Cadillac in A1 condition; fully equipped; $625 to quick buyer; bargain. Baldwin, 516 West 145th St. 2177 Audubon.

16th St., 5 West.—Bachelor apartments, skylight studios, or room and bath; all improvements; references required.

Brand new 7-passenger Premier touring; expert driver; reasonable rates; private. Telephone 821 Melrose.

For Sale—Reo Touring and Renault touring car; very cheap. H. Wiener, 337 East 48th St.

Cadillac five passenger; fully equipped; $350.
R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d.

Reo 1912, model R; fully equipped; $900.
R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d.

Automobiles for Rent.

For Hire.—Elegant Packard touring, hourly, monthly. Verlangieri, 532 West 122d St. 7670—Morningside.

For Hire.—Packard 1912 touring and landau-let; 7 passenger; prices reasonable. 'Phone 7845 Columbus. Williams, 143 West 51st St.

PACKARD TOURING CARS FOR HIRE.
Anywhere, any time; reasonable. Phone 5754 Riverside. GILLETT-JOHNSON CO.

Just out of factory to-day, magnificent touring Packard, hour, day, week, month; owner drives. Murphy, 4213—Tremont.

For Rent.—Packard touring car, hour, day, month, season; to country. Tel. 1110 Aud.

Automobile Painting.

Send for card showing standard prices for high order automobile painting; we have one price only. Moore & Co., 647 West 50th St. Phone 5789 Columbus.

Automobile Storage.

We store limousine bodies at $5 monthly; fine, dry, clean space. Moore & Co., 647 West 50th St. Phone 5789 Col.

Automobile Supplies.

OILS.—Hygrade auto oils, 20c. per gallon. Telephone 2967 Morningside for trial barrel.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED.—Two second-hand Motor Stages in first-class order, 18 to 20 passengers each. Address William Simonson, Mineola, Long Island, N. Y.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE ACADEMY, 233 W. 54TH ST.
Booklet explains WHY our course is best. Inspect our plant and be convinced.

Boats, Engines & Accessories.

Two Meitz & Weiss 18 H. P. oil engines, with generator and full equipment; engines in first-class operating condition; must sell because they are too small for present need. Apply or write Ward Motor Vehicle Co., Concord Av. and East 143d St., Bronx. Tel. Mel. 8300.

Opportunity!! Will exchange 50 H. P. commercial auto, excellent condition, fully equipped, for cruiser cabin motor boat; act quick. Gray, 3,537 3d Av. 3290 Tremont.

Attention.—Your opportunity to secure open launch; 26-foot; speed, 8 miles; complete equipment; excellent condition; sacrifice price. Smith, 436 Pearl St.

Bargain! For sale, raised deck cruiser, 27x7½, 12 H. P.; Bridgeport engine; quick sale. F. J. Munch, 260 William St. Tel. 3630 Beekman.

Bargain.—18-foot launch; 1912 Palmer engine; complete equipment; quick sale. George Searby, 156 William St.

Exchange excellent property on cash basis for 60-foot powerboat or houseboat for family use. Z 180 Times.

Public Notices

Creditors of Oppenheim Bakery, Inc., 1,363 5th Av., Manhattan, N. Y. C., will take notice that the undersigned will purchase the business at the above address on the 24th day of April, 1913, at 4 P. M., at the office of Max Solomon, 5 Beekman St., N. Y. City. JOSEPH KRAUTHAMER, MAX STOLZBERG.

ON AND AFTER THIS DAY WILL NOT be responsible for any bills other than those contracted by me. Edw. W. Labelle.

Musical.

WANTED.—Boys with voices for church; salary and training. Choirmaster, N. Y. Times.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Desirable, furnished single, double rooms; superior table; references; table guests; Southerners accommodated.

53D ST., 37 EAST, (near Madison Av.)—Room, with board; table board; references.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,047, (122d.)—Airy rooms, newly decorated; excellent board; hot water supply; references.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

44TH, 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, with home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites with private baths; steam heat, elevator, and telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. Phone 6068 Bryant.

53D, 57 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; superior cuisine; table guests; moderate; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references.

57TH ST., 351 WEST.—Large, small rooms; good board; reference; telephone.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms, board; private baths; families; convenient cars; reasonable.

70TH, 30 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms with board; every convenience; refined home.

71ST ST., 206 WEST.—Attractive rooms; large, private house; liberal table; fresh fruits and vegetables; desirable location Spring and Summer; convenient express Subway; reasonable; references.

71ST ST., 120 WEST.
Attractive rooms; all conveniences; table guests accommodated.

73D, 181 WEST.—Ideal Summer location; double and single rooms; excellent table; reduced rates.

73D, 155 WEST.—Double and single rooms; every convenience; excellent table; phone; moderate.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Sunny rooms; generous table; parlor dining; reasonable; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable room, single or double; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
NORECE HALL AND THE BONHEUR.
RESIDENTIAL HOTELS.
ATTRACTIVE—UNUSUAL—HOMELIKE.
SOUTHERN COOKING; WHITE SERVICE.
Out-of-town guests accommodated; references. Write for booklet.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable, large and small rooms; electricity; home environment; generous table; references.

80TH ST., 143 WEST.—Large and small rooms, adjoining bath; inducements to business people; references.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.
Large, small rooms; excellent board. Schuyler 8510.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—First flight front room; bay windows; parlor floor, bath; excellent board.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room; private bath; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

95TH, 50 WEST.—Near Park, "L." Sub. express; only few accommodated; cuisine Francaise; references.

95TH, 65 WEST, Rozelle.—Convenient Central Park, Subway, "L;" exceptional cuisine and service; references.

95TH, 62 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; parlor dining room; superior cuisine; table guests; moderate.

102D ST., 316 WEST.—Large front room, with bath and board, with private family owning beautiful home near Riverside; Southern cooking; electric light; butler service; those wishing refined surroundings will appreciate opportunity. Phone 6073 Riverside.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Attractive rooms, second, third floor; private bath; bachelors; couples; Riverside; Subway; table.

113TH, 611 WEST.—In private family, near drive, two handsomely furnished rooms, single or en suite, with or without board. Apartment 61.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Unsurpassed table board; business gentlemen preferred; also rooms. Phone Morningside 8136.

122D, 520 WEST.—Large front rooms, suitable for two; all conveni

LONG CHASE TO GET CIGAR SHOP THIEVES

Police Believe They Have Captured Gang That Robbed Score of United Stores.

TRACED BY 'PHONE CALLS

Three, Fleeing from City, Taken by Sleuths in New Rochelle After Auto Pursuit.

With the arrest of four men yesterday the police believe that they have captured the gang that robbed more than a score of shops of the United Cigar Stores Company in this city in the last few months. Three of the men were identified later by clerks of the robbed shops.

A woman also was arrested, and it was through the efforts of one of the gang to reach her by telephone that three of the men, who had escaped from the city after the detectives got on their trail, were found in New Rochelle and brought back to Police Headquarters here. The man responsible for this slip was John McDonald, also known as "Johnnie McDonnell," "Philadelphia Johnnie," and "John E. Gray," who, Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty asserted, had a long criminal record. He was the leader of the gang, Mr. Dougherty said. At that McDonald almost gained his freedom, for none of the cigar store clerks was able to identify him, and he was released when arraigned with the others in the West Side Court yesterday afternoon before Magistrate Kernochan. As he was leaving the court building in West Fifty-fourth Street he was rearrested by Detective Moore.

The other men gave their names as Charles Truax, 26 years old, a chauffeur; Frederick H. Clark, 28 years old, a steamfitter, and Joseph S. Duval, 27 years old, a boxing manager. The bail for each charge made against them was fixed at $5,000 by the Magistrate. Truax was charged with being implicated in three of the robberies. The woman, who said she was Dorothy Gray, 25 years old and a telegraph operator, was held as a suspicious character at Police Headquarters, but later, as no direct evidence was obtained against her, she was released.

After weeks of hard work which seemed to lead nowhere Mr. Dougherty's men struck a warm trail at 8 o'clock on Thursday evening. In practically all the cigar store robberies a certain kind of fine, pliable picture wire was used to bind the clerks who offered resistance when they found themselves confronted by the armed thieves. The detectives finally learned that four men had purchased wire of this kind on several occasions at a picture store in Seventh Avenue, near Fifty-second Street. On Thursday night a telephone message brought the news to Police Headquarters that three of the men were in the store. Detectives Charles and Daniel Kerr, Fitzpatrick, Flaherty, McLaughlin, and Moore were rushed to the place.

The men were leaving the store when the detectives arrived on the scene. Shadowed by Dougherty's men they headed downtown in Seventh Avenue and entered several cigar stores, but found customers in each of them, and quickly went away. Shortly after 9 o'clock they arrived at the Lyceum Hotel, at 139 West Forty-fifth Street. The detectives had no direct evidence, and decided to wait for them to reappear. After watching the hotel for an hour they determined to risk a mistake, and entered. They found the apartment rented by the men empty, and an investigation showed that the three had departed by means of a rear fire escape. They made their way to Seventh Avenue by breaking through an apartment house in the rear of the hotel. It was on a technical charge of burglary connected with this getaway that McDonald was rearrested after being released by Magistrate Kernochan, the police said.

The detectives then decided that the best course was to remain on watch at the hotel, and the clerk promised to aid them. Late in the night the telephone bell at the hotel rang, and the clerk told the detectives that one of the three was calling from a hotel in Tremont Avenue, and wanted to speak to either Dorothy Gray or Duval. Detectives Moore, Fitzpatrick and Daniel Kerr jumped into a taxicab and started for the saloon, while the others waited at the hotel. They got to the saloon three minutes after the men had left.

Kerr kept in touch with the Lyceum Hotel, and an hour later learned that one of the gang had called up again, this time from Mount Vernon, and had asked for the woman. The sleuths hurried on to Mount Vernon and again found they were too late. There was another wait, this time of nearly four hours, and then Kerr learned that a third call had been received at the Lyceum, and that the men he was after were in New Rochelle. It was daylight then, and they pushed on toward New Rochelle in their automobile. As they were speeding down the main street at 7 o'clock they passed a trolley car, and Kerr glanced at it.

"There they are," he exclaimed. "There they are in the front of the car!"

The detectives stopped the trolley car and, drawing their revolvers, placed the three under arrest. The men offered no resistance when they saw the revolvers. Handcuffed to the detectives they were brought back to Police Headquarters. In the meantime Duval and Dorothy Gray, who had returned to the hotel, ignorant of what had happened, were taken into custody.

Truax, Duval, and Clark were first identified by clerks of several of the stores which were robbed, while they were in Mr. Dougherty's office. At 3 o'clock the four men were taken to the West Side Court, where Magistrate Kernochan was sitting. August Jacobson, clerk of the United Cigar Stores Company's store at 662 Eighth Avenue, made a complaint against Truax and Duval, whom he accused of robbing the store on the morning of Feb. 23. There was a third man with them, he said, and they bound him with wire and gagged him and took $295 from the cash register. A complaint, almost similar in form, was made against Truax by Albert Berger, clerk in the store at 216 West Forty-seventh Street, just off Broadway, which was robbed on the morning of March 17 and $190 taken. Nathaniel Werner, clerk of the store at 322 Columbus Avenue, made a complaint against Truax and Clark. They got $288 from the store on March 26, he swore. The complainants testified that the thieves were armed with revolvers.

The police did their best to find a clerk who could identify McDonald, but in this they failed, and Magistrate Kernochan released him. Then Mr. Dougherty called Detective Moore to him and told him to rearrest McDonald as soon as he left the building. As the detective clamped the handcuffs on him McDonald said:

"I expected you to do this. But you can't get anything on me for that Columbus Avenue job, and you can't get me for any other. There's nothing against me."

In court Duval wanted to know if his trial could be held immediately. Finally he agreed to an adjournment in order to obtain counsel. The men were locked up in default of bail.

McDonald, according to Mr. Dougherty, was first arrested in Norfolk, Va., in 1898 with "Long Bill," a yeggman, on the charge of looting the safes in Post Offices at Barnwell, West Va., and Plymouth, N. C. He was sentenced to serve two years at Raleigh. Mr. Dougherty said. McDonald later turned private detective and worked in New York, Boston, and Philadelphia.

Amusement Advertisements on Page 11.

Country life? Tonic Mountain air an hour from New York? Yes! and easy luxury beside at

Briarcliff Lodge

Briarcliff Manor New York

Where you may find the more intimate refinements of comfort—service, pleasurable ease and a "retreat beautiful" for yourself and your family. It stands commandingly among the Westchester Hills, has adequate garage facilities, tennis, golf and horseback riding. As for automobiling (guest automobiles), the Westchester roads tell the story. Briarcliff Cream, Milk and Butter used at Briarcliff Lodge; also, fresh vegetables from Briarcliff Lodge Gardens.

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REACHED BY MOTOR along three routes: 1—Broadway to Scarborough. 2—Saw Mill River Road via Dobbs Ferry or White Plains to Briarcliff Manor. 3—From New Jersey: Nyack to Tarrytown, thence to Scarborough.

REACHED BY TRAIN over the main line of the New York Central to Scarborough Station, where Lodge automobiles meet principal trains. Also from terminus of 6th and 9th Avenue "L" at 155th Street to Briarcliff Manor Station.

The children are always welcome at Briarcliff Lodge

Attractive houses and building sites in the vicinity of the Lodge for sale and rent

Wallach Bros.

Broadway at 29th St. Open till 7 P. M.
246-248 W. 125th St. } Open
3d Ave., cor 122d St. } till 11 P. M.

Shepherd Checks—little black and white squares. Smarter than tacks, in sack suits and Norfolks, made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx, here at $18, $20, $22.50, $25 and up—

A Special Sale of Fancy Spring Overcoats at Broadway, cor. 29th St., ONLY. Coats formerly $18 to $35, now $14.50.

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Hosiery for Men

GOOD taste in hosiery is essential to every good dresser.
BETTER than TRUSO is not to be had.
BEST Appearance and Best Wear combined.

These three words sound the keynote of TRUSO success.
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Made to Measure, at

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This offering endures throughout this entire day.
Until 8 P. M. in the two downtown stores, and until 11 P. M. in the 42nd Street and Harlem Stores, orders will be taken.
At the hours named, there will close an event which has set a new record in high values and volume of business. *So come in before the closing*—or count yourself a loser.

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$13.50, $15 & $17

Regular Values $18, $20, $22.50 & $25.
These Values are Positively Guaranteed.

Young Men's English Soft Roll, Patch Pocket Models & Norfolk Suits

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All about town these suits are selling at $25 and $35. They are absolutely the newest, most exclusive styles now in favor with smart young men.

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Sizes 7 to 18. Cheviots, cassimeres and Blue Serges. Many with extra knickers. $5

(Children's Clothes at 841 Broadway and Harlem Stores Only.

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Sizes 15 to 22 years, for 31 to 38 chest.
Velours, Cassimeres and Serges..... $10

$5 & $6 English Stripe Pure Worsted Trousers

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Nearly 10,000 High Grade Shirts

Regularly $1.50 and $2 Soft Cuff and Plaited Bosom Styles..... 85c
Six for $4.75

$7.50 & $10 Rubberized Raincoats

Gray Tweed and Tan..... $5

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265 Broadway, Near Chambers St. Opposite City Hall.
841 Broadway, at 13th St. Near Union Square.
119 West 42d St. Near Broadway. Open Evenings.
154 East 125th St. Near 3d Ave. Open Evenings.

E&W SHIRTS

New Spring Patterns

AT ALL GOOD STORES

$1.50 to $10.00

FOR THE MAN WHO DEMANDS FIT, STYLE AND SERVICE

EARL & WILSON
Makers of Red-Man Collars.

FOUNDED 1827 **Arnold. Constable & Co.** FOUNDED 1827

Prices Are Special for Today

Special Saturday Sales

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

500 Raincoats for Men and Women

200 Men's Raincoats

Priestley's Celebrated Cravenetted Gaberdine Coats. The most practical all round Raincoat. Contains no rubber but is absolutely rainproof and can be used as a top coat, motoring, driving, or for travel or general utility wear. They are exquisitely tailored and finished throughout, and are shown in the latest English models in new tan shades. Regular Price $16.50 — 12.75

300 Women's Raincoats

Made of Priestley's Celebrated English Waterproof "Roseberry." An absolutely rainproof fabric, containing no rubber; is exquisitely soft and silky, fast dye, light in weight, packs into a very small compass. Two smart new Spring models—Raglan or set in sleeve and convertible collar. Tan, Blue and Black; sizes 14 to 44. Regular $12.50 quality — 8.75

High Grade Carpets

At Great Reductions from the Regular Prices

500 pieces Best English and Domestic Body Brussels; also Velvets and Axminsters of Standard makes; all from our regular stock suitable for every class of furnishing,

at 1.00, 1.10, 1.25 and 1.35 yard

Formerly $1.65, $1.75 and $2.00.

300 Domestic Axminster Rugs

in entirely new designs and colors, just received from the factory and adapted to all requirements, at the following Very Special prices:

Size 4.6x7.6.	Regularly $9.00.	Now	7.25
Size 6.0x9.0.	Regularly $15.00.	Now	12.50
Size 8.3x10.6.	Regularly $22.00.	Now	18.75
Size 9.0x12.0.	Regularly $25.00.	Now	21.00

SPECIAL LOT OF 350

Made-up Carpet Rugs

in odd sizes, of Best Wilton, Brussels, Velvet and Axminster Carpets in most desirable patterns and colors for all requirements. The approximate sizes being:

Size 4.6x 6.0	6.00	Size 4.6x 8.0	7.50
Size 6.9x 6.0	12.00	Size 6.9x11.0	15.00
Size 8.3x11.0	17.50	Size 9.0x12.0	25.00
Size 10.6x12.0	30.00	Size 10.6x14.0	35.00

Mohair Rugs

in solid colors: Reds, greens, blues, etc., at the following special prices:

Size 18x36 inch.	Regularly $2.00	Now	1.50
Size 24x48 inch.	Regularly $3.25	Now	2.60
Size 30x60 inch.	Regularly $5.50	Now	4.00
Size 36x72 inch.	Regularly $7.50	Now	6.00

Oriental Rugs

An offering of more than ordinary interest. Hundreds of select Oriental Rugs and Carpets from our regular high grade stock, including many rich antique pieces of unusual beauty at a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent.

500 CAUCASIAN AND KHURDISH WEAVES—Soft colors and silky. Average size 3.8x6.6. Regular prices $20.00 to $55.00. *Now* 13.50 to 35.00

200 KERMANSHAHS AND SAROUKS—Average size 4x6.8. Regular prices $80.00 to $150.00. *Now* 52.50 to 100.00

100 SILKY BELUCHISTANS AND AFGHANS—Most useful sizes 2.6x4.6. Regular prices $18.00 to $50.00. *Now* 12.50 to 30.00

200 FINE CABISTANS AND DAGHESTANS—Fine texture, very rich colorings. Average size 4.0x6.0. Regular prices $45.00 to $75.00. *Now* 30.00 to 50.00

50 SILK RUGS—Beautiful allover and prayer designs. Average size 4.0x6.0. Regular prices $100.00 to $160.00. *Now* 64.00 to 87.00

200 CARABAHS—Choice lot of designs. Average size 3.0x3.4. *Now* 6.50 to 9.00

Carpet Sizes

At One-third off the following regular prices.

100 FINE GRADE INDIA AND TURKISH CARPETS—Very select and appropriate designs and colors for living and dining rooms, also for country houses, clubs, hotel lobbies and offices—will stand unusual wear.

Size 6x 9 110.00 Size 8x10 160.00 Size 9x12 220.00
Size 10x14 285.00 Size 12x15 370.00 Size 12x18 435.00

Other sizes at proportionate prices.

25 RARE ANTIQUE BIJARS—Exceptional qualities, in soft shades of old blue, ivory and reds—sizes ranging from 8x12 to 11x19. Formerly $600.00 to $1,500.00. Now 350.00 to 1000.00

Blouses and Waists

A number of very striking new models. Unusual values

CHIFFON CLOTH BLOUSE over fine shadow lace—Silk collar with double frill. Regularly $16.50 — 13.50

CHIFFON CLOTH BLOUSE trimmed with fine lace and white crepe chiffon. Reg. $13.50 — 10.00

IMPORTED CREPE, hand embroidered. Made in blouse model with hemstitching. "Washable." Regularly $10.00 — 7.50

CREPE - DE - CHINE BLOUSE — Robespierre collar and double frill. Regularly $6.00 — 4.95

JAP. SILK WAISTS AND BLOUSES—Trimmed with hemstitching and lace. Regularly $5.75 — 4.50

VOILE BLOUSE—With new fancy collars and lace trimming—silk tie. Regularly $3.00 — 2.00

WAISTS AND BLOUSES—Voile and batiste, all white and with new color introductions. Regularly $2.00 — 95c

Umbrellas

MEN'S UMBRELLAS—Sterling trimmings on high grade handles; heavy fine quality twill silk; 8 rib paragon frames. Regularly $4.00 — 2.95

WOMEN'S UMBRELLAS—Sterling trimmed handles of popular shapes; heavy twill silk; unusually well made. Regularly $3.50 — 2.35

Leather Goods

RATTAN SUIT CASES—Brown and natural, bound edges, real leather corners and handle, shirred pockets; light and strong. Regularly $5.00 — 3.95

TRAVELLING BAGS—Black walrus of excellent quality, unusually well made and newest shape; leather lined. Reg. $14.50 — 10.75

PULLMAN SLIPPERS—Black and tan kid, folding style with case; all sizes. Regularly $2.25 — 1.50

Children's Apparel

One-third less than usual prices.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES—Ginghams and repps; choice styles. — 3.75

CHILDREN'S DRESSES—French linen; hand embroidered. — 5.75

CHILDREN'S DANCING FROCKS—White voile; hand embroidered; real lace yoke. — 11.50

CHILDREN'S COATS—Navy serge and shepherd's checks; smart combinations and colorings. — 13.50

Exceptional Selection of Kimonos

Newest Spring and advance Summer models in fashionable materials.

KIMONOS—Flowered or plain Cotton Crepes. Regularly $1.25 and $1.75 — 95c, 1.25
KIMONOS—White Dotted Swiss, with colored dot. Reg. $2.50 — 1.95
KIMONOS—Fine colored Lawn, stripes and figures. Reg. $3.75 — 2.75
KIMONOS—Dotted Swiss and fancy Muslins. Reg. $6.00 — 4.50
KIMONOS—Dotted Swiss; fine Val. lace trimmed. Reg. $7.75 — 6.50
KIMONOS—Albatross; Empire model. Reg. $6.50 — 4.95
KIMONOS—Albatross and French Challies; handsomely trimmed. Reg. $7.50 — 5.95
KIMONOS—Flowered Silk, ribbon trimmed. Reg. $5.00 — 3.95
KIMONOS—Crepe de Chine (slip-on) Reg. $8.50 — 6.45
KIMONOS—Habutai Silk, accordion pleated silk. Reg. $9.50 — 7.50

Also a number of Novelties and Copies of High Class Parisian Models in Voiles, Crepe de Chines, Charmeuse and Brocades at proportionately attractive prices.

Misses' Apparel

MISSES' TAILORED SUITS—New model coat of French serge, shepherd's check and English mixtures. 14 to 20 yrs. Value $30.00 — 21.50

MISSES' TAILORED SUITS—Copy of a Poiret model in navy serge; most attractive combinations. 14 to 18 yrs. Value $42.50 — 33.50

MISSES' WOOLEPONGE COATS—Copy of a Cheruit model; most attractively lined; colors rose, navy and Copenhagen. Value $30.00 — 23.50

MISSES' WHITE VOILE DRESSES—for graduation and confirmation; high class models, handsomely trimmed with lace. Values $20.00, $28.50 — 14.50, 18.50

Parasols

GREEN SILK PARASOLS—Fine quality taffeta silk; gilt frames and mission handles. Regularly $2.50 — 1.75

Veiling and Veils

In every desirable color; also White and Black

CHIFFON VEILING—18 inches wide. Reg. 65c yd. — 45c

CHIFFON VEILING—27 inches wide. Reg. 95c yd. — 65c

MARQUISETTE VEILS—Rain and dust proof. Regularly $2.25 and $3.75 each — 1.75 and 2.95

Neckwear, &c.

FICHUS—Plain net, fine plaiting net all around. Regularly $1.25 — 1.00

PLAITINGS — Fancy shadow lace, fine net and batiste; white and cream; various widths. Regularly 55c — 45c

LACE COLLARS — New shapes, fine and heavy laces. Regularly 85c to $3.75 — 65c to 3.10

SASHES—Roman striped, corded silk, deep fringed ends. Regularly $4.00 — 3.65

CORSAGE BOUQUETS and Boutonnieres, Orchids, Gardenias and small bouquets. Regularly 55c — 45c

Gloves

For Women and Misses

GLACE—20 button length. White only. Regularly $4.50 pair — 3.25

GLACE—16 button length. White only. Regularly $3.50 pair — 2.15

GLACE—1 clasp PK. all white and white with black stitching. Regularly $1.50 — 1.15

DOESKIN—1 clasp. White only. Reg. $1.25 pair — 95c

Long Silk Gloves

16 BUTTON LENGTH—Pure silk, extra quality. Black and white. Regularly $1.25 pair — 90c

Men's Shirts

TAFFETA FLANNEL—Newest Spring and Summer shirting patterns. Made with linen neckbands and double soft cuffs for every day use. Non-shrinkable. Sizes 14 to 18. Regularly $3.00 — 1.45

Men's Nightwear

PAJAMAS—Fine quality, all plain and self colors. Made from extra grades of plain and pebble weave mercerized fabrics. Clover leaf frogs and pearl buttons. Reg. $2.00 and $2.50 — 1.35

CAMBRIC NIGHT ROBES — Fine quality Spring weight, made with surplice necks. Regular neck sizes with extra wide and long bodies. Sizes 15 to 20. Regularly $1.25 — 90c

Men's Hose

BLACK LISLE—From our regular stock. Special qualities of medium and sheer weights. Extra spliced soles and high heels. Regularly 50c pair — 25c

Hosiery For Women and Misses

PURE THREAD SILK—Reinforced cotton soles with silk or cotton garter welt. Black only. Regularly $1.35 pair — 95c

LISLE—Medium and gauze. Black with white or colored embroidered insteps. Reg. 50c pair — 25c Pair

GAUZE LISLE—Black or white. Open work insteps. Reg. 50c and 75c pair — 6 for $1.40

COTTON—Medium weight soft finish, plain black. Regularly 35c pair

Children's Hose

SOCKS — Fancy stripes and plaids, all desirable colorings and designs. Reg. 35c and 50c pair — 6 Pairs

RIBBED HOSE — Black or tan, double soles, heels and toes, very elastic. Regularly 25c pair — 95c. By the box only.

Women's Coats

50 COATS—Consisting of eponge, faille De Laine and mistral, all attractively lined; latest fashionable shapes and colors, including black. Regularly $32.50 — 23.50

25 OUTING COATS—Suitable for beach or piazza wear; made of English woolens; black and white stripe. Value $20.00 — 12.50

Broadway & 19th Street